

US Army Corps of Engineers Construction Engineering Research Laboratories

AD-A277 734

USACERL Technical Report FE-94/02

December 1993

Coal Conversion Strategies for the Army,
Installation Technical Assistance



S APR 03 1994

Coal Conversion at Picatinny Arsenal and Forts Campbell, Bragg, and Gordon: A Feasibility Study

by Mike C.J. Lin Lee Thurber Thomas Durbin Ronald Tarvin 94-10249

Public Law 99-190 requires the Department of Defense to increase the use of coal at its facilities in the United States. This study investigated the feasibility of converting oil- and gas-fired heating plants to coal firing at four Army installations: Fort Bragg, NC; Fort Campbell, KY; Fort Gordon, GA; and Picatinny Arsenal, NJ. Information on the energy systems at the selected sites was gathered by site visit and survey, and project life cycle cost (LCC) was computationally estimated.

The study concluded that, for the four installations, there would be a lower life-cycle cost (LCC) in maintaining the status quo than in building new plants. However, where new plant construction is planned, the larger the plants, the better its potential for cost-effectively using coal as a plant fuel. The use of coal at a new plant at Fort Bragg was found to be more cost effective than gas or oil, and may result in significant cost savings. For the other three installations studied, significant price increases in alternate fuels would be required before coal would become economically feasible (31 to 73 percent for gas, and 50 to 84 percent for #6 fuel oil).

DTIC QUALITY INSPECTED 8

Approved for public release; distribution is unlimited.

94 4 161

The contents of this report are not to be used for advertising, publication, or promotional purposes. Citation of trade names does not constitute an official endorsement or approval of the use of such commercial products. The findings of this report are not to be construed as an official Department of the Army position, unless so designated by other authorized documents.

DESTROY THIS REPORT WHEN IT IS NO LONGER NEEDED

DO NOT RETURN IT TO THE ORIGINATOR

USER EVALUATION OF REPORT

REFERENCE: USACERL Technical Report FE-94/02, Coal Conversion at Picatinny Arsenal and Forts Campbell, Bragg, and Gordon: A Feasibility Study

Please take a few minutes to answer the questions below, tear out this sheet, and return it to USACERL. As user of this report, your customer comments will provide USACERL with information essential for improving future reports.

1. wh	Does this report satisfy a need? (Comment on purpose, related project, or other area of interest for ich report will be used.)
2. ma	How, specifically, is the report being used? (Information source, design data or procedure, nagement procedure, source of ideas, etc.)
3. sav	Has the information in this report led to any quantitative savings as far as manhours/contract dollars red, operating costs avoided, efficiencies achieved, etc.? If so, please elaborate.
 4.	What is your evaluation of this report in the following areas?
	a. Presentation:
	b. Completeness:
	c. Easy to Understand:
	d. Easy to Implement:
	e. Adequate Reference Material:
	f. Relates to Area of Interest:
	g. Did the report meet your expectations?
	h. Does the report raise unanswered questions?

i. General Comments. (Indicate reports of this type more responsive	e what you think should be changed to make this report and future to your needs, more usable, improve readability, etc.)
5. If you would like to be contacted lor discuss the topic, please fill in the	by the personnel who prepared this report to raise specific questions following information.
Name:	
Telephone Number:	
Organization Address:	
6. Please mail the completed form to	:
Department of	f the Army

Department of the Army
CONSTRUCTION ENGINEERING RESEARCH LABORATORIES
ATTN: CECER-IMT
P.O. Box 9005
Champaign, IL 61826-9005

REPORT DOCUMENTATION PAGE

Ferm Approved
OMB No. 0704-0188

Public reporting burden for this collection of information is estimated to everage 1 hour per response, including the time for reviewing instructions, searching existing data sources, gathering and maintaining the data reacted, and completing and reviewing the collection of information. Send comments regarding this burden estimate or any other expect of this collection of information, including suggestions for reducing this burden, to Weshington Headquarters Services, Directorate for information Operations and Reports, 1216 Jefferson Davis Highway, Bullo 1204, Artington, VA 22202-4302, and to the Office of Management and Budget, Paperwork Reduction Project (0704-0188), Weshington, OC 20003.

1. AGENCY USE ONLY (Leave Blank)	2. REPORT DATE December 1993	3. REPORT TYPE AND DATES CO Final	VERED
4. TITLE AND SUBTITLE Coal Conversion at Picatinny Feasibility Study	y Arsenal and Forts Camp	obell, Bragg, and Gordon: A	5. FUNDING NUMBERS Reimbursable Order No. R-ARMY-TACOM
s. AUTHOR(S) Mike C.J. Lin, Lee Thurber,	Thomas Durbin, and Ror	nald Tarvin	
7. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION NAME(U.S. Army Construction Eng P.O. Box 9005 Champaign, IL 61826-9005		atories (USACERL)	8. PERFORMING ORGANIZATION REPORT NUMBER TR FE-94/02
9. SPONSORINGMONITORING AGENCY U.S. Army Center for Public ATTN: CECPW-FU-M Bldg 358 Fort Belvoir, VA 22060-5510	: Works (USACPW)		10. SPONSORING/MONITORING AGENCY REPORT NUMBER
11. SUPPLEMENTARY NOTES Copies are available from the 22161.	e National Technical Info	rmation Service, 5285 Port Roya	l Road, Springfield, VA
12a. DISTRIBUTION/AVAILABILITY STATE Approved for public release;			12b. DISTRIBUTION CODE
States. This study investigat Army installations: Fort Bra	ted the feasibility of conve agg, NC; Fort Campbell, I stems at the selected sites	se to increase the use of coal at is erting oil- and gas-fired heating p KY; Fort Gordon, GA; and Picat is was gathered by site visit and a	plants to coal firing at four inny Arsenal, NJ.
the status quo than in building	ng new plants. However,	ere would be a lower life-cycle of where new plant construction is g coal as a plant fuel. The use of	planned, the larger the

	• •	15. NUMBER OF PAGES 272
	_	16. PRICE CODE
18. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF THIS PAGE	19. SECURITY CLASSIFICATION OF ABSTRACT Linelessified	20. LIMITATION OF ABSTRACT SAR
	coal-fixed tec cost-effective	OF THIS PAGE OF ABSTRACT

Fort Bragg was found to be more cost effective than gas or oil, and may result in significant cost savings. For the other three installations studied, significant price increases in alternate fuels would be required before coal

would become economically feasible (31 to 73 percent for gas, and 50 to 84 percent for #6 fuel oil).

FOREWORD

This study was conducted for the U.S. Army Center for Public Works (USACPW), Fort Belvoir, VA, under a reimbursable Work Unit R-ARMY-TACOM, "Coal Conversion Strategies for the Army, Installation Technical Assistance." The USACPW technical monitor was James F. Donnelly, CECPW-FU-M.

The research was performed by the Energy and Utility Systems Division (FE), of the Infrastructure Laboratory (FL), of the U.S. Army Construction Engineering Research Laboratories (USACERL). Dr. Mike C.J. Lin was the USACERL principal investigator. Dr. David M. Joncich is Chief, USACERL-FE, and Dr. Michael J. O'Connor is Chief, USACERL-FL. The USACERL technical editor was William J. Wolfe, Information Management Office.

Special acknowledgement is given to the following persons at Fort Campbell, Fort Bragg, Fort Gordon, and Picatinny Arsenal, for their assistance in providing the needed information: at Fort Campbell, Dewayne Smith, Patty Teyhen, Judy Husdon, Dick Huser, Bill Joiner, Mike Chilton, Donald Terrell, Kay Gregory, Jack Thompson, Les Yarbourgh; Fort Bragg: Steve Smith, Mike Laurenceau, Glen Prillaman, Jimmy Thomas, Linwood Hill, Gene Gaskins, Jimmie Jude, Marvin Parker, Charles Nevers, Richard Smith, Bill Repsher, Dewy Suggs, Leroy Walker, at Fort Gordon, Curt Oglesby, Jerry Delaughter, Pat Arthur, Carlton Shuford, Jack Hayes, Ben Goins; at Picatinny Arsenal, Vernon Shankle, Vinni Kapoor.

LTC David J. Rehbein is Commander of USACERL and Dr. L.R. Shaffer is Director.

CONTENTS

			rage
	SF 298		1
	FOREWORD		2
1	INTRODUCTIO Background Objective Approach Scope)N	5
2	DOD Coal U Review of Ai Screening an Final Selection	RSION FEASIBILITY STUDY	7
3	CONCLUSIONS	S AND RECOMMENDATIONS	23
	METRIC CON	VERSION TABLE	23
	REFERENCES		24
	APPENDIX D: APPENDIX E: APPENDIX F:	Figures 1989 Installation Energy Consumption Report	A1 B1 C1 D1 E1 F1 G1
	DISTRIBUTION	v	

Accesio	n For	
NTIS	CRA&I	Ŋ
DTIC	TAB	
Unamo	ounced	
Justific	ation	
By		
A	vailability	Codes
Dist	Avail at Spec	
A-1		

COAL CONVERSION AT PICATINNY ARSENAL AND FORTS CAMPBELL, BRAGG, AND GORDON: A FEASIBILITY STUDY

1 INTRODUCTION

Background

The fiscal year 1986 (FY86) Defense Appropriations Act (PL 99-190) Section 8110 directed the Department of Defense (DOD) to establish a program to increase the use of coal at facilities in the United States to a target of 1.6 million short tons per year, over the 1985 coal consumption level, by 1994. The FY87 Appropriations Act (PL-500) Section 9099, continued this direction to implement the coal use program, and stipulated that such action should use the most life-cycle cost-effective fuel system. The language further stated that 300,000 tons of this amount should be ambracite coal. Subsequent Acts (FY88 PL 100, Section 8113, and FY89 PL 100-463, Section 8126) retained the direction toward the FY94 target for increased coal consumption, but added that the Department of Defense must comply with the life-cycle cost effectiveness criteria requirements of 10 USC 2690. House Report HR-101-345, accompanying the FY90 Defense Appropriations Act, stated that, "As a related issue, the conferees agree with Senate report language which directs the Department to continue, without modification, its efforts to increase domestic consumption of coal as outlined in the Department's letter signed by the Assistant Secretary of Defense for Acquisition and Logistics, dated August 30, 1985." To help the Army comply with these requirements, the U.S. Army Engineering and Housing Support Center (USAEHSC) requested that the U.S. Army Construction Engineering Research Laboratories (USACERL) provide technical studies and support for the Army's coal conversion program.

In general, coal is cheaper than gas or oil on a per-Btu basis, but coal-fired plants require considerably more capital and have higher operation and maintenance (O&M) costs due to coal/ash handling equipment and air pollution control devices not required with other fuels. A series of screening and life-cycle cost-estimating models have been developed to determine when and where specific coal combustion technologies could be implemented. Those specific plants that can be cost-effectively converted to coal (most likely the larger heat plants) must be identified. The first step in identifying and ranking potential sites for coal conversion is to collect information from installation heating plants and to conduct computer analyses with screening and costing models.

Objective

The objective of this study was to determine the technical feasibility and cost-effectiveness of converting selected central heat plants to coal-firing capability at four Army installations.

Approach

A literature search was done to locate other coal conversion studies, and an Air Force coal conversion study was reviewed. Criteria for selecting four installations for a detailed study were

A metric conversion table is included on p 23.

formulated, and Army installations were evaluated and scored accordingly. Based on the scores obtained from the evaluation, final selections were made. The selected installations were visited, and detailed plant data was collected. Plants were evaluated for possible coal conversion using the CHPECON and Status Quo software programs. The results of the evaluations were compiled and recommendations were made.

Scope

This work investigated the feasibility of coal conversion for four selected Army installations at a given point in time. Specific conclusions, recommendations, and cost estimates were based on assumptions (e.g., future base energy requirements, fuel price, and price escalation factors) that will likely change with time and advances in technology. However, the methodology and procedures used in this study can be extended to other federal facilities for similar studies.

2 COAL CONVERSION FEASIBILITY STUDY

DOD Coal Use and the Potential Conversion Sites

Table 1° lists the total DOD coal consumption during the past 7 years, including coal consumption in the Army, Air Force and Navy. To meet the Congressional directive, the DOD has to more than double its coal usage. The increase in coal use at the DOD, however, has not been significant since 1985. In 1991, the DOD consumed 3.4 percent more coal than it did in 1985. The Army consumed the largest amount of coal of the three services with about a 9 percent increase in coal consumption in 1991—the majority of which was used in facilities at the Army Materiel Command. However, the Navy's consumption increased only 3.2 percent, while Air Force consumption actually fell by 3.7 percent.

A survey conducted at the DOD identified the potential coal conversion sites. Table 2 lists the name and the potential increase in coal use for each sites (Salthouse 1987). The listing shows the Navy to have the highest potential for increased domestic coal consumption.

Review of Air Force Coal Conversion Work

The results indicated that coal firing was not economical for smaller industrial and commercial heating plants or plants with low load factors. A minimum value for annual fuel use was identified as a cut-off point (260 BBtu/year or 30 MBtu/hr average). Any plant using less fuel was dropped from consideration in the study. Heating plants known to have no boilers larger than 10 MBtu/hr were also eliminated. Only gas/oil-fired heating plants with an aggregate boiler capacity of 50 MBtu/hr or greater were considered. Twenty seven plants were found in 24 Air Force bases that met the capacity and fuel usage criteria. (The ORNL study listed only 18 coal burning plants in the Air Force.) There were three types of possible projects:

- 1. Those that use coal firing to meet base steam load, and gas/oil during high demand period
- 2. Those that use coal firing for all steam generation, but include a gas/oil backup burner
- 3. Those that cogenerate electricity and steam.

The first ORNL study (Wilkinson 1989) focused on category 1, using a commercial software package (Framework II)*** to develop a costing program that used algorithms based on recent cost studies, vendor information, and applicable reported costs of actual coal utilization projects. The program assumed conversion or replacement of one to three existing boilers with the same capacities. Sulphur dioxide (SO₂) and nitrogen oxide (NOx) emission regulation standards are assumed to be met by using low sulfur coal with good combustion control. A baghouse was assumed for particulate control. Economic evaluations were performed for the 27 heating plants and the results were presented. Micronized coal firing was found to be the most economic system. The ORNL report cautioned that more in-depth study would be needed to confirm this technology as the current best choice. The break-even gas/oil prices for all the plants ranged between 2.63 and 5.69 \$/MBtu. Ten heating plants showed cost savings (from 14.4 percent to 0.6 percent) using micronized coal technology.

^{*} All tables are included in Appendix A to this report; all figures are included in Appendix B.

The ORNL study produced four reports, cited fully in the reference section of this report (p 24): Griffin, et al. 1989; Holcomb and Griffin 1990; Thomas and Young 1989; and Wilkinson 1989.

Framework II is a registered trademark of Ashton Tate, 20101-T Hamilton, Torrance, CA 90413, tel. 213/292-1374.

This coincides with other Air Force studies that found these plants to be among the 12 sites recommended for further study, even before ORI/Guernsey performed the economic analysis (ORI, Inc. and C.H. Guernsey 1988) ORI/Guernsey selected seven Air Force Bases for detailed coal conversion study: Elmendorf, the U.S. Air Force Academy, Hill, Kelly, Robins, Arnold, and Plattsburgh. All seven of these AFBs were sites of heating plants selected by ORNL. The ORNL study concluded that conversion of 18 heating plants to coal would be required to meet Air Force's target of 600,000 tons additional annual coal consumption. This study also concluded that, to be cost effective, larger cogeneration projects must be considered.

A recent ORNL study (Holcomb and Griffin 1990) used approaches adopted by USACERL, and followed the life-cycle costing method and evaluation procedures set forth in the Federal Energy Management Program Rules. Both coal refit technologies and replacement boilers were considered. The study considered the following refit technologies: micronized coal-firing units; slagging pulverized coal burners; modular fluidized bed combustor (FBC) add-on units; stoker firing units; coal/water slurry, and coal/oil slurry units; and low-Btu gasifiers. Replacement boilers include packaged shell stokers, packaged shell FBCs, field-erected stokers, field-erected FBCs, pulverized coal boilers, and circulating FBCs. Results showed that, with micronized coal technology, it was economical to refit 15 heating plants at 15 Air Force bases. The benefit/cost ratio (the life-cycle cost [LCC] for continued gas/oil firing to the LCC for the coal utilization project) ranged between 1.262 and 1.039. After careful examination, 16 plants at 16 bases (Elmendorf, AK; Tinker, OK; Hill, UT; Robins, GA; Plattsburgh, NY; McGuire, NJ; USAF Academy, CO; Hanscom, MA; Arnold, TN; Grand Forks, ND; Andrew, MD; Kelly, TX; Minot, ND; Scott, IL; Dover, DE; and Pease, NH) were selected for possible coal conversion. If the coal projects were implemented in the 16 selected sites, an additional 334,800 tons/year coal consumption in Air Force would be achieved. The ORNL study concluded that cogeneration, plant expansion, and other types of projects must be explored as ways to expand coal use.

In October 1990, ORNL published cogeneration economic analysis results for seven Air Force bases (Hill, McGuire, Plattsburgh, Kelly, Griffiss, Grissom, and Wright-Patterson). The report recommended that feasibility studies of coal-fired cogeneration plants should be initiated for the three leading candidate bases: Hill, McGuire, and Plattsburgh. The benefit/cost ratios ranged between 1.25 and 2.82 based on the 10 percent Air Force financing method. It would consume additional 340,000 tons of coal per year.

ORNL recently assessed energy plant options for McGuire Air Force Base. Four options were considered: (1) to renovate the existing gas-fired boiler, (2) to build a new baseload (50 MBtu/hr) coal-fired heating boiler, (3) to build a coal-fired cogeneration steam plant (2x10 MWe*), and (4) to build a gas turbine cogeneration plant (3x6 MWe). Results indicated that a coal-fired heating boiler was economical, but a coal-fired cogeneration plant was not. A gas turbine cogeneration plant showed a small economic benefit (benefit/cost ratio about 1.08). A similar assessment at Andrews Air Force base showed that use of a new coal-fired heating boiler would be economical (benefit/cost ratio 1.45). Renovation and conversion to gas showed a small benefit (benefit/cost ratio 1.07). Neither a coal-fired cogeneration plant nor a gas turbine cogeneration plant were economical.

Other results from the several reports on the ORNL study were somewhat internally inconsistent, and more examination will be required to resolve the discrepancies between the several reports generated from the study. For example, one study on micronized coal retrofit (Thomas and Young 1989) assumed an unrealistically low price for a high quality fuel (1.5 \$/MBtu for coal with 0.1 percent ash and 0.25 percent sulfur).

^{*} MWe = MegaWatts of electrical generating capacity.

ORI Inc./C.H. Guernsey and Co. also conducted a study (1988) for the Air Force to evaluate the potential for applying conventional coal technology at 34 Air Force Bases. The study considered conversion or reconversion of existing boilers capable of burning coal, and the replacement or addition of new coal-fired boilers. The study also analyzed the 34 bases and identified candidates ranked by their potential for development of coal-fired facilities. An economic evaluation model was developed and applied to the candidate bases.

Each base considered was evaluated for its potential to develop four alternative types of coal-fired central heating plants, by: (1) reconverting to coal, (2) adding a coal boiler, (3) constructing a new coal boiler at a new site on-base, or (4) constructing a new coal boiler at a new site off-base. Also considered was the potential to develop three alternative coal-fired cogeneration plants: (1) a cogeneration unit at existing CHP, (2) a cogeneration unit at a new site on-base, and (3) a cogeneration unit at a new site off-base. A matrix was developed to screen the bases using the following categories: (1) coal availability, (2) coal-firing suitability, (3) cogeneration potential, and (4) environmental acceptability. The total possible points for each category was 100.

Points were assigned in the evaluation matrix as follows:

A. Coal availability to base:

- 1. Rail Long Haul (20 points)
- 2. Rail Short Haul (40 points)
- 3. Truck (40 points)

B. Coal capability of existing heating plant:

- 1. Boilers suitable for coal (Yes/No)
- 2. Plant expansion space (20 points)
- 3. Site for coal storage (20 points)
- 4. Site for cooling tower (10 points)
- 5. Rail access (10 points)
- 6. Truck access (10 points)
- 7. Coal-handling equipment (10 points)
- 8. Coal preparation equipment (10 points)
- 9. Ash-handling equipment (10-points)
- 10. Ash disposal (10 points)
- 11. Existing coal capability vs. load (10 points)
- 12. Water supply (10 points)
- 13. Access to central heating system (30 points)
- 14. Steam/hot water load characteristics (10 points)
- 15. Access to electric utility (10 points)

C. Cogeneration potential:

- 1. Electric utility acceptance (50 points)
- 2. Facility electric load (50 points)

D. Environmental

- 1. Air field operations (10 points)
- 2. EPA air quality compliance (30 points)
- 3. Wastewater discharge (20 points)
- 4. Noise (20 points)
- 5. Aesthetics (20 points)

Seven candidate bases were selected for economic analysis based on the matrix ranking: Elmendorf, USAF Academy, Hill, Kelly, Robins, Arnold, and Plattsburgh. Site visits were conducted and final matrix evaluations were made. Four of the candidate bases (Elmendorf, Robin, Arnold, and Plattsburgh) were ranked highly. The lowest total facility charges for conventional coal-fired installations at highly ranked candidate bases with 600,000 tons per year of coal consumption were:

Base	Alternative	Coal Usage (Tons/year)
Plattsburgh AFB	Co-gen, 17 MW	102,200
Elmendorf AFB	Co-gen, 22.5 MW	165,865
Arnold AFB	Co-gen, 75 MW	341,200
	Total	609,765

The ORNL and ORI/C.H. Guernsey study gave preliminary results only, and indicated that further engineering study may be warranted to confirm the economics.

Screening and Cost Estimation Tools

Army Installation Inventory Program

The first step to identify the potential Army sites for coal conversion is to collect the energy consumption data for each installation. The data can be obtained from the Defense Energy Information System (DEIS). This system was established to obtain energy consumption, inventory, and cost data from the services. The Department of the Army (DA) requires all Army installations to submit data to the Army DEIS Data Entry System (ADDS). Energy consumption is reported twice each month. The report is used at all levels of government for energy conservation evaluation and energy-related budgetary, procurement, and operational planning and decisionmaking. Appendix C lists the 1989 ADDS energy consumption report for the 226 Army installations in order of decreasing energy usage. Only installations located in the continental United States were considered for coal conversion. Table 3 lists 45 installations with average energy consumption of greater than 38 MBTU/hr in order of decreasing energy usage. For many installations, detailed heating plam data are not available. The initial focus of this study was to select four installations from the list for detailed feasibility studies.

Data on the selected installations was available through USACERL's Army Facility Energy Systems Inventory Program (INV) database, which was begun and has been updated since 1990. This inventory program is designed to hold energy and utility systems information for Army installations. This data can be used for reports about individual installations, to extract information about a large number of installations, or to supply data to other computer programs for further analysis. In the summer of 1990, a survey was distributed to installations in all the Army major commands (MACOMs) requesting detailed information about each installation, its heating plants, and its boilers. General information about each installation includes:

- 1. Building and land inventory
- 2. Climate and location information
- 3. Types of energy available, costs, and annual usage
- 4. Master planning information for the next 10 years
- 5. Information about emission standards.

The database resides on an IBM-compatible personal computer (PC). On starting the program, the user selects an installation from the list of 142. Through a series of pull-down menus and screens, the

user can view data on all aspects of the installation's energy systems. A report section enables the user to print out data on individual installations.

One important function of this database is to allow rapid access of energy and utility information for all the listed installations. The inventory programs have prewritten reports that enable the user to extract data by boiler manufacturer, size, fuel, age, and type of construction. The data itself is stored in dBase® format, a common personal computer database file format widely known and accessible via custom programs written by any programmer familiar with dBase software. Another important use of this data is to supply information for evaluating heating plant options.

CHPECON Program

The Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program (CHPECON) is a USACERL-developed computer program that provides the ability to perform evaluations of the life cycle costs of heating plants with Plant Maximum Continuous Ratings (PMCR) between 50 and 600 MBtu/hr comprised of individual boilers ranging from 20 to 200 MBtu/hr. Heating plant fuel choice includes coal, gas, and/or oil.

The first step in performing an economic evaluation with CHPECON is to provide answers to the screening models. The screening model allows the user to determine the suitability of an installation for a boiler plant of a particular technology. The evaluation can be performed for one of the following configurations:

- · new plant
- new plant with cogeneration (of electricity)
- new plant with third party (outside ownership) cogeneration
- new plant with consolidation of existing plants
- · retrofit of a heavy oil plant with a different technology.

The screening model data requirements include choice of military installation being studied, average monthly heating load, boiler technology, and fuel type. The boiler technology choices include:

- dump grate spreader stoker with or without fly ash reinjection
- · vibrating grate spreader stoker with or without fly ash reinjection
- reciprocating grate spreader stoker with or without fly ash reinjection
- travelling grate spreader stoker with or without fly ash reinjection
- travelling grate stoker
- chain grate stoker
- coal-oil slurry
- coal-water slurry
- bubbling bed
- · circulating bed
- gas/oil fired boilers.

The screening model also includes general questions about the plant, used to calculate a feasibility score that reflects the probability that the proposed plant can be constructed and operated economically. Appendix D lists the information needed to run the CHPECON program using the screening and costing models. Appendix E contains an example screening model report.

The second step in completing an economic evaluation of a facility is to run the cost model option of CHPECON. The cost model calculates costs for a plant using the screening model data. Cost model inputs include fuel prices, the fiscal year of evaluation, current escalation and discount rates, and the

expected life of the plant. The cost model calculates the cost of boiler fuel including transportation, auxiliary energy, operation and maintenance, and repair and replacement over the life of the plant. The cost model report includes itemized plant component costs, capital investment costs, year-by-year operating costs, total life cycle costs, and levelized plant costs (in \$/MBtu and \$/1000 lb steam). Appendix F contains an example long-form cost model report. Appendix G contains the shorter cost model report that summarizes the plant costs from the long form.

CHPECON offers two special options to expedite the analysis of plant options, the multiple run analysis, and the sensitivity analysis. Multiple run analysis allows the user to run combined screening/costing models for all the appropriate coal-fired technologies, and provides a list of life-cycle costs for all the technologies in order of increasing cost. Sensitivity analysis automatically varies eleven parameters to show their effects on the plant costs. The eleven parameters are: (1) primary fuel initial cost, (2) primary fuel escalation rate, (3) auxiliary energy cost, (4) O&M labor cost, (5) O&M non-labor cost, (6) repair/replacement cost, (7) initial investment cost, (8) existing salvage value, (9) new salvage value, (10) discount rate, and (11) plant life.

CHPECON uses seven databases: (1) coal field information, (2) acceptable coal properties (for combustion technology options), (3) military installation information, (4) boiler stack emission regulations, (5) equipment emission factors, (6) construction productivity and wage data, and (7) operations labor staffing and wage data. These databases can be updated from within the CHPECON program by choosing the "update databases" option. The system utilities option allows the user to set screen colors, set printer margins, reindex files, rebuild a case list from present files, read in new LCCID (Life Cycle Cost in Design) cost information, or set the values for sensitivity analysis.*

Both the inventory program and the CHPECON program are currently being modified so that CHPECON can extract data directly from the inventory program. This will enable analysis of future energy supply alternatives according to the most up-to-date data available.

CHPECON Costing Validation

Boiler cost data was compiled from the CHPECON program, the equations in the CHPECON manual, and from *Population and Characteristics of Industrial/Commercial Boilers in the U.S.* (USEPA 1979). Table 4 presents boiler cost data and Table 5 presents CHPECON cost validation data.

The boiler costs reported by the EPA in 1979 were escalated from 1979 dollars to 1991 dollars by using economic indicators from *Chemical Engineering* and *Engineering News Record*. In Table 4, the plant cost indexes for 1979 and the third quarter of 1991 were used to calculate a multiplier of (360.9/238.7) to escalate the cost of capital and fixed costs in Table 5 from 1979 dollars to 1991 dollars. The multiplier used to escalate O&M costs in Table 5 was (4538.8/2661.5). The multipliers should provide an accuracy of ±25 percent.

Individual boiler costs for various technologies and fuels from the USEPA study (1979) and CHPECON equations are compared in Table 4. Table 6 lists the items included in the boiler costs shown in Table 4. The values calculated with the CHPECON equations are reasonably accurate, though the CHPECON estimates rely on the plant maximum continuous rating (PMCR) and do not account for differences in fuel quality (which may create a need for additional equipment and pollution control).

For more information on the Life Cycle Cost in Design program, see Linda K. Lawrie, Development and Use of the Life Cycle Cost in Design Computer Program, TR E-85/07/ADA162522 (U.S. Army Construction Engineering Research Laboratory [USACERL], November 1985).

The cost per MBtu was calculated from the USEPA data and compared to the cost per MBtu for a system with three or four boilers of comparable size given by the CHPECON program in Table 5. The costs per MBtu (calculated by the USEPA and CHPECON were close in the cases with gas/oil boilers, but for coal-fired boilers the value calculated from the USEPA data was much smaller than the CHPECON estimate. The discrepancy in the cost per MBtu found in the coal-fired boiler cases may be attributed to the overestimation of the cost of some subsystems (such as coal and ash handling) by CHPECON and the omission of the cost of the boiler house and air pollution control equipment and supplies in the USEPA data. Due to the frequently changing nature of market place and technologies, constant updating of costs is desirable.

Status Quo Evaluation

Before building a new plant or renovating an old plant, a status quo evaluation is needed to provide a baseline for justification of change. USACERL has developed the Status Quo evaluation program, designed to run on an IBM PC or compatible computer, which allows users to input plant data to calculate the status quo plant life cycle cost (Savoie 1992). The Status Quo database maintains an inventory of the individual parts in a central heating plant along with their installation years, costs (in a specified year), and lifespan. It also keeps a record of the typical annual costs for operating and maintenance. This data is used to calculate the projected cost of operating the central heating plant (CHP) in future years.

The Status Quo program begins with a main menu that allows the user to enter data about a particular installation, to maintain files containing default costs and life expectancy of parts, to browse the raw datafiles, and to run prepared reports.

Menus always feature a choice of possible actions. The user will need to enter data for each plant. This is done from a hand-written inventory of approximately 100 items, which comprise the components of a boiler plant, such as boilers, relief valves, and expansion tanks. The written list contains the basic specifications for each item, its installation year, and an estimate of general condition. This is entered into the computer using the "Add Data" option. Default data is supplied by USACERL with the program, including the cost and life expectancy of the component parts of the boiler plant. These items may be modified as new data becomes available.

SQLCCID Reports

The SQLCCID program is intended to help the user determine the life cycle cost of an existing central heating plant operating under status quo conditions. It runs LCCID to determine these costs based on input entered through prompt screens, and data contained in the Status Quo database.

The new plant costs calculated by CHPECON for Building 650 at Fort Campbell were compared to costs calculated by the Status Quo program. Table 7 lists the results of this comparison. To create a fair comparison, it is necessary to revise the status quo evaluation by equalizing the labor, energy, insurance, and other costs so that new plant costs are not penalized. For example, the new plant option required an operating staff of 11, while the status quo option only requires an operating staff of 7. In reality, new plants should need fewer operators due to increased automation. The revised 25-year lifecycle costs show that maintaining the status quo costs about \$3 million less than building a new plant firing the same gas fuel.

Installation Selection Criteria and Ranking Scores

To help choose the installations for a detailed study, criteria were selected and used to compare installations. A point was assigned to each installation for each met criterion according to information

collected in the inventory surveys. Table 8 shows the criteria and the points assigned. The points were summed to determine the composite score for each installation, and the installations with high scores were considered for final selection.

The installations being considered for the coal conversion study and the relevant information are shown in Table 9. The actual points and composite scores for the installations are shown in Table 10. These scores were taken into consideration when selecting the four installations for detailed coal conversion studies.

Final Selection of Four Installations

Four installations were chosen for detailed study: Fort Campbell, Fort Bragg, Fort Gordon, and Fort Carson. Factors taken into consideration are ranking scores, installation service function (FORSCOM, TRADOC, AMC, and others), geographic location (DOE regions), recent installation fuel contracts, etc. Site visits were made for the first three installations. Due to an unexpected strong objection by the Deputy Directorate of Engineering and Housing (DEH) at Fort Carson just before the scheduled visit, the trip to Fort Carson was cancelled. Since a lot of information was available on Picatinny Arsenal from previous USACERL's work, and also to include an AMC installation, Picatinny was chosen to replace Fort Carson. The following section gives the results of detailed coal conversion study.

Results of Detailed Feasibility Study

Fort Campbell

Fort Campbell is located in southwestern Kentucky in Trigg and Christian Counties and in north-central Tennessee in Stewart and Montgomery counties. The installation falls within the Clarksville-Hopkinsville Standard Metropolitan Statistical Area, (SMSA) and contains 105,347 acres. The cantonment area is located adjacent to U.S. Highway 41-A about 8 mi. north of Clarksville, TN and 17 mi. south of Hopkinsville, KY. Summers are characteristically hot and humid with mean high temperatures of 89 °F and low temperatures of 68 °F. Winters are characterized by damp, mild conditions with a mean high of 45 °F and an average minimum of 28 °F. The annual precipitation is approximately 47 in.

The major occupant of Fort Campbell is the 101st Airborne Division. Other tenant units at Fort Campbell include the U.S. Army Medical Department Activity, U.S. Army Communications Command Agency, Defense Property Disposal Office, Military Intelligence Group, and the U.S. Army Criminal Investigation Command. In addition, Campbell Army Airfield is the home of several U.S. Air Force tenant units.

The main cantonment is located on the east end of the installation on the Kentucky-Tennessee state line. The cantonment area has administration, community support, troop housing, and family housing areas. Campbell Army Airfield is located at the northeast corner of the installation. The remainder of the installation is used for training, ranges, drop zones, and landing zones. The facilities range from WWII temporary construction to recent permanent construction. The facilities serve a military population of about 22,000. In addition there are about 10,000 civilian dependents in family housing and about 5000 civilian employees at the installation. The total effective population is estimated to be about 34,000 persons. The Master Plan did not mention any major environmental problems or endangered species at Fort Campbell. However, there are minor problems with erosion caused by training activities, and with solid waste disposal areas.

The utilities at this time are well suited to serve the installation population. Fort Campbell has its own water system, which obtains good quality water from an underground artesian aquifer. The average daily consumption is between 5 and 6 million gallons per day (MGD) with peaks sometimes as high as 8 MGD. The water treatment plant has a capacity of about 9 MGD. The water storage capacity is 2.75 million gallons. The main water feeder lines are 8 to 20 in. in diameter. The sewerage system is provided by an extensive system that feeds a trickling filter treatment plant. The treatment plant effluent is discharged to Little West Fork Creek. There is apparently an infiltration problem with the collection system. The majority of the storm runoff from the cantonment area of Fort Campbell and the airfield is drained by storm sewers and open ditches into eight major drainage basins, which discharge into natural creeks. The drainage basins may limit development in some areas of the installation. In the training and range areas, the storm drainage is natural. Electrical power is supplied to Fort Campbell, except for the Lee Village housing area, by the Tennessee Valley Authority (TVA) at 67,000 volts to a main substation with a 80,000 KVA rating. The Lee Village housing area is served by the Pennyrile Rural Electric Cooperative. 12,500 volt overhead distribution lines serve the cantonment area and some ranges. Electrical loads are about 40 to 50 percent of existing capacity. The Clarksville Gas and Water Department supplies Fort Campbell with natural gas through a 10-in. high pressure line.

Fort Campbell has 5 central heating plants and 28 smaller plants. The five central heating plants are duel fueled (natural gas and fuel oil). The smaller plants operate on natural gas only. There is limited use of electricity and LP gas for heating. The thermal distribution system is mainly buried pipe. Solid waste is disposed in a sanitary landfill with an estimated life of 5 or more years.

Based on the collected information, heating plant conversion options were evaluated by running the CHPECON and the Status Quo programs. Status Quo results for the heating plants in Buildings 650, 3902, 7008, 7223, and 858 are shown in Tables 14b to 17b.

Table 11 listed the boiler fuel, capacity, year installed, and present condition (higher rating number means better condition) for each boiler in all six buildings. The heating plant in building 157 is being demolished, and therefore, no evaluation was made. Energy use data for the other five heating plants are shown in Table 12. Note that the boilers in building 7223 only operated in winter time. Annual costs for utilities, service, and supplies were estimated based on results obtained from boiler plant evaluation in Picatinny Arsenal with appropriate sizing factors. Labor costs were calculated based on total number of plant operating staff and the average pay for the designated grade levels. The total operating expense (per thousand pounds of steam) is also listed for each plant. The estimated average is 7.67 \$/thousand pounds of steam, which is about 5 percent higher than the value reported by the installation (7.25 \$/thousand pounds of steam). The boiler plant parts list and the results of life cycle cost analysis are presented in Tables 13a through 17a.

Results obtained from CHPECON runs on new plant option using gas, oil, or coal are shown in Tables 18 and 19 for the plants in buildings 7008 and 3902 respectively. The PMCR was set to be equal to the existing plant maximum capacity, and the fuel usage rate was set to be equal to one third of the PMCR. Only plants with capacity greater than 50 MBtu/hr can be evaluated by CHPECON program, and thus plants in building 650, 7223, and 858 were not included. The LCC ratios relative to gas fuel (set at 100) are listed in the last column of Tables 18 and 19. The tables show gas to be the least-cost plant fuel, followed by #2 oil, #6 oil, and coal. For the plant in building 7008, in terms of the LCC, a new coal-fired stoker is most costly (2.3 times of the cost of a gas-fired plant) followed by a fluidized bed combustor (FBC), a coal oil mixture (COM) fired plant, and a coal water slurries (CWS) fired plant. For the larger size plant in building 3902, a new FBC is most costly (1.92 times of the cost of a gas-fired plant), followed by stoker plant, COM plant, and CWS plant. A detailed cost sensitivity analysis for a gas/#2 oil-fired boiler plant with capacity sufficient to meet the steam demand for the whole installation is shown in Table 20. The fuel price and electricity cost are set according to the DOE region price. The parameters

used for sensitivity analysis include primary fuel initial cost, fuel price escalation rate, auxiliary energy cost, O&M labor cost, O&M nonlabor cost, repair/replacement cost, initial cost, salvage value, discount rate and plant life. Their effects on the plant LCC are plotted in Figures 1 through 6 in terms of percent change in the LCC versus percent change in parameter value. These sensitivity plots show that fuel price and its escalation rate, discount rate, and plant life have the most significant effect on the plant LCC.

The cost sensitivity analysis for a #6 oil-fired boiler plant and a coal-fired stoker plant are shown in Tables 21 and 22 respectively. The sensitivity plots are presented in Figures 7 through 18. For a coal-fired plant, the effect of fuel price change has less impact on the plant LCC while the effect of initial cost becomes important. The levelized costs of service expressed in terms of \$/thousand pounds of steam, versus fuel price for gas, #6 oil, and coal are shown in Figure 19. The costs at different fuel prices are calculated from the results obtained in sensitivity analysis. For Fort Campbell, a DOE region #2 coal with a price of 1.53 \$/MBtu was selected, and from Figure 19, the breakeven gas price is found to be 5.2 \$/MBtu, and the breakeven #6 oil price is 5.8 \$/MBtu. This means that if the coal price remains at 1.53 \$/MBtu, and the gas/oil price goes above the breakeven value, then conversion to coal would make economic sense. However, for this to happen, it would be necessary to double the current gas/oil price for this region, which may require a relatively long period of time to achieve. But due to the highly volatile and unpredictable nature of fuel pricing, frequent examination of switching opportunity may be warranted. As long as the installation steam demand remains at the present level, the analysis indicates that continued use of gas as plant fuel is the best choice for Fort Campbell.

Fort Bragg

Fort Bragg is located in south central North Carolina just northwest of Fayetteville, NC. Pope Air Force Base is located adjacent and north of the main cantonment area. Camp Mackall, a subinstallation of Fort Bragg is located about 40 mi. to the west. Simmons Army Air Field is just to the east of the main cantonment. The area to the southwest is urban, and the remainder of the surrounding area is largely rural. Fort Bragg occupies an area of about 137,000 acres in Hoke, Cumberland, Scotland, and Richmond counties. With the exception of the cantonment area and scattered open areas, most of the installation is wooded. Fort Bragg has a humid subtropical climate with long hot summers and mild winters. The average mean daily ranges from 43 °F in January to 80 °F in July. Rainfall at Fort Bragg is well distributed and averages 4.7 in. per month. Snow and sleet normally fall only once or twice a winter.

The major occupants of Fort Bragg are the XVIII Airborne Corps, the 82nd Airborne Division, and the Special Operations Command. Other major tenants include the 35th Signal Brigade, the 20th engineer brigade, the First Corps Support Command, the 16th Military Police Brigade, the Dragon Brigade, and the 525th Military Intelligence Brigade. There are also community support facilities and Directorate of Logistics facilities.

The main cantonment is located on the east end of the installation near Fayetteville, NC. The cantonment area has administration, community support, troop housing, and family housing. The remainder of the installation is used for training, ranges, drop zones, and landing zones. The Camp Mackell area is used mainly for training. Pope Air Base is located to the north of the main cantonment and Simmons Army Air Field to the east. The facilities range from WWII temporary construction to recent permanent construction. The facilities serve an average population of about 64,000 with nearly 3300 buildings that total over 20 million sq ft. Historical areas at Fort Bragg include two areas that were battle sites in the Revolutionary War, and several Civil War battle sites. The installation has several endangered species, the most important of which is the red-cockaded woodpecker. Protection of the endangered species has a significant effect on future development and present use of the installation.

The 1986 Master Plan for Fort Bragg does not review the utilities, except to state that there were no problems. The potable water supply for Fort Bragg is drawn from the Little River. There is also a connection to the Fayetteville City water system. The main cantonment water treatment plant has a capacity of 10 MGD. The sewage treatment system has a capacity of 8 MGD.

Following the same procedures used for the Fort Campbell study, heating plant information is presented in Table 23 for the plants in building 4-3124, C-1432, C-7549, D-3529, E-2823, and N-6002. The first three plants produce steam while the last three produce high temperature hot water. Table 24 lists the energy use data. The plant in building C-7549 is not in use and the plant in 4-3124 is being closed; therefore, they are not evaluated. For Fort Bragg, the estimated average production cost is \$8.20/MBtu, about 27 percent higher than that at Fort Campbell (\$6.44/MBtu), and mainly due to higher gas/oil prices paid at Fort Bragg. The boiler plant parts list and the results of a life-cycle cost analysis are presented in Tables 30 through 37 for the plants in building C-1432, D-3529, E-2823, and N-6002.

Results from CHPECON runs are shown in Tables 29, 30, and 31 for the plants in building C-1432, D-3529, and N-6002. The plant capacity at building E-2823 is less than 50 MBtu/hr and thus was not evaluated.

Table 29 shows that, for the plant in building C-1432, a new coal-fired FBC has the least LCC, followed by stoker, gas, CWS, #2 oil, COM, and #6 oil. The gas and oil prices used were supplied by the base. However, note that, after Operation Desert Storm, oil prices have substantially declined. In general, large plant capacity in addition to high gas/oil prices would favor coal conversion. In this case, an average monthly steam load of 100 MBtu/hr is required to make the coal conversion worthwhile. Retrofitting the boilers for coal-stoker, CWS, or micronized coal firing can potentially result in LCC savings range between approximately \$170,000,000 and \$240,000,000 (Table 29). A more detailed engineering analysis is needed to confirm the savings since some existing equipment may need to be replaced or repaired. The CHPECON retrofit model is being enhanced to account for the fact that the estimated values from the current models tend to give higher savings due to the optimistic assumptions made in using the existing equipment.

Table 39 gives the results for the plant in building D-3529. Because the PMCR is considerably less (130,000 lb/hr), coal is no longer the cheapest fuel. Gas is the least expensive fuel followed by CWS, FBC, Stoker, #2 oil, #6 oil, and COM. For the smallest plant in building N-6002 (Table 31), gas remains the least-cost fuel, followed by #2 oil, #6 oil, and coal. As plant load decreases, coal use becomes uneconomical due to high capital investment required for coal plants. Tables 32 and 33 show the results for plants in building 4-3124 and C-7549. Gas is the most inexpensive fuel for the two plants.

Table 34 gives a detailed cost sensitivity analysis for a gas/#2 oil-fired boiler plant with enough capacity to meet the heating demand of the whole installation. The DOE region price is used for costing. The effects of the 11 parameters on the plant LCC are plotted in Figures 20 through 25. Similar to the Fort Campbell plots, fuel price and its escalation rate, discount rate, and plant life are all significant parameters.

Tables 35 and 36 give the cost sensitivity analysis for a #6 oil-fired boiler plant and a coal-fired stoker plant. The sensitivity plots are shown in Figures 26 through 31 for #6 oil plant, and in Figures 32 through 37 for coal plant. Figure 38 shows the levelized costs of service versus fuel price for gas, #6 oil, and coal. At Fort Bragg, the DOE region coal price is \$1.72/MBtu. From Figure 38, the breakeven gas and #6 oil prices would be \$3.7/MBtu and \$4.1/MBtu respectively. The breakeven prices are about 37 to 57 percent higher than the current DOE region prices. This indicates that coal could become cost competitive when gas or oil price increased by 37 or 57 percent while coal price remained the same. The likelihood that this would occur certainly would be higher than the Fort Campbell case, in which a 100

percent gas/oil price increase would have been necessary for coal to become cost effective. Plant size is the major economic driving force in switching to coal since the Fort Bragg plant is twice the size of the Fort Campbell plant (379,000 lb/hr versus 188,000 lb/hr). Note that, at Fort Bragg, the gas billing rates are \$4.50/MBtu for interruptable gas and \$3.92/MBtu for uninterruptable gas. The FY92 #6 oil price paid by DOD facilities is \$4.41/MBtu. Therefore, based on present gas/oil price paid by Fort Bragg and the DOE region coal price, coal would be the least cost fuel when a new plant producing 379,000 lb/hr steam is to be built. However, maintaining the status quo remains cheaper than building new plants. Note that a study conducted by JRB Associates in 1982 showed that the 25-year LCC (in 1982 dollars) with the status quo was \$148,787,900 while the LCC for a new boiler plant with three coal stokers was \$131,078,000. The status quo evaluation done in this study (in 1992 dollars) resulted in a \$155,927,643 life-cycle cost, or about 5 percent higher than the value provided by JRB Associates. The LCC for new gas plants by CHPECON runs amounts to \$202,079,538, which is 30 percent higher than the status quo estimation. Based on these results, switching to coal is not recommended unless a new plant, large enough to meet the whole installation demand, is to be built. Another important issue is that complications and additional costs may be incurred in dealing with the endangered species issue (the red-cockaded woodpecker). This could significantly affect plant location and thermal distribution system design and installation.

Fort Gordon

Fort Gordon is located in the Central Savannah River Area (CSRA) of east-central Georgia, 9 mi. southwest of Augusta. The installation occupies portions of four counties (Jefferson, Richmond, Columbia, and McDuffie) with a total area of approximately 55,600 acres. The majority of the installation and the entire cantonment area lies within Richmond County, while the training areas are spread over all four counties. The climate consists of mainly warm, humid summers, and short, mild winters. The maximum recorded temperature was 109 °F. The average temperature in the winter is 50 °F. The average annual precipitation is in excess of 44 in., well distributed throughout the year. Snowfall is light and seldom remains on the ground.

The CSRA has a diverse economy based on education, defense, medical, and textile industries. The Augusta Metropolitan Statistical Area has an estimated population of about 400,000. The major occupant of Fort Gordon is the United States Army Signal Center and Headquarters of the Signal Corps. The mission of the U.S. Army Signal Center is to train military communicators in the installation, operation, and maintenance of communications-electronics equipment. The Signal Center is also responsible for development of Signal Doctrine and the corresponding organization, material, and test and evaluation requirements. A major tenant, the Dwight David Eisenhower Army Medical Center (DDEAMC) serves as the Regional Director for the Health Services Command.

The main cantonment is located on the east end of the installation. There are four main portions of the cantonment: (1) the Signal School and troop housing in the center, (2) family housing and community support areas to the southeast, (3) the DDEAMC to the northeast, and (4) the installation support areas in the west of the main cantonment. There are ranges and training areas in the center and west portions of the installation. The facilities range from WWII temporary construction to recent permanent construction. The facilities serve a military population of about 13,500 and a civilian population of about 6000. The total effective population is estimated to be about 16,000. There are no environmental considerations of major concern in the main cantonment area. There are minor problems with air quality, noise abatement, construction pollution, and wind and water erosion. Solid waste disposal may create future problems. Some of the environmental problems may change if the installation mission changes.

The utilities at this time are well suited to serve the installation population. Fort Gordon has its own water system supplied from Butler Reservoir. The water system consists of the water treatment plant with a 5.25 MGD capacity, storage facilities, and distribution and service lines. There is a problem with sludge handling from the vater treatment plant. The wastewater system consists of the collection system and the wastewater treatment plant and is adequate for existing peak demands. The storm drainage system consists of pipes, and paved and channeled natural drainage ditches. The systems operate adequately for existing runoff. Electrical power is supplied to the Fort Gordon main substation by Georgia Power Company at 115 KV. Power is distributed to the installation by 12.47 KV transmission lines. There is a fuel-fired emergency motor generator to supply power to the DDEAMC. Current peak demand is about 75 percent of the rated substation capacity. The main cantonment is served by four central energy plants. The plants are duel-fueled (natural gas and fuel oil). The distribution system consists of high-temperature hot water and chilled water pipes in underground direct buried conduits, or accessible shallow concrete trenches. Future expansion of the DDEAMC may require expansion of plant "C." but otherwise the system is adequate to handle existing and proposed demands. Solid waste is disposed in a landfill with an operational life expectancy of 7 years. The current landfill complies with all federal, state, and local regulations, and is permitted and inspected quarterly by the state of Georgia.

Fort Gordon heating plant information is presented in Table 37 for the plants in building 25330, 2202, 25910, and 310. The four plants produce saturated steam by firing natural gas. The energy use data are presented in Table 38. For Fort Gordon, the estimated average production cost is \$9.15/MBtu, about 42 percent higher than that at Fort Campbell (\$6.44/MBtu), or 12 percent higher than at Fort Bragg (\$8.20/MBtu). This is mainly due to higher gas price paid at Fort Gordon. The boiler plant parts list and the results of life-cycle cost analysis are presented in Tables 39 through 42 for the plants in building 25330, 25910, 2202, and 310.

Results from CHPECON runs are shown in Tables 43, 44, and 45 for the plants in building 25330, 25910, and 2202. The plant capacity at building 310 was less than 50 MBtu/hr and thus was not evaluated.

Table 43 shows that, for the plant in building 25330, a new #6-oil fired plant has the least LCC, followed by #2 oil, gas, COM, CWS, stoker, and FBC. The gas and #2 oil prices used are supplied by the installation; #6 oil is not used in this installation, the DOE region price is used in cost estimation. For a new plant in building 25910, again, burning #6 oil resulted in lowest LCC, followed by #2 oil, COM, CWS, Stoker, FBC and gas (Table 57). It is interesting to note that gas is the most expensive fuel for this case. The LCC estimation results shown in Table 45 for plant in building 2202 are similar to those obtained for building 25330 in terms of fuel option.

A detailed cost sensitivity analysis for a gas/#2 oil-fired boiler plant with enough capacity to meet the heating demand of the whole installation is shown in Table 46. DOE region price is used for costing. The effects of the 11 parameters on the plant LCC are plotted in Figures 39 through 44. Similar to that observed in the previous two installations' plots, fuel price and its escalation rate, discount rate and plant life are significant parameters.

The cost sensitivity analysis for a #6 oil-fired boiler plant and a coal-fired stoker plant are shown in Tables 47 and 48. The sensitivity plots are presented in Figures 45 through 50 for #6 oil plant, and Figures 51 through 56 for coal plant. The levelized costs of service versus fuel price for gas, #6 oil, and coal are presented in Figure 57. At Fort Gordon, the DOE region coal price is \$1.72/MBtu. From Figure 57, the breakeven gas and #6 oil prices would be \$7.2/MBtu and \$8.1/MBtu respectively. The breakeven price is about three times that of the current DOE region price. This indicates that coal could be cost competitive when gas or oil price tripled if coal price remains at the same level. This would be an unlikely occurrence—certainly less likely than the Fort Campbell case, where a 100 percent gas/oil price

increase is necessary for coal to be cost effective. Plant size is again the major economic driving force in switching to coal—the Fort Gordon plant is only about half the size of the Fort Campbell plant (100,000 lb/hr versus 188,000 lb/hr) and one quarter of that for Fort Bragg. When compared, the results from the Status Quo evaluation and the CHPECON new plant runs show that maintaining the status quo remains cheaper than building a new plant. With plant size of 100,000 lb/hr or less, coal did not appear to be an attractive fuel.

Picatinny Arsenal

The U.S. Army Armament Research, Development, and Engineering Center (ARDEC), Picatinny Arsenal, is located in the north central part of New Jersey in Morris County about 4 mi. northwest of the town of Dover in the highlands of New Jersey. The surrounding area is suburban. The annual average temperature is 51 °F, and the maximum recorded temperature is 100 °F. The minimum recorded temperature is -20 °F. The average annual rainfall is 49 in., and the average annual snowfall is 44 in. Periods of extended extreme cold are rare, and abnormally high temperatures seldom last longer than a few days. The land area ranges in elevation from just under 700 to 1240 ft above mean sea level. The Arsenal is situated in an elongated valley tending northwest-southeast between Green Pond Mountain and Copperas Mountain on the northwest and an unnamed hill on the southeast.

In general, the areas that surround the Arsenal are suburban and summer vacation areas are located in the area's many small lakes and mountains. There are several small towns in the immediate vicinity of the Arsenal. The arsenal is within 50 mi. of several major cities and close to major transportation centers. Picatinny Arsenal covers approximately 6500 acres.

The major occupant of Picatinny Arsenal is the U.S. Army Research, Development, and Engineering Center. In addition, the headquarters of the U.S. Army Armament, Munitions and Chemical Command (AMCCOM) is located at Picatinny Arsenal. ARDEC is a subcommand of AMCCOM. AMCCOM is responsible for the life-cycle management of total research, development, engineering, product assurance, integrated logistic support, industrial preparedness, procurement, production, and material readiness for assigned systems or specific weapon systems or items. ARDEC is concerned with research, development, tests, and engineering of assigned military items and systems.

Picatinny Arsenal has three functional land areas. The south portion is roughly defined as the land between State Route 15 and the south shore of Lake Picatinny. The south portion has the main entrances, family housing, administration, research and development, industrial and maintenance engineering, inspection, supply, transportation, inert storage, and inert burning activities in the valley portion. Pilot lot operations involving explosives are performed along the slopes of the easterly hills in this area. The central portion includes the area from Lake Picatinny to Lake Denmark. The central portion has maintenance shops, explosives research and development laboratories, industrial and maintenance engineering, the power plant and testing activities. The north end has testing, inspection, and explosive storage facilities. The Arsenal has 308 acres of lakes and reservoirs, 322 acres of swamps, and 3908 acres of woods. There are about 1037 buildings and structures covering over 4 million sq ft. There are seven historical sites at the installation. The Arsenal has about 5500 civilian employees and 150 military personnel plus an unknown number of dependents in the family housing areas.

The Master Plan mentions several constraints on future development at Picatinny Arsenal. The Arsenal has various research, development, and manufacturing processes that produce a wide range of toxic and hazardous wastes. There are many known and unknown chemicals stored or buried at known and unknown sites at the Arsenal. Munitions research and testing is a primary task of ARDEC. The storage and Explosive Storage Quality Distances (ESQD) have a major effect on future development. Noise pollution can be a problem because of explosive blast noise. Because Picatinny Arsenal is within

the Northeast New Jersey-New York-Connecticut Interstate Region, control of air pollution is of major importance. The main power plant (Bldg 506) and the explosive burning ground are the major sources of air pollutants at the Arsenal. In addition, the Fish and Wildlife Program, the Forestry Program, the Agronomy and Land Management Program, and the historical sites present constraints on development.

The utilities have some trouble spots in the electrical power system and the thermal distribution system. The water system is supplied by deep wells and from surface water reservoirs. The total water demand is 170 million gal per year. A nonpotable water supply via Picatinny Lake provides water for industrial use and fire protection purposes. The sewerage system includes a collection network and a treatment plant. The treatment plant will be abandoned in the future with the installation of a pump station and pipings to the Rockaway Valley Authority sewer line. There are some individual septic tank systems. Storm water drainage at the Arsenal is furnished by a combination of natural and developed collection systems. The terrain provide natural storm drainage for most of the Arsenal. The system is adequate for the presently developed areas. Electrical power is supplied by Jersey Central Power and Light Company at 34.5 KV. The distribution system at the Arsenal operates at 2400 V. There are plans to change the distribution system to a 12.5 KV system. The electrical power system is inadequate at this time. (It is subject to frequent "Brown Outs.") There are limited emergency generation capabilities. The thermal distribution system has been the subject of recent detailed study by USACERL. It consists of a central power plant and aboveground high pressure steam distribution lines. There are several auxiliary steam plants serving limited areas of the Arsenal. Solid waste is collected by a private sanitation firm and disposed off the installation.

The Picatinny Arsenal heating plant information is presented in Table 62 for the plants in building 506, 99, and 3013. The plant in building 506 is located on the south side of Lake Picatinny and has three boilers for the production of superheated steam and electricity. The first boiler is a Riley Stoker packaged 50,000 lb/hr oil-fired unit installed in 1971. The other two boilers are Combustion Engineering units, originally designed for pulverized coal, but now firing #6 oil. Both units are rated at 160,000 lb/hr, with boiler outlet condition of 430 psig and 700 °F superheated steam. There are two steam turbine generators rated at 3 MW and 3.5 MW respectively. Since April 1988, no electric power has been generated due to the loss of the last operating turbine-generator. All the process and heating steam has been supplied through pressure reducing valves from the boiler main header.

The energy use data for building 506 plant are shown in Table 63. For Picatinny Arsenal, the estimated average production cost is \$5.02/MBtu, which is the lowest among the four installations studied. This is mainly due to the low #6 oil price paid at Picatinny Arsenal (\$3.01/MBtu). The boiler plant parts list and the results of life cycle cost analysis are presented in Tables 64 and 65 for the plant in building 506.

Tables 66 and 67 show results of the CHPECON runs for the plants in building 506 and 3013 respectively. The plant capacity at building 99 is less than 50 MBtu/hr and thus was not evaluated.

Table 66 shows that, for a new plant in building 506, a #6 oil-fired plant has the least LCC, followed by gas, #2 oil, COM, stoker, CWS, and FBC. The gas and coal prices used are from the DOE region price list. An average monthly steam load of 123 MBtu/hr is still not sufficient to justify conversion to coal at Picatinny Arsenal. This is different from what was found for Fort Bragg, where conversion to coal became potentially feasible at 100 MBtu/hr average load. Retrofit the boilers for coal-stoker, CWS, or micronized coal firing can potentially result in LCC savings that range between approximately \$62,426,000 and \$80,841,000 (Table 66). (A more detailed engineering analysis will be needed to confirm these savings since some existing equipment may need to be replaced or repaired.)

The results for the plant in building 3013 are shown in Table 53. Because of the low PMCR (50,000 lb/hr), coal is a rather expensive plant fuel. In this case, #6 oil is the least-cost fuel, followed by gas, #2 oil, COM, CWS, FBC, and Stoker. The LCC for a coal-fired plant is about twice that for a gasor oil-fired plant.

A detailed cost sensitivity analysis for a gas/#2 oil-fired boiler plant with enough capacity to meet the heating demand of the whole installation is shown in Table 54. DOE region price is used for costing. The effects of the 11 parameters on the plant LCC are plotted in Figures 58 through 63. As observed in previous sensitivity plots, fuel price and its escalation rate, discount rate, and plant life are significant parameters.

Tables 55 and 56 show the cost sensitivity analysis for a #6 oil-fired boiler plant and a coal-fired stoker plant. The sensitivity plots are presented in Figures 64 through 69 for a #6 oil plant, and Figures 70 through 75 for a coal plant. Figure 76 shows the levelized costs of service versus fuel price for gas, #6 oil, and coal. At Picatinny Arsenal, the DOE region coal price is \$1.75/MBtu, and from Figure 76, the breakeven gas and #6 oil prices would be \$5.15/MBtu and \$5.18/MBtu respectively. The breakeven #6 oil price is about 50 percent higher than the price paid by the installation. The possibility for this to occur certainly would be higher than the Fort Campbell case, where 100 percent gas/oil price increase is necessary for coal to be cost effective. The plant size considered for Picatinny Arsenal (250,000 lb/hr) is between the Fort Bragg plant and the Fort Campbell plant (379,000 and 188,000 lb/hr).

The LCC obtained in the Status Quo evaluation (\$71,601,420) is about the same as that in the CHPECON result for a new #6 oil-fired plant (\$71,021,912). A new coal-fired plant will cost about 40 percent more than the #6 oil-fired plant. Therefore, maintaining the status quo while further investigating a retrofit with coal water slurry is recommended.

3 CONCLUSIONS AND RECOMMENDATIONS

This study concludes that:

- 1. For all the four installations studied, the LCC of maintaining the status quo is lower than that of building new plants. This coincides with large defense cutbacks that have followed the conclusion of the cold war, when new plant construction would also become less likely.
- 2. When a new plant is to be built, and when that plant will have a capacity large enough to meet the demand of the whole installation, the feasibility of using coal as fuel is proportional to plant size. The larger the plant, the more likely the feasibility of coal. At Fort Bragg, for example, using coal was found to be economically feasible, but at Fort Campbell, Fort Gordon, and Picatinny Arsenal, however, coal would become attractive only if there were a significant price increase in alternative fuels: a 31 to 73 percent increase for gas, or a 50 to 84 percent increase for oil.
- 3. This study has found that a retrofit of Fort Bragg building C-1432's heating plant to coal-firing may result in significant cost savings. However, before undertaking this project, a more detailed engineering study may be justified.

It is recommended that a later coal conversion study:

- 1. Revise the economic studies (Status Quo and CHPECON runs) using updated fuel information at the beginning of each fiscal year. This will ensure that opportunities to convert to more cost-effective technologies will not be overlooked.
- 2. Reconcile the life cycle costs obtained from the Status Quo evaluations and the CHPECON runs to validate the cost comparison. For example, total fuel and labor costs should be in close agreement so that no individual option is penalized.
- 3. Obtain feedback from the installations studied (double-check) to ensure the input data are correct and the evaluations are reasonable.
- 4. Select heating plants in Army installations with capacities greater than 300 MBtu/hr that at one time had fired coal, to further study the economic and engineering ramifications of reconversion to coal.

METRIC CONVERSION TABLE

1 in. = 25.4 mm 1 ft = 0.305 m 1 sq ft = 0.093 m² 1 mi = 1.61 km 1 acre = 0.4047 hectare 1 lb = 0.453 kg

1 lb = 0.453 kg 1 gal = 3.781

 $^{\circ}F = (^{\circ}C \times 1.8) + 32$

CITED REFERENCES

- Griffin, F.P., J.F. Thomas, R.S. Holcomb, and J.M. Young, Ranking of Air Force Heating Plants Relative to the Economic Benefit of Coal Utilization, ORNL/TM-11100, Report prepared for the Air Force Engineering and Services Center (Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, November 1989).
- Holcomb, R.S., and F.P. Griffin, Economic Analysis of Coal-Fired Cogenation Plants for Air Force Bases, ORNL/TM-11383, Report prepared for the Air Force Engineering and Services Center (Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, October 1990).
- ORI, Inc. and C.H. Guernsey & Co., Air Force Coal Conversion Study, Report prepared for HQAFESC/DEMB Tyndall Air Force Base [AFB] (Tyndall AFB, FL, January 1988).
- Salthouse, Robert, Memorandum, subject: Coal Progress Report Update (July 1987).
- Savoie, Martin J., Development of the Central Energy Heating Plant Status Quo Program, Draft Technical Report (TR) (U.S. Army Construction Engineering Research Laboratory [USACERL], June 1992).
- Thomas, I.F., F.P. Griffin, and J.M. Young, Economic Benefit of Coal Utilization/Conversion at Air Force Bases: Screening Study, ORNL/TM-11113, Report prepared for the Air Force Engineering and Services Center (Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, August 1989).
- Thomas, J.F., and J.M. Young, Coal-Burning Technologies Applicable to Air Force Central Heating Plants, ORNL/TM-11173, Report prepared for the Air Force Engineering and Services Center (Oak Ridge National Laboratory, Oak Ridge, TN, December 1989).
- Wilkinson, V.K., Life Cycle Cost Analyses of U.S. Air Force Heating Plants, ORNL/TM-11146, Oak Ridge National Laboratory Report prepared for the Air Force Engineering and Services Center (August 1989).

UNCITED REFERENCES

- Blazek, C.F., R. Biderman, J. Kinast, and J. Gutraj, Coal-Fired Boiler Evaluation Program, Volume 1: Final Report; Volume 2: User's Manual; Volume 3: Military Base Weather Information Data Management Program, Volume 4: Coal Filed Properties Information Data Management Program; Volume 5: Emission Regulations Data Management Program; Volume 6: Program Listing, Report prepared by Institute of Gas Technology for USACERL (July 1990).
- Bleak & Veatch Engineers-Architects for the U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Master Plan Report, 101st Airborne Division, Air Assault and Ft. Campbell (U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, Louisville District, November 1987).
- GRW Engineers, Inc., Fort Bragg Master Plan, Phase II (Savannah District, U.S. Corps of Engineers, January 1986).
- Lev Zetlin Associates, Future Development Master Plan for Picatinny Arsenal, Report prepared for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New York District (1991).
- Nakata Planning Group, Master Plan Report, Fort Gordon, Georgia (Savannah District, U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, November 1991).
- Pope, Evans, and Robbins Inc., Power Plant Betterment and Coal Conversion Study, Picatinny Arsenal, New Jersey, Report prepared for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New York District (February 1980).
- Pope, Evans, and Robbins Inc., Power Plant Coal Conversion Study, Direct Combustion, Liquefaction, Gasification, Report prepared for U.S. Army Corps of Engineers, New York District (June 1980).
- Prillaman, G., Update of Fort Bragg Master Plan, Briefing at Fort Bragg, TX (February 1992).
- Savoie, Martin J., Jill E. Davidson, and Gary W. Schanke, Energy Supply Alternatives for Picatinney Arsenal, TR FE-92/04/ADA256863 (USACERL, September 1992).

- Singer, R., and A. Collishaw, Conversion of Army Heating Plants to Coal: Three Case Studies, TR E-176/ADA113947 (USACERL, March 1982).
- Stanley Consultants, Inc., Evaluation Procedure for GastOil Central Heating Plants: Volume 1, Report prepared for USACERL (February 1991).
- Woody, A.W. Construct Coal Fired Central Heating Plant, FY 1986 Military Construction Project Data prepared by JRB Associates for Fort Bragg (October 1982).

APPENDIX A:

Tables

Table 1

DOD Coal Consumption (Short Tons

Year	Army	Air Force	Navy	DOD Total
1985	704190	452242	162095	1336261
(% of DOD)	(52. 69%)	(33.84%)	(12.13%)	(100%)
1986	733490	491122	168689	1409446
1987	734457	472086	163891	1384984
1988	802218	478092	178227	1471240
1989	768962	448945	222888	1453444
1990	867690	439512	178490	1498740
1991	766725	435563	167232	1381155
(%Tvs.85)	(8.88%)	(-3. 69%)	(3.17%)	(+3.36%)

Table 2

Potential Sites for Increased Coal Use (Surveyed in 1987)

Bases	Ton/Year
Army Bass	
lowa AAP	30,000
Fort Drum	223,000
New CumberlandAD	15,000
usma	20,000
Fort Bragg	30,000
Picatinny Arrenel	40,000
Bayonne MOT	24,000
Redstone Arsnei	44,000
Port Dix	25,000
Fort Knox	20,000
Port Bustis	13,000
Lake City AAP	25,000
Scranton AAP	9,000
Fort Lewis	25,000
Fort Belvoir	15,000
ort Greely	30,000
MDW Washington DC	67,000
Army Total	655,000
Navy Bases	
PWC Norfolk	566,000
MCDEC Quantico	23,000
VSY Norfolk	180,000
SUBASE New London	93,000
VSY Puget Sound	70,000
NAEC Lakehurst	21,000
NAS Memphis	34,000
ETC Newport	36,000
PWC Great Lakes	100,000
NATC Pattuxent River	21,000
NSY Philadelphia	157,000
MCRD Parris Island	30,000
Navy Total	1,331,000
Air Force Bases	
Maimstrom AFB	17,000
Griffiss AFB	25,000
Air Force Total	42,000
DOD Total	2,028,000

Table 3

CONUS Army Bases With Average Annual Energy Consumption > 36MBtu/hr
Period Covered: From Jan 89 Through Doc 89

	Rank	Base	# OF CHPs >50MBtu/hr	MBTU/year	Ave. MBTU/hr
1	4	Radford Army Ammo Plant***	2**	3,960,608	452
2	7	Fort Bragg	5	3,117,543	356
3	8	Fort Hood	0	2,873,759	328
4	9	Fort Knox	2	2,718,746	310
5	10	Fort Benning	7	2,717,107	310
6	12	Fort Lewis	0	2,515,574	287
7	13	Fort Campbell	2	2,425,919	277
8	15	Fort Riley	1	1,937,176	221
94	16	Fort Ord	0	1,874,942	214
10+	17	Fort Dix	4	1,793,491	205
11*	18	Fort George Meade	1	1,719,846	196
12	19	Fort Carson	1	1,706,884	195
13	20	Fort Bliss	1	1,655,909	189
14	21	Fort Sill	1	1,649,784	188
15	22	Fort Leonard Wood	4	1,646,571	188
6	24	Fort Stewart	1	1,601,289	183
17	25	Fort Drum	1**	1,536,908	175
8	26	Fort Belvoir	1	1,351,474	154
9	27	Fort Jackson	3	1,342,532	153
20	29	West Point	1	1,289,720	147
21	30	Walter Reed Army Medical	NTE	1,254,489	143
2*	31	Fort Devens	0	1,240,232	142
3	32	Picatinny Arsenal	2	1,229,515	140
4	33	Fort Gordon	3	1,224,015	140
5	35	Fort Polk	0	1,177,156	134
6	36	Fort Sam Houston	0	1,090,090	124
.7	38	Fort Rucker	0	952,015	109
8*	41	Fort McClellan	0	914,909	104
9	42	Fort Eustis	0	907,831	104
Ю	45	Fort Leavenworth	1	868,345	99
1	46	Red River Army Ammo Depot***	1**	867,540	99
2*	47	Fort Benjamin Harrison	1	842,345	96
3	48	Fort Huachuca	0	821,486	94
14	51	Lone Star Army Ammo Plant***	5	747,764	85
5	53	Fort Lee	0	725,970	83
16	54	Anniston Army Depot***	2**	700,806	80
17	60	Fort Mccoy	0	646,369	74
8	62 .	Fort Dietrick	1	630,684	<i>7</i> 2
19	64	Tooele Army Depot***	1	601,416	69
Ю	66	Fitzsimons Army Medical C	NTER	569,836	65
1	72	Fort Mcpherson	0	484,372	55
2	76	Fort Hamilton	0	414,203	47
13	77	Fort Irwin	0 .	409,088	47
4	79	Fort Myer	1	400,128	46
5	82	MTMC Mot Bayonne	ī	336,471	38

^{*} Installations recommended for closure.

^{**} Coal is used in the CHPs. From USACERL'S INV program there are 104 CHPs with capacity >50 MBtu/hr, of which 88 CHPs firing gas/oil only.

^{***} AMC installation with limited inventory data available.

Table 4

Boiler Cost Data

	- 17			Ca	st per boiler (\$)	
Boller	Fuel		Capacity (MBtn/hr)	1979 EPA Estimate	1991 EPA Estimate	CHPECON Equation
Stoker:		ı	İnput		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	
Underfood	Coal Hi-S	Water 3	10	791700	1197003	1584883
Underfeed	Coal Lo-S	Water 3	10	679400	1027212	1584883
Chain-Grate	Coal Hi-S	Water 7	15	1865300	2820221	2282207
Chain-Grate	Coal Lo-S	Water 7	5	1639300	2478522	2282207
Spreader	Coal Hi-S	Water 15	iO	3719200	5623206	3915500
Spreader	Coal Lo-S	Water 15	0	3220800	4869655	3915500
Pulverized	Coal Hi-S	Water 20	0	5633000	8516756	5150000
Pulverized	Coal Lo-S	Water 20	0	4881200	7380080	5150000
Gas/Oil:						
Oil	No. 6 Oil	Water 15	0	893100	1350313	951209
Oil	No. 2 Oil	Water 15	0	881000	1332019	951209
Gas	Nat. Gas	Water 15	0	832100	1258085	951209
Oil	No. 6 Oil	Water 3	0	274800	415481	370242

Table 5
CHPECON Cost Validation

					2	78	i			
•	576	1	Conf	20	3	Net Gas	20 20	Per OF	Can	Com
									E See S	ENS
		E 504 E	ところ							
		Underfood		Chain-Grate						
Thermal input		Stoker		Stoker						1
	8	8	8	ዩ	ĸ	150	120	9 51	<u>8</u>	951
Capacity (Mistakan)	}									
Custs in 1979 (X \$1000)							9	1370.7	1 700%	E784.2
	8.70X	1665.2	1891.3	4067.9	432.4	2118.7				
		21.6	642.5	1330.5	1217.9	2035.1	223.1	2793.9	21012	
OFF	9,00	236.2	360 8	563.4	633.3	287.8	304.1	317.1	1044.5	30
Filed	10%0									
Excelegat to 1991 delices				,	•			3000	07171	11703.0
	1206.2	2517.7	2859.5	4.0519	0.08	3203.3	7466	2116	2000	
Chair		2000	11610	2260.0	0.170	3,22,8	3791.2	4764.6	22.0	31334
OWN	0/511	2.00.21	407.0	181	957.5	435.1	459.8	4.67	1639.7	1833.5
Fixed	<u></u>	3			-	100046	1/10654	134613	142775	136675
Care 1881 Author, 25 pers 180	34289	4224	42155	2 3						
	3777	344540	37777	361350	361350	201777	227700	2017	27770	277
Energy impat, Milbin/year (55% load yearly)				2	91.0	\$ 5	6.07	3.4	2.8 8.	. (8)
Dollar/Affle (1991 dollar, 25-year life)	**	9011		2	910	3	6.07	7.66	2.8	3
Comparable system, evaluated by CHPECON	8	11.05	011	* :	2 2		8	8 6	7.7	3,8
Dollan/A@s	9.7	37.72	39,03	57.14	21.78	2	K : 1	}		:

Table 6
Items Included in Beller Costs (of Table 4)

Boiler pressure parts and drums Boiler trim and soot blowers Boiler refractory, insulation and lagging Stoker and grate F.D. Fan and overfire air fan Combustion air ductwork and distribution system **Boiler** convective sections Economizer or air heater Main steam non-return and block valve Coal feeders Coal distribution duct Coal scale Fly ash reinjection system Ash hoppers **Boiler steel Boiler instruments** Erection and erection supervisor Start-up supervision Boilout and initial operator training Operation manuals

Table 7

Comparison of CHPECON and Status Quo Costing

Parameters	STATUS QUO	CHPECON	SQ Rev 1	SQ Rev 2
Anauel labor	129476	463732	463732	463732
Annual supplies	90000	6510	6510	81987
Annual service	12162	15166	15166	15166
Annual utilities	60811	25909	25909	25909
Annual insurance	0	75477	0	Added to Supply
Sum of listed R/R costs	1143895	362299	1143894	1143894
Nat gas/oil use (MBtu/yr)	106641	119956	119956	119956
LCC of O&M	3722461	6398620	6508341	7469057
LCC of R/R	1143894	173957	1143894	1143894
LCC of Energy	6755133	91 6973 7	7597808	7597808
Capital invest	0	3750969	0	0
LCC (total)	11621490	19493285	15250040	16210760

Note: All costs in Present Worth Value (1992 dollars)

Table 8

Base Selection Criteria and Point Assignment

Calterior #	Description	Point Anderson
	Description	
1	Location of site relative to population centers	(no point)
2	Cooperation, response to previous surveys	(P=poor,2, F=fair,8, G=good,14, VG=very good,20)
3	Land available for coal/ash (no,1; some,5; yes,10)	
4	Problems related to local emission standards (ozone, CO ₂ , particulates, SO ₂ , NO ₂ , etc.)	(OK=20, Average=10, Poor=2)
5	Condition of present boilers	(P=poor,9, F=fair,7, G=good,5, VG=very good,3, NRNEW=nearly new,1, NEW=new boiler,1)
6	Condition of existing steam system	(P=poor,9, F=fair,7, G=good,5, VG=very good,3, RP=repairing,6)
7	Master planning notes and comments	(C=construction,6, CLCP=has coal capability,9, RP=replacement construction,5, CVEL=converting to electricity,2, RTDF=coal retrofit difficult,2, NONE=no additional comments,1)
8	Future addition/reduction in load planned	(ADD,8; RED,1; NO,1)
9	Coal burning feasible	(ACC=acceptable,9, NC=no comment,5, WOOD=will increase wood burning,3, WT=system too small,3, NORR=no rail access,3, NVB=not viable,2, UNW=unwanted,1)

Table 9
Base Selection Criteria

Base	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9
Lone Star	out 35K	P-F	no	OK	0	0	NONE	NO	NC
Red River	out 35K	P-F	no	OK	O	O	NONE	NO	ACC
Fort Bragg	out 80K	VG	some	O3CO2	VG	G	С	ADD	ACC
Fort Cmpbll	rural TN	VG	yes	O3CO2SO2	P-VG	G	С	ADD	NC
Fort Carson	out 291K	VG	yes	CO2PART	NRNEW	G	С	ADD	NORR
Fort Hood	out 64K	G	yes	OK	F	G	С	NO	WT
Port Polk	rural LA	G	yes	OK	VG	O	С	NO	ACC
Port Riley	near 33K	VG	some	OK	G-VG	G	С	ADD	NVB
Fort Houstn	in 985K	VG	no	OK	P-NEW	G	CLCP	ADD	NC
Fort Stewrt	near 153K	F	yes	OK	G-NEW	G	CLCP	NO	WOOD
Fort Bliss	out 580K	F-G	yes	O3CO2PRT	G	O	RP	NO	UNW
Fort Bustis	out 296K	F	yes	O3	G	F	С	ADD	UNW
Fort Gordon	out 47K	G	yes	OK	G	0	С	ADD	UNW
Port Jacksn	out 96K	G	yes	OK	F-G	F	С	ADD	UNW
Fort L Wood	rural MO	G-VG	no	OK	VG	Ο	С	NO	UNW
Fort MClein	out 31K	F	no	O3	G	G	RTDF	NO	UNW
Fort Rucker	rural AL	F	yes	OK	P-VG	RP	CVEL	ADD	ACC
Pitzsimns	Denver	G	no	CO2 PART	G	RP	С	ADD	NC
Fort Myer	DC area	G	no	O3 CO2	NRNEW	F	С	ADD	UNW
Bayonne	NYC area	G-VG	no	O3 CO2	F	RP	С	ADD	NC

Table 10
Points and Scores in Bose Selection

Base	1	2	3	4	5	6	7	8	9	Total
Lone Star	out 35K		0	20	8	5	1	1	5	42
Red River	out 35K	2	0	20	8	5	1	1	9	46
Fort Bregg	out 80K	18	5	12	3	5	6	8	9	66
Fort Campbell	rural TN	18	10	8	6	5	6	8	5	66
Fort Carson	out 291K	10	10	12	1	5	6	8	3	55
Fort Hood	out 64K	10	10	20	. 7	5	6	1	3	62
Fort Polk	rural LA	10	10	20	3	5	6	1	9	64
Fort Riley	near 33K	16	5	20	4	5	6	8	2	66
Fort Houston	in 985K	16	0	20	5	5	9	8	5	68
Fort Stewart	near 153K	6	10	20	3	5	9	1	3	57
Fort Bliss	out 580K	8	10	8	5	5	5	1	1	43
Fort Bustis	out 296K	6	10	16	5	7	6	8	1	59
Fort Gordon	out 47K	14	10	20	5	5	6	8	1	69
Fort Jackson	out 96K	10	10	20	6	7	6	8	1	68
Port Leonard Wood	rural MO	14	0	20	3	5	6	1	1	50
Fort McClellan	out 31K	6	0	16	5	5	2	1	1	36
Fort Rucker	rural AL	6	10	20	6	6	2	8	9	67
Fitzsimmons	Denver	10	0	12	5	6	6	8	5	52
Fort Myer	DC area	10	0	12	1	7	6	8	1	45
Bayonne	NYC area	10	0	12	7	6	6	8	5	54

Table 11
Fort Campbell Heating Plant Information

Pinet	Boller	Fuel	Reserve	Year Installed	Capacity (ib/hr)	In use	Rating	Energy Use Heat/Cool/ Process/Losses/ Internal/Pwr Gen
3902	1	Nat. gas	FS2	1976	15000	Y*	6	H/C
3902	2	Nat. gas	FS2	1976	50000	Y*	5	H/C
3902	3	Nat. gas	FS2	1976	50000	Y	6	H/C
650	1	Nat. gas	FS2	1982	15000	Y*	9	H/C
650	2	Nat. gas	FS2	1982	15000	Y	9	H/C
650	3	Nat. gas	FS2	1982	15000	Y	9	H/C
7006	1	Nat. gas	FS2	1985	25106	Y*	8	Н
7008	2	Nat. gas	FS2	1985	25106	Y	8	H
7008	3	Nat. gas	FS2	1958	12500	N	1	H
7223	1	Nat. gas	FS2	1972	10000	Y*	6	Н
7223	2	Nat. gas	FS2	1972	10000	Y	6	H
7223	3	Nat. gas	FS2	1972	10000	Y	5	H
858	1	Nat. gas	FS2	1986	11716	Y*	8	Н
858	2	Nat. gas	FS2	1986	11716	Y	8	Н

Table 12
Fort Campbell Energy Use Data

Pael	Units	Btu/Unit	\$/Unit	1989 Use	1990 mee	\$/MBtu	MBtu '90
Dist. oil	Gal	138690	0.56	1018962	631518	4.04	87585
Res. oil	Gal	149690	0.53	301266	93219	3.54	13954
Nat. gas							
Interr.	kscf						
Unintr.	kscf	1031000	3.08	1364848	1391702	2.99	1434845
Building:		650	3902	7006	7223	858	
Capacity (lb/hr):		45000	115000	62712	30000	23432	
SQ file:		CAM1	CAM2	CAM3	CAM4	CAM5	
Annual Costs							
Labor		129476	138100	94000	85600	94000	
Utilities*		60811	155405	84746	20270	31665	
Service*		12162	31081	16949	4054	6333	
Supplies*		90000	22400X	125424	30000	46864	
Average Steam Prod	metion 1						
October		9250.0	14250.0	8541.7	0.0	4058.3	
November		10833.3	26625.0	11250.0	4083.3	4458.3	
December		14416.7	39250.0	17541.7	8687.9	7291.7	
January		12416.7	38500.0	15000.0	7375.0	4125.0	
Pebruary		16458.3	32541.7	14666.7	5616.7	4541.7	
March		12791.7	29958.3	10875.0	4600.1	4408.3	
April		10000.0	22541.7	9375.0	0.0	4133.3	
May		9166.7	6166.7	9100.0	0.0	4012.5	
lune		6625.0	8041.7	11958.3	0.0	3662.5	
July		6916.7	7583.3	11916.7	0.0	3900.0	
August		5958.3	6958.3	10791.7	0.0	4075.0	
September		6833.3	5458.3	18225.0	0.0	3675.0	
Fuel energy, based or	n steam	production, 19	90 (MBtu):				
October		8291.6	12773.5	7656.7	0.0	3637.8	
November		9397.6	23096.4	9759.0	3542.1	3867.4	
December		12922.9	35183.1	15724.1	7787.7	6536.2	
January		11130.2	34510.8	13445.8	6610.8	3697.6	
February		13325.3	26347.0	11874.7	4547.5	3677.1	
March		11466.3	26854.2	9748.2	4123.5	3951.5	
April		8674.7	19554.2	8132.5	0.0	3585.5	
May		8216.9	5527.7	8157.1	0.0	3596.7	
June		5747.0	6975.9	10373.5	0.0	31 7 7.1	
July		6200.0	6797.6	10682.0	0.0	3495.9	
August		5340.9	6237.3	9673.5	0.0	3652.8	
September -		5927.7	4734.9	15809.6	0.0	3188.0	
Total		106641.0	208592.8	131036.7	26611.7	46063.7	518945.8
Percent of Total		20.5	40.2	25.3	5.1	8.9	
Reserve Fuel		#2	#2	#2	#2	#2	
Fuel use (MBtu/year):	:						Total
Natural Gas		99176.1	193991.3	121864.2	24748.8	42839.2	482620
Dist. Oil		7464.9	14601.5	9172.6	1862.8	3224.5	36326
Res. Oil		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0	0
Total \$/yr:		618867.9	1187071.9	722211.9	221380.4	319858.9	
S/MBtu:		0.0007.7	220,074.7				
#INDIO.							

Table 12 (Cont'd)

Labor	1.21	0.66	0.72	3.22	2.04	
Utilities	0.57	0.75	0.65	0.76	0.69	
Service	0.11	0.15	0.13	0.15	0.14	
Supplies	0.84	1.07	0.96	1.13	1.02	
Puel	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	3.05	Average
Total \$/MBtu:	5.79	5.68	5.50	8.31	6.93	6.44
Reported \$/klb steam:	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	7.25	

^{* =} estimated

Table 13a

Boller Parts Evaluation List-Fort Campbell Bidg. 650

A. Bother (WT) 1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting 2. Relief Valve(s) 2. Relief Valve(s) 3. Feedwater Regulator(s) 4. Boiler Birmen(s)	Installed	Units	Specification	-			777
# c. c. c. c.				-	Specification 2	ļ	
	1978	3	15000	Ib/hr		රි	Pood O
			901	psig			Good
	1978	4	1.5	, .s			Ø
	1661	~	5.7	. .	150 miles		7
A Boiler Burner(s)	1978	~	¥ -	. . .			3
	9201	. ~	}	Le Constante de la Constante d			}
Thomas Deliver(a)	9/61	ገ ‹	? ;	MDIWII /III			
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1978	₩,	15	운		•	
6. Boiler Economizer	1978	m	58	MBtu, 15,000			
				lb/hr water			
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1978	æ		flow		ජි	Good
B. Peedwater System						8	Poog S
8. Descriting Heater	1978	_	45000	ll-Altr		ජි	P
12 Conferent Presse	1978		•	ä		ځ ا	2
12 Conference Described	1076		, 5) 7	(37.30)	3	ł
15. Containent Neutre	9/61	، ،	8	.		•	
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	8/61	m	R	£		3	8
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1978	w	1.5	diam (in.)	160 paig		폏
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1978	m	8	유			정
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1978	-	62.6	Η̈́	(turbine)	රි	Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps C	City water pressure distribution					ວັ	pod
C. Fuel Handling System							
1. Fire! Oil Unloading Pump				£			
2 Fine Oil Tent - Above envired		ļ					
2 End Oil Test Hoderman	1078	-	5000				
	17/0	٠.	3			•	•
	1978	۰ ،	C			5	
	1976	7	32.0	(1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1) (1)			
	1976		2.5			•	•
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1990		2	diam (m.)		3	Cood
D. Heat Recovery System	,		:				
E. Air Pollution Control Systems and							
Emission Monitoring							
5. Stack	1978	m	7	diam (ft)	25 beig	beight (ft)	
						,	

Table 13a (Coat'd)

	Year				1		
Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification	-	Specification 2		Condition
F. Combustion Controls							
1: Plant Master	1978	-					Good
2. Boiler Master	1978	m					Ö
3. Plame Safeguard System	1978	e					Good
4. Furnace Draft Control (DAMPACT)	1978	6					Good
Additional Boiler Instrumentation/							
Indicators	1978			O2 TRIM			
						ļ	Good
G. Chemical Feed System							
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1978		30	75.	0.25 F	£	Sood
H. Make-up Water System							
9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1992	7	120	wds	(atternate use)		Cood
I. Condensate Polithing							
J. Compressed Air System							
1. Air Compressor (CENTR/RECIP)	1978	-	16.2	SCFM	(3 Hn. 145 mei)		7
2. Air Drver (DESC/REFR)	1978	-	16.2	SCFM			
	1978	-	8	13			6 0
K. Electrical System							
1. Transformer	1978	7	1500/1725	KVA			
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker	1978	7	3000	edu.			
3. Motor Control Center/Starter	1979	6	300	. edu			
4. Emergency Generator	1978	7	1000	KVA	(800 Continuous)		Good
L. Physical Plant							
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows,							
and Doors	1978						Good
. Building Conc	1978						Good
3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/							
VERTICAL)	1978	-	75	wd3	(1.5 日本)		Good
4. Buttaing Lighting (Fluorescent) Reildine Outside Dimensions	19/8 20 Hr (#)		8		J 22	W.A. (A)	800
Building Basement (Yes/No)	No.		2				

Table 13b

Status Quo Life-Cycle Cost Analysis for Fort Campbell Bidg, 650

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992

INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL
DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO
HAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUBGARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service NOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)
EMBERICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)
JAM 18

	*******	***********	
1	•	BOUIVALENT	
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
1 0001 / 20000011		DIFFERENTIAL	Trans(a)
DESCRIPTION			!!
DESCRIPTION	I IN DOS \$	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED!
ļ.	1	Pate	1 1
l .	(\$ X 10**0)	(\$ PER YEAR)	l i

INVESTMENT COSTS	i .o i	.00	JUN 92
	30158.6	1.58	JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	296536.3		
			JUL93-JUL17
	,,		JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	1 12162.0		JUL93-JUL17
Maint Supply	1 90000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	60811.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
STACK	18000.0	.00	JAN 18
STACK	36000.0	.00	JAN 18
DRUMCTL	15000.0	.00	JAN 98
ECONOMIZER	105000.0	.00	JAN 98
P_FAN	21000.0	.00	
RELVALVE			JAN 18
	6800.0	.00 . [JAN 98
RELVALVE	3400.0 1	.00 1	Jan 11
WINOILER	1800000.0	.00 [JAN 18 (
NINCES .	150000.0	.00	JAN 18
POMPSIMPLEX	i 30 0 0.0 j	.00 i	JAN 98
TANKPOLY	200.0 i	.00	JAN 98
BOILMAGTER	15000.0	.00	JAN 08
DAMPACT	3000.0		JAN 08
FLANGEAPE	30000.0	.00	JAN 08
COTRIN	30000.0	.00	JAN 08
PLANTMASTER	5000.0		
AIRCOMPRECIP		.00	JAN 08
	20000.0	.00	JAM 98
AIRDRYERREFR	12000.0	.00	JAN 93
AIRRECV	600.0	.00	Jan 08
EDERGENCYCEN	276000.0	.00	JAN 08
SWITCH	20000.0 [.00	JAN 18
CONDPUND	8000.0 i	.00	JAN 98
CONTRUCC	22000.0	.00	JAN 08
I COOLITIES	34200.0	.00	JAN 98
COOLIGE	11400.0	.00	JAM 98
	25000.0		
DATRHEATER		.00	JAN 18
PERDPUMP	45750.0	.00	JAN 08
PWPIPINGVAL	3339.0	.00	JAN 98
NOGPIPERELON	13.0	.00	JAN 15
OILPIPERELOW	25.0	.00	JAN 03
PUNCP	3250.0	.00 [JAN 03
TANKELOW	42000.0	.00	JAN 08 1
SESCUT	231000.0	.00	JAN 12
SUCCEPTION	5000.0	.00	JAN 93
•			***********
24-25-4-4-4-4-22-4-2-4-1-4-1-4-1-4-1-4-1-4-1-			

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - KENTUCKY CENSUS REGION: 3
RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

EMERGY USAGE: 10*6 BTUS ELECTRIC DENGAND: 10*0 DOLLARS
EMERGY TYPE \$/MGYU AMOUNT
DIST 4.04 7465.0
NAT G 2.99 99176.0 ELECT. DENGAND: 10*0 DOLLARS
FROJECTED DATES
JAM93-JAM18

Table 13b (Cont'd)

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS.

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS

0.

BERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL MATURAL GAS

519369. 6478871.

TOTAL BURRY COSTS

6998240.

RECURRING MAR/CUSTODIAL COSTS

4260154.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS

1160392.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (MET PW)

OTHER OLM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS

12418790.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS: IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS
*EMERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM MIST HANDSOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:37:38
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 650
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL
DESIGN FEATURE:
ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO
HAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93 ANGUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

****			******		********
PAY	dist	XXT G			
= + = c					======
1 11		284669.			
1 21	27605.				
1 31		264967.			
1 41	25165.	253314.	242476.	0.1	1 0.1
1 51		244182.	231812.	0.	1.0
1 61	23166.	236963.	221618.	160385.	0.1
1 71	22622.	238399.	211872.	0.	0.1
1 81	22234.	243697.	202554.	0.1	0.1
1 91	21914.	251130.	193647.	· 0.1	0.1
1 101	21690.	263000.	185131.	0.	0.1
1 111	21463.	271218.	176989.	2027.	0. i
1 121	21206.	274010.	169206.	0.	i 0. i
1 131	20935.	279887.	161764.		
1 141	20561.	283054.1			
1 151	20110.	284282.			
i 16i	19570.	281212.1			
1 171		274326.			
i 18i	18325.				
1 191		263944.			
i 20 i	17288.				
1 211		250655.			
i 22 i	16396.				
i 23 i		236907.			
241	15416.				
251	14924				
		201746.			
		6478871.			
11	371361 ·	A8104(T')	STANTOG .	1100327	

*MET PM EQUIVALENTE ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *EMERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM MIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 14

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Campbell Bidg. 3902

Bodier (WT)			Year						
Boiler (WT)	Equipment		Installed	Unites	Specification	-	Specification 2	Const	1
Boiler (WT)	l		1976	2	8	MBtu/hr		Good	¥
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting. 1976 4 in. 115 2. Redief Valve(s) 1976 4 in. 115 3. Foedwater Regulator(s) 1976 2 2.2.5, 1.1.5 in. 115 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1976 2 2.2.5, 1.1.5 in. 150 5. Boiler Fran(s) (FD) 1976 2 2.2.5, 1.1.5 in. 150 6. Boiler Fran(s) (FD) 1976 1 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger blrs) 7. Boiler Fran(s) (FD) 1976 1 199000 MBtu (on 2 larger blrs) 8. Boiler Fran(s) (FD) 1976 1 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger blrs) 9. Boiler Fran(s) (FD) 1976 1 150000 MBtu (on 2 larger blrs) 12. Condensate Pumpe 1976 1 7500 Inhr 13. Condensate Receiver 1976 1 100000 2 1 1 14. Boiler Franch Pumpe 1976 1 100000 2 1 1 15. Condensate Receiver 1976 3 4 4 4 4 16. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 4 4 4 4 4 17. Condensate Receiver 1976 3 4 4 4 4 18. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 4 4 4 19. Feed water Piping System (valve) 1976 1 1000000 2 19. Feel Oil Trant - Above ground 1976 1 1000000 2 19. Feel Oil Trant - Above ground 1976 1 1000000 2 19. Feel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 1 20000 2 19. Feel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 4 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Above ground 1976 3 4 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move ground 1976 3 4 19. Feel Oil Trant - Move groun		(WT)	1976	-	15	MBtu/hr		Good	8
2. Relief Valve(s) 1976 4 in. 115 3. Feedwater (Valve(s)) 1990 2 2.25, 1-15 in. 115 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1976 2 2.25, 1-15 in. 150 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2 2.25, 1-15 in. 150 6. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger birs) 7. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger birs) 8. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger birs) 7. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger birs) 8. Dascrating Hand 1976 1 7500 MBtu (on 2 larger birs) 12. Condensas Pumpe 1976 1 7000 gal 150 13. Condensas Pumpe 1976 3 40 Hp (1-tarbine, 2-motor) 14. Feedwater Pinting System 1976 3 40 Hp 150 </td <td>1. Bo</td> <td>iler Pressure Parts and Setting.</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>001</td> <td>paig</td> <td></td> <td>පී</td> <td>ğ</td>	1. Bo	iler Pressure Parts and Setting.			001	paig		පී	ğ
2. Relief Valve(s) 1990 2 2 in. 115 3. Feedwater Regulator(s) 1976 2 2.2.5, 1-15 in. 150 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2 2.2.5, 1-15 in. 150 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 1 2 159000 MBus (on 2 larger birs) 6. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 1 2 159000 MBus (on 2 larger birs) 6. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 1 7500 MBus (on 2 larger birs) 7. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 1 7500 MBus (on 2 larger birs) 8. Descriting Heater 1976 1 7500 MBus (on 2 larger birs) 12. Condensa Pumpe 1976 1 7500 Mp Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 13. Foodwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Condensa Pumpe 1976 3 60 Hp 150 20. Condensa Pumpe 1976 </td <td>2. Re</td> <td>lief Valve(s)</td> <td>1976</td> <td>₹</td> <td>4</td> <td> .</td> <td></td> <td>පී</td> <td>B</td>	2. Re	lief Valve(s)	1976	₹	4	.		පී	B
3. Fordwater Regulabr(s) 3. Fordwater Regulabr(s) 1991 2 2.5.1.1.3 in. 150 4. Boiler Burnet(s) 1976 2 25.1.1.3 in. 150 5. Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1976 2 25.1.1.3 in. 150 6. Boiler Economizer 1976 1 2 15000 MBtu (on 2 larger bin) 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1976 1 7500 Mbtr (on 2 larger bin) 12. Condensas Pumps 1976 1 7500 Mbtr (on 2 larger bin) 13. Condensas Pumps 1976 1 7500 Mbtr (on 2 larger bin) 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 1 10000 gal (b. Hp 15. Condensas Pumps 1976 3 4 (b. Hp (1-tarbine, 2-motor) 16. Foodwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 4 (b. Hp 20. Cooling Warr Pumps 1976 3 4 (b. Hp 2. Fool Oil Uniocining Pump 1976 1 100000	2. Re	isef Valve(s)	1990	7	2	.s		පී	7
4. Boiler Burner(s) 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1976 2 MBtu 5. Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1976 2 3 Hp 6. Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1976 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger blrs) 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1976 1 7500 MBtu (on 2 larger blrs) 8. Deservator System 8. Deserving Heater 1976 1 7500 Mbtr 12. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 7500 Mptr (1-turbine, 2-motor) 13. Condensate Pumps 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 13. Condensate Pumps 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 15. Condensate Receiver 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 16. Evel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 2. Feel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 3 dism (in.) 3. Feel Oil Pump 1976 1 0 <t< td=""><td>3.</td><td>odwater Regulator(s)</td><td>1661</td><td>7</td><td>2-2.5, 1-1.5</td><td>.s</td><td></td><td>Good</td><td>B</td></t<>	3.	odwater Regulator(s)	1661	7	2-2.5, 1-1.5	. s		Good	B
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 2.5 Hp 6. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 1 5 Hp 6. Boiler Economizer 1976 1 5 Hp 7. Boiler Economizer 1976 1 2 159000 MBu (on 2 larger birs) Pendwater System 1976 1 7500 IbAr 1	4. Bo	iler Burner(s)	1976	7		MBtu			
S. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1976 1 5 Hp (on 2 larger bits) 6. Boiler Economizer 1976 2 159000 MBtu (on 2 larger bits) 7. Booler Drum Level Control 1976 1 7500 lb/hr (on 2 larger bits) 12. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 7500 lb/hr 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 150 1 <td< td=""><td>B</td><td></td><td>1976</td><td>7</td><td>22</td><td>H</td><td></td><td>3</td><td>B</td></td<>	B		1976	7	22	H		3	B
6. Boiler Economizer 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 8. Descrizing Heater 8. Descrizing Heater 11. Condensate Pumps 11. Condensate Pumps 11. Condensate Receiver 11. Goodensate Pumps 11. Foodensate Pumps 11. Foodensate Receiver 11. Foodensate Receiver 11. Foodensate Receiver 12. Condensate Receiver 13. Condensate Receiver 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 15. Condensate Receiver 16. Boiler Feed Pumps 16. Foodensate Pumps 17. Solder Feed Pumps 18. Boiler Feed Pumps 19. Foodensate Piping System (valve) 19. Foodensate Piping System (valve) 19. Foodensate Piping System (valve) 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Piping System (valve) 19. Foodensate Piping System (valve) 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Piping System (valve) 19. Foodensate Piping System (BLW) 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Piping System (BLW) 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Piping System (BLW) 19. Foodensate Pumps 19. Foodensate Pump	Bo	iler Fan(s) (FD)	9261	_	*	£		පී	Good
7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1991 2 Peachwater System 8. Descrating Heater 1976 1 7500 lb/hr 12. Condensas Pumps 1991 3 40 Hp 12. Condensas Pumps 1976 1 10000 gd 13. Condensas Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp 19. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 60 Hp 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 90 Hp 21. Fael Unloading Pump 1976 3 30 Hp 22. Fael Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 100000 gal 3. Fael Oil Pump 1976 1 20000 gal 4. Fael Oil Pump 1976 2 dism (in.) 5. Fael Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 dism (in.) 6. Fael Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 dism (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976		iler Economizer	1976	7	159000	MBt	(on 2 larger birs)		
8. Describing Heater 1976 1 7500 lbArr 12. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 3 Hp 12. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 3 Hp 13. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 3 Hp 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 1 1000 gal 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 0 Hp 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 0 Hp 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Fael Dial Dialer System 1976 1 100000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1976 1 20000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 1 20000 gal 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1 3 diam (in.) <tr< td=""><td></td><td>iler Drum Level Control</td><td>1661</td><td>7</td><td></td><td></td><td>·</td><td>පි</td><td>Good</td></tr<>		iler Drum Level Control	1661	7			·	පි	Good
8. Describing Heater 1976 1 7500 lb/fir 12. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 3 Hp 13. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 10000 gal 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 16. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 0 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 0 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Finel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 1 100000 gal 1 3. Finel Oil Tank - Underground 1976 1 2 diam (in.) 4. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) 5. Fuel Oil Piping System 1 2	ŀ	rater System							ĺ
12. Condensate Pumps 1976 1 3 Hp 12. Condensate Pumps 1991 3 5 Hp 13. Condensate Receiver 1976 1 10000 gal 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 19. Feedwater Piping System 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 1. Fuel Oil Water Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 1 100000 gal (20 Hp) 2. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 2000 gal (20 Hp) 3. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 20 disen (in.) (20 Hp) 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 3 disen (in.) 4 4 Ale Recovery System 1 <td>∞ Q</td> <td>nerating Heater</td> <td>1976</td> <td></td> <td>7500</td> <td>lb/hr</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	∞ Q	nerating Heater	1976		7500	lb/hr			
12. Condensate Pumps 1991 3 5 Hp 13. Condensate Receiver 1976 1 10000 gal 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 19. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 21. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 1 100000 gal 22. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 20000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1976 1 20000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 20000 gal 5. Puel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 dism (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 4 Puel Oil Piping System 4 Puel Oil Piping System		ndensate Pumps	9261	-	6	£		පී	Ŗ
13. Condensate Receiver 1976 1 10000 gal (1-turbine, 2-motor) 14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 30 Hp 2 Feel Handling System 1976 1 100000 gal 3. Feel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 20000 gal 4. Feel Oil Pump 1976 1 20000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 20000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Pump 2 diam (in.) 3 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) Air Polistion Control Systems Americal Systems 4 4 4		ndensate Pumps	1661	æ	S	击		පි	Cood
14. Boiler Feed Pumps 1976 3 40 Hp (1-turbine, 2-motor) 19. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1976 3 60 Hp 150 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp 150 Parel Handling System 1976 3 30 Hp 1976 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 1 100000 gal 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 20000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Paing System (BLW) 1976 1 20000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 1 2 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 diam (in.) Air Pollation Control Systems 3 diam (in.)		indensiate Receiver	9261		10000	3		රි	B
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1976 2 dism (in.) 150 20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp 150 Fael Handling System 1976 3 30 Hp 1976 3 1976 3 1976 1 100000 gal 20 Hp	•	iler Feed Pumps	9261	m	4	£	(1-turbine, 2-motor)	පී	ğ
20. Cooling Water Pumps 1976 3 60 Hp First Handling System 1976 3 30 Hp 2. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 1 100000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 2000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 2000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 1 2000 gal 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) 3 diam (in.) Akr Polistion Coatrol Systems 3 4 4	_	sdwater Piping System (valve)	9261		7	diam (in.)	_	පි	묫
Finel Handling System 1976 3 Hp 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 1 100000 gal 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 2000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pamp 1976 1 2000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) Akr Polistion Control Systems Akr Raisalon Monitoring 3 diam (in.)		oling Water Pumpe	1976	60	3	是		රි	덩
1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1976 3 30 Hp 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 100000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1976 1 2000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 2000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 disen (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 disen (in.) Akr Pollation Control Systems 3 disen (in.) sad Emission Monitoring 5 6		Jandiing System							
2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1976 1 1000000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1976 1 20000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 10 gpm (20 Hp) 7. Netural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 dism (in.) Air Pollution Control Systems 3 dism (in.) Air Pollution Control Systems 3 dism (in.)	 F	al Oil Unloading Pump	9261	6	8	Нр		රි	B
3. Finel Oil Tank - Underground 1976 1 20000 gal 4. Finel Oil Pump 1976 1 10 gpm (20 Hp) 6. Finel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 3 diam (in.) Air Pollation Control Systems 3 diam (in.) and Emission Monitoring 4	· 5	al Oil Tank - Above ground	9261	-	100000	- 13		පී	900
4. Fuel Oil Pump 1976 1 10 gpm (20 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 diam (in.) 3 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) Ale Recovery Systems 3 diam (in.) 3 diam (in.)	P	al Oil Tank - Underground	1976		20000	.		පී	ğ
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1976 2 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System Air Polistion Control Systems and Emission Monitoring	4. Fu	al Oil Pump	1976	-	01		(20 Hp)		
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1976 3 diam (in.) Heat Recovery Systems Air Polistica Control Systems and Emission Monitoring		al Oil Piping System (BLW)	9261		7	diam (in.)		රී	Pood O
Heat Recovery Systems Air Polistion Control Systems and Emission Monitoring		tural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1976		m	diam (in.)		රි	Good
Air Polistica Control Systems and Emission Monitoring		Recovery System							
T-18	ł	offstion Control Systems mission Monitoring							
	S. Stack	·		ļ		diem (A)	the second	3	

Table 14s (Cont'd)

F. Craim-bridge Controls Properties Pr		Year					
1. Parts Matter 1. Parts M	Resignment	Installed	Unite	Specification			Condition
1. Pines Master 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	ı						
2. Boiler Master 1991 3 3. Fausa Sefegatural System 1976 3 4. Frances Death Control (OAMPACT) 1976 2 CQ TRIM on large bin sefegatural structurentsition/Indicators 5. Additional Boiler Instrumentsition/Indicators 1976 5 50 gal 0.333 Hp 1. Chemical Storage Tents and Pumps 1976 5 50 gal 0.333 Hp 2. Codium Zoolite Software 1989 1 770 gpm (185 continuous) 9. Socium Zoolite Software 1990 1 770 gpm (185 continuous) 1. Air Compressor (RECTP) 1990 2 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 2. An Experiment 1976 1 20 SCFM (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 20 graph (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 20 mps (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 20 mps (14 Hp) 4. Backeriver 1993 1 150 KVA (15 Hp) 5. Building Soling, Windows, and Doors 1976 1993 1 10 kp 6. Building Concrete and Building Soled 1976 1 20 mps 7. Building Concrete and Building Soled 1976 1	1. Plant Marter	1661	_				0000
3. Flame Subgrand System 1976 3 4. Formace Design Instrumentation/Indicators 1976 2 CZ TRIM on Larger Mon. 5. Additional Bookine Instrumentation/Indicators 1976 2 CZ TRIM on Larger Mon. 6. Cheering Dead System 1976 5 50 pal 0.333 Hgp 7. Cheering Storage Tarks and Pumps 1976 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) 9. Sodium Zoolie Sofreer 1976 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) Condensate Publishing 2 48 SCPM (185 continuous) Condensate Publishing 3 48 SCPM (184 pp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1990 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1996 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) 2. Air Dayer (REPR) 1996 1 200 gpd 200 gpd 3. Air Rocaiver 1996 1 200 kVA 200 gpd 4. Building Storate Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 200 mps 5. Serind general Plane 1976 1 200 m	2. Boiler Master	1661	60				700 0
4. Fernace Draft Control (DAMPACT) 1991 3 CD TRIM on larger bits 5. Additional Boiler instrumentation/Indicators 1976 5 50 gal 0.333 Hp 6. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps 1976 5 50 gal 0.333 Hp 9. Sodium Zoofles Softwar 1976 1 270 gam (185 continuous) 1. Act Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 1. Ari Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 1. Ari Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 2. Ari Rocsiver 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 3. Ari Rocsiver 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 4. Building Scieng, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 50 amps 5. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1976 1 50 amps 4. Building Suside Disting Building Steel 1976 1 48 49	3. Flante Safeguard System	1976	6				Coop
S. Additional Boiler Instrumentsition/Indicators 1976 2 OZ TRIM on larger bits C. Chemical Storage Tanks 1976 5 50 gal 0.333 Hp 9. Sodium Zoolite Sorteen 1976 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) 9. Sodium Zoolite Softener 1989 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) Compressed Aler System 1976 1 48 SCPM (185 continuous) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCPM (184 lp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 200 gal (184 lp) 2. Air Dayer (RERR) 1976 1 200 gal (184 lp) 3. Air Rocciver 1976 1 200 gal (184 lp) 4. Building Storage — Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Amps 5. Switchgeur — Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Amps 6. Building Concrete and Building Steed 1976 1 40 mps 7. Switchgeur — Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 40 mps 8. Building O	4. Furnace Draft Control (DAMPACT)	1661	60				Oood
Chesikal Field System 1976 S S0 pal 0.333 Hp	5. Additional Boiler Instrumentation/Indicators	1976	7		O2 TRIM on		Cood
Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps 1976 5 50 pal 0.333 Hp Make-up Water System 9. Sodium Zeolies Sofhener 1989 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) Condensate Publishing Condensate Publishing 1 48 SCPM (185 continuous) 1. Air Compressor (RECTP) 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECTP) 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECTP) 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 2. Air Dyer (REPR) 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 4. Bridding Stems 1976 1 50 amps (18 Hp) 5. Swind-Park 1976 1 50 amps 7. Transformer 1976 1 50 amps 8. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1976 1 gpm 3. Hp 4. Bui			•		larger birs		
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pemps 1976 5 gpd 0.333 Hp 9. Sodium Zeolite Softener 1989 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) Condensee Publishing Condensee Publishing 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) Congenessed RECIPD 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIPD) 1976 1 50 SCPM (15 Hp) 2. Air Deyer (RECIP) 1976 1 20 gpd (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 4. Building String, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 50 amps Payeder Plea 1976 1 50 amps Payeder Plea 1976 1 50 amps Building Concrete and Building Steed 1976 1 gpm (19th) 5. Building Outside Dimensions 1976 <td>1</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	1						
9. Sodium Zaolite Softener 1989 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) Condenente Publishing Condenente Publishing 1 770 gpm (18 Hp) Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1990 2 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 2. Air Dyne (RERR) 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 4. Microsiver 1976 1 2600 KVA (15 Hp) 1. Transformer 1976 1 50 amps 1. Transformer 1976 1 50 amps 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps 3. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps 4. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 <td< td=""><td>1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps</td><td>1976</td><td>S</td><td>8</td><td>ing.</td><td></td><td>Good</td></td<>	1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1976	S	8	ing.		Good
9. Sodium Zoolite Softener 1989 1 270 gpm (185 continuous) Condensate Publishing Condensate Publishing 1976 1 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 2. Air Dryer (REIR) 1976 1 20 pal (15 Hp) 3. Air Roceiver 1976 1 20 pal (15 Hp) 3. Air Roceiver 1976 1 200 pal (15 Hp) 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA (15 Hp) 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA (15 Hp) 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps (15 Hp) 3. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps (18 Hp) 4. Building Concrete and Building Steed 1976 1 50 amps (18 Hp) 5. Switchgear – Main (Tea/No) 1989 1 gpm (3 Hp)							
Compressed Air System 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 2. Air Dayer (RECIP) 1976 1 20 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 4. Binding Contractions 1976 1 2600 KVA 1 1. Transformer 1976 1 50 amps 1 1. Transformer 1976 1 50 amps 1 2. Switchgear - Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps 1 Physical Plea 1976 1 50 amps 1 4 2. Switchgear - Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps 1 4 3. Sumplement once and Building Steed 1976 1 4 4 4 4 4 <		1989	-	270		(185 continuous).	Good
Compressed Air System Compressed Air System 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 2. Air Dryer (REFR) 1976 1 50 SCFM (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal (15 Hp) 4. Air Receiver 1976 1 2600 KVA (15 Hp) 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA 1 2600 KVA 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Amps Physical Plan 1976 1 40 amps Amps Physical Plan 1976 1 40 amps Amps Building Siding Roofing Windows, and Doors 1976 1 40 amps Amps 4. Building Dustinge Dimensions 40 building Dustinge Dimensions 40 building Dustinge Dimensions 40 building Dustinge Dimensions 40 building Massement (You'No) 40 building Massement (You'No) 40 building Massement (You'No) 40 building Massement (You'No)	i						
1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1976 1 48 SCFM (15 Hp) 2. Air Dryer (RERR) 1976 1 50 SCFM (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 50 gal 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA 1. Transformer 1976 1 50 empc Physical Plan 1976 1 50 empc Physical Plan 1976 1 50 empc Physical Plan 1976 1 50 empc 2. Switchger – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 empc 2. Switchger – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 4 gpm 3 3. Sumpling Steel 1976 1 4 Building Outside Dimensions 4 Building Outside Dimensions 4 Building Building Outside Dimensions 4 Building Outside Dimensions 4 Building Wasenerit (Yes/No) 4 Aughth							
1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 1990 2 48 SCPM (15 Hp) 2. Air Dayer (REPR) 1976 1 50 SCPM (15 Hp) 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal 4. Transformer 1 1993 1 2600 KVA 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Physical Plan 1976 1 50 amps Physical Plan 1976 1 50 amps 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Physical Plan 1976 1 50 amps 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps A. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 amps 3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 amps 4. Building Lighting Building Lighting Amps Amps Amps Building Basement (Yea/No) 1976 Amps Amps	1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1976		#	SCFM	(15 Hp)	Good
2. Air Boyer (REPR) 1976 1 50 \$cFPM 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 \$all 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 \$all 2. Air Receiver 1993 1 2600 KVA 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Physical Plan 1976 1 50 amps Physical Plan 1976 1 50 amps 2. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 50 amps 3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 apm 3 3 Hp) 4. Building Lighting Building Lighting Ht (ft) Lgth (ft) Width (ft) Building Submitting Basement (Yes/No) Ht (ft) Lgth (ft) Width (ft)	1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1990	7	*	SCFM	(15 Hp)	Coop
3. Air Receiver 1976 1 200 gal 3. Air Receiver 1976 1 100 gal Einstrictual System 1993 1 2600 KVA 1. Transformer 1 1993 1 2600 KVA 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Flystical Plan 1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 spm (3 Hp) 2. Building Concrete and Building Steel 1976 1 spm (3 Hp) 3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 gpm (3 Hp) 4. Building Lighting Building Dataide Dimensions Ht (ft) Light (ft) Width (ft)	2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1976	-	S	SCFM		
3. Air Receiver 1976 1 100 gal Electrical System 1993 1 2600 KVA 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA 2. Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Physical Plan 1976 1 50 amps 1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 40 amps 2. Building Concrete and Building Steel 1976 1 40 amps 3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 4 amps 4. Building Lighting Building Lighting 1976 Ht (ft) Lefth (ft) Width (ft)	-	1976	,4	8	3		Good
Electrical System 2600 KVA 1. Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA 2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 emps Physical Plan 1976 1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1976 2. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1976 3. Sump Pump Concrete and Building Steel 1976 1976 4. Building Concrete and Building Steel 1976 1976 Building Lighting Ht (ft) Building Basement (Yea/No) Ht (ft)		1976	-	901	.		Good
Transformer 1993 1 2600 KVA Transformer 1976 1 50 amps Switchgear - Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Ruiching Skiding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 Amps Building Skiding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 Amps Building Concrete and Building Steel 1976 Amps Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 Amps Building Lighting Building Outside Dimensions Ht (ft) Light (ft) Width (ft)	l						
Transformer 1993 1 1500 KVA Switchgear - Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Typical Plan 1976 1 50 amps Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1 4 Building Concrete and Building Steel 1976 1 4 Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 gpm (3 Hp) Building Lighting Building Outside Dimensions Ht (ft) Light (ft) Width (ft)	1. Transformer	1993		2600	KVA		Cood
Switchgear – Main Circuit Breaker 1976 1 50 amps Payelcal Final 1976 1976 1976 Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 1976 1976 Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 1989 1 gpm (3 Hp) Building Lighting Ht (ft) Light (ft) Width (ft) Building Basement (Yes/No) Width (ft) Width (ft)	-	1993	-	1500	KVA		Good
iding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 1976 concrete and Building Steel 1976 ighting 1976 batishe Dimensions Ht (ft) Lgth (ft) Width (ft)		1976	-	S	ed wa		Good
1976 1976 1976 1976 Ht (ft) Lepth (ft) Width (ft)	L. Physical Plan	1976					Good
1976 1989 1 GPm (3 Hp) 1976 Ht (ft) Lgth (ft) Width (ft)	1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Door						Good
1989 1 (3 Hp) 1976 Ht (ft) Lefth (ft) Width (ft)	2. Building Concrete and Building Steel						O O
1976 Ht (ft) Width (ft) Width (ft)	3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL)	1989		1		(3 Hp)	
Hr (ft) Left (ft)	4. Building Lighting	1976					Cood
Building Basement (Tes/No)	Building Outside Dimensions		(¥)		Leth (R)	Width	(£)
	Building Basement (Tes/No)						

Table 14b

Status Que Life-Cycle Cest Analysis for Fort Campbell Bidg, 3902

LIPE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

LOCID 1.665

DATE/TIME: 95-14-92 15:46:57
PROJECT MO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL
DESIGN FRANCE:
ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO
NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC IMPUT DATA SCHOOLRY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Room Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.60 KEY PROJECT-CALMEDAR IMPORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)
MIDPOINT OF COMMERCICITION (MFC)
MIDPOINT OF COMMERCICITION (MFC)
MIDPOINT OF COMMERCY DATE (MOD)

JAM 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)

JAM 18

*****************	*********	*********	
COST / BENEFIT	COST	EQUIVALENT INTERPRET	TDE(S)
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	DIFFERENTIAL ESCALATION	ii
PERCHIPSION	I TH DOE 2	RATE	COST INCURRED
		(* PER YEAR)	
INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	.00	JUL 92
DISTILLATE OIL	58992.1	1.58	JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	580033.1	3.39	JUL93-JUL17
NAINT LABOR	138100.0		JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	1 31081.0		JUL93-JUL17
I MAINT SUPPLY	1 224000.0		JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	1 155405.0		JUL93-JUL17
STACE	25000.0	.00	JAN 16 j
DRUMCTL	15000.0	.00	JAN 11
# ECONOMIZER	140000.0	.00	JAN 96
P_PAN	7000.0	.00	Jan 16
7_7M	23750.0	.00	JAN 16
RELVALVE RELVALVE	1 6400.0	.00	JAN 96
RELVALVE WTROTTER	3200.0	.00	JAM 10
WINGILER	1 600000.0	.00	JAN 16
WINGS	1 1950000.0 3 50000.0	.00	JAN 16
WINCHER	20000.0	.00	JAN 16
PERFECUENCE	1 15000.0	.00	JAN 16 Jan 96
TANKPOLY	1 1000.0	.00	JAN 96
PLANEARE	30000.0	.00	JAN 06
0278394	20000.0		JAM 06
AIRCOMPRICIP	32000.0	.00	JAN 96
AIRCOMPRECIP	64000.0	.00	JAM 10
AIRDRYERREFR	20000.0	.00	JAN 91
AIRRECV	600.0	.00	JAM 06
AIRRICY	1 1100.0	.00	JAN 06 i
SWITCE	1 12000.0	.00	JAN 16
TRANSFORMER	1 38000.0 i	.00	JAN 16
TRANSFORMER	1 51200.0	.00	JAN 16
COMPLOID	1 4000.0	.00	JAM 96 1
COMPANY	1 13500.0	.00	JAN 96
COOLPUMP	34200.0	.00	JAN 96
DAIRMEATER	J 55000.0 j		JAN 16
PERCECIA	53250.0	.00	JAM 06
PMPIPINGVAL	1100.0	.00	JAN 96
MAGPIPERELON	18.0	.00	JAN 01
OILPIPERELON	25.0	.00	JAN 01
TAMEABOVE	4000.0	.00	JAN 01
TAMERICAN	320000.0	.00)	JAN 16
DECARPING	26000.0 j 23400.0 j	.00 !	JAN 06
SISOFT	23400.0 191000.0	.00 j	JAN 96
SUCCESSION	4900.0	.00	JAN 09 JAN 04
******************		, , ,	JAR V6

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - KENTUCKY CENSUS REGION: 3
RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 STUS ELECTRIC DESGAND: 10**0 DOLLARS
ENERGY TYPE \$/MSTU AMOUNT ELECT. DESGAND: 10**0 DOLLARS
DIST 4.04 14602.0
HAT G 2.99 193991.0 ELECT. DESGAND: 10**0 DOLLARS
TROUBLE PROJECTED DATES
JAM93-JAM18

Table 14b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:44:57
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 3902
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL
DESIGN FEATURE:
ALF. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO
NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS

BRENGY COSTS:

1005860. 12388260. DISTILLATE OIL MATURAL CAS

. TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 13394120.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS 7872439.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS

OTHER OLM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE ٥.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PM) 22825380.

*MET PM EQUIVALENTS ON JAMP2; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT JAMP2 DOLLARS
*EMERGY ESCALATION RATES PRON MIST HAMDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDONN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BESETFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAM93 AMBUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

******	*******	********	********	*******	*******
PAY	DIST	NAT G	MER	R/R	OTHER
222 1	******				
1 11	55878.	544316.	512799.	1 0.	0.1
1 21	53462.	528476.	490248.	ı 0.	0.1
1 31	50990.	506643.	468688.	1 0.	0.1
1 41	48737.	484362.	448076.	226048.	0.1
1 51	46637.	466900.	428371.	i 0.	0.1
1 61	44866.	453096.	409533.	1 0.	0.1
1 71	43812.	455844.	391523.	١ ٥.	0.1
1 81	43060.	465973.	374305.	I 0.	0.1
1 91	42441.	480185.	357844.	2697.	0.1
1 101	42007.	502883.	342107.	1 0.	0.1
11	41567.	518597.	327062.	1 0.	0.1
1 121	41070.	523934.	312679.	2856.	0.1
13	40545.	535173.	298928.	. 0.	0.1
1 141	39820.			69769.	0.1
15	38947.	543575.	273214.	j 0.	0.1
1 161	37902.	537705.	261199.	0.	0.1
1 171	36755.	524538.	249712.	88919.	0.1
1 181	35491.	517484.	238731.	29909.	0.1
1 191	34377.	504687.	228232.	6382.	0.1
1 201	33482.	491555.	218195.	0.	0.1
i 21 i	32646.	479278.	208600.		
1 221	31753.	466176.	199426.	0.	i 0. i
i 23 i	30855.	452991.	190656.		
1 241	29856.	438321.		1132239.	i 0. i
i 25 i	28904.	424337.			
	005860.		7872439.		
			,		

*MET PM EQUIVALENTE ON JAM92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT JAM92 DOLLARS *EMERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM MIST HAMBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 15a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Campbell Bidg 7006

Installed Units Specification 1 Specification 2 Co.			Year						
Boiler Persure Parts and Section 1985 2 25 106 MBun/hr	2	per	Installed	Units	Specification	_	Specification	7	Condition
1. Boiler Persaure Parts and Schilder Persaure Regulator(4) 1965 1 1.5 in. 165 prig 195 1.5 in. 165 prig 195 2 31333 MBuu 195 195 31333 MBuu 195 3 31333	1		1985	2	25.106	MBtu/hr			Good
Setting Setting 333 semp 3. Reisel Valve(s) 1990 4 2.5 in. 150 pag 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 2 31333 MBu 165 pag 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 2 31333 MBu 165 pag 5. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 2 31333 MBu 165 pag 6. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 1 530909 MBu 166 pag 7. Boiler Drun Level Control 1985 1 530909 MBu 166 pag 8. Boiler Economiser 1985 1 5000 MBu 165 pag 8. Boiler Drun Level Control 1985 1 5000 MBu 165 pag 8. Boiler Feed Pumpe 1985 1 30000 gal 165 pag 9. Feed Pumpe 1985 2 diam (in.) 165 pag 165 pag 9. Feed Oil Pump 1985 2 diam (ii.) 165 pag 1 1. Feel Oil Pump 1985 2 24° diam (ii.)	_	1. Boiler Pressure Parts and							
2. Relief Valve(s) 1990 4 2.5 in. 150 paig 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 2 3133 in. 165 paig 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1985 2 3134 in. 165 paig 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1985 2 30 Hp 199 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1985 1 530609 MBus 199 7. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1985 1 530609 MBus 1 8. Descenting Heater 1985 1 57750 lb/hr 1 8. Descenting Heater 1985 1 57750 lb/hr 165 paig 5. Make-up Pumps 1985 1 30000 gal 165 paig 6. Fed Oll Tank - Underground 1985 1 30000 gal 165 paig 7. Fed Oll Printing System (BLW) 1985 2 4 diam (in.) 165 paig 8. Fed Oll Printing System (BLW) 1985 1 30000 gal 1 4 7. Natural Cas Piping System 1 1985 4 diam (in.) 165 paig 7. Natural Castrol System <td></td> <td>Setting</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>8</td> <td>paig</td> <td>333</td> <td>temp</td> <td>Good</td>		Setting			8	paig	333	temp	Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s) 1965 1 115 in. 165 prig 4. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 2 3183 MBu 165 prig 5. Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1985 2 33000 MBu 1 7. Boiler Formonizer 1985 1 53000 MBu 1 7. Boiler Form Level Control 1985 1 57750 lbAr 1 8. Boiler Faul 1985 1 57750 lbAr 1 6 8. Boiler Feed Pumps 1985 1 57750 lbAr 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1 6 1	**		1990	4	2.5	, 	150	paig	Good
4. Boiler Burner(s) 1985 2 31383 MBus 5. Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1985 2 30 Hp 6. Boiler Exconomizer 1985 1 530909 MBus 7. Boiler Dernomizer 1985 1 57750 Bhr 8. Deserraing Heater 1985 1 57750 Bhr 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1985 1 50 Hp (with DA tank) 5. Make-up Pumps 1985 1 30000 gal 9. Feed Vaniser Piping System (subve) 1985 1 30000 gal 1. Feel Oil Pump 1985 1 30000 gal 4. Feel Oil Pump 1985 2 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 2 4 diam (in.) Ar Pollation Coatrol System 18 Lev Over Pleash Tank Outside Pit 4 diam (in.) Ar Belanton Coatrol System 4 diam (in.) Ar Belanton Coatrol System 5. Stack 1980 2 2.4" diam (in.) Ar Belanton Coatrol System 4 diam (i	, (~		1985	-	1.5	.5	165		Good
S. Boiler Faults, (FD) (FD) 1985 2 30 Hp 6. Boiler Economizer 1985 1 530909 MBtu 7. Boiler Economizer 1985 1 530909 MBtu Predeter System 1985 1 57750 Bh/hr (with DA tank) 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1980 2 2 30 Hp (with DA tank) 5. Malter up Pumps 1985 1 30000 gal 165 paig Peel Bandling System 1985 1 30000 gal 1 Arel Oil Pump (with DA tank) 1 Feel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 1 30000 gal 4 diam (in.) 165 paig 6. Feel Oil Pump 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 7 Natural Ose Phing System 1985 4 diam (in.) Arel District (in.) Arel Pullarion Control 1 1 30000 gal 4 diam (in.) Arel District (in.) Arel District (in.) <t< td=""><td>. •</td><td></td><td>1085</td><td>. 7</td><td>31383</td><td>Z.</td><td></td><td></td><td>Coo</td></t<>	. •		1085	. 7	31383	Z.			Coo
6. Boiler Economizer 1985 1 530909 MBtu 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1985 1 57750 lbAr 8. Describing Heater 1995 1 57750 lbAr 8. Describing Heater 1995 1 50 Hp (with DA tank) 8. Boiler Feed Pumps 1985 1 20 Hp (with DA tank) 5. Make-up Pumps 1985 1 30000 gal 6. Feed water Piping System 1985 1 185 ping 9. Feed water Piping System 1985 1 185 ping A. Feel Oil Tenk - Underground 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Feel Oil Tenk - Underground 1985 1 125 diam (in.) (2 Hp) 6. Feel Oil Tenk - Underground 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Feel Oil Feing System 1985 1 25 diam (in.) diam (in.) 7. Natural Cas Piping System 1980 2 274" diam (in.) hei	, •	S. Roiler Fan(s) (FD)	1985	~	8	유			900
Predvanler System	. •		1985	_	\$30900	MR			Good
8. Describes Freedwater System 1985 1 57750 Bhbr (with DA tank) 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1990 2 20 Hp (with DA tank) 5. Make-up Pumps 1985 1 2.5 diam (in.) 165 paig 9. Feedwater Fiping System (valve) 1985 1 30000 gal 7. Net Haddling System 1985 1 30000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) Architecture (in.)			1985	7					Sood
8. Descriting Heater 1985 1 57750 Bh/hr 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1990 2 20 Hp (with DA tank) 5. Malte-up Pumps 9 1985 2 25 diam (in.) 165 paig 9. Feed valer Piping System (valve) 1985 1 30000 gal 15 paig 7. Fuel Oil Pump 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 1. Blow Roover Payers 1985 4 diam (in.) height (f) height (f) 1. Blow Roover Payers 1960 2 2'4" diam (fi) height (fi) 2. Stack 1960 2 2'4" diam (fi) height (fi) 3. Flame Safeguard System 1987 2 2'4" diam (fi) height (fi) 4. Furnace Draft Control 1985 2 2'4"	=	Feedwaler System							
4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1990 2 30 Hp (with DA tank) 5. Make-up Pumps Base water supply pressure 2.5 diam (in.) 165 psig 9. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1985 1 30000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 1 18 gpm (2 Hp) 4. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1985 4 diam (in.) (2 Hp) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) height (f) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) height (f) Als Pollation Control Systems 1960 2 2/4" diam (in.) height (f) 5. Stack 1960 2 2/4" diam (in.) 40 height (f) 6 Stack 1987 2 4 diam (in.) Armace Draft Control 5. Stack 1987 2 2/4" diam (in.) Armace Draft Control 4. Furnace Draft Control 1985 2 2/4" diam (in.) Arditional Boiler 5. Additional Boiler 1985 2 2 Arditional Boiler 5.	-	3. Deserating Heater	1985	-	57750	lb/hr			Good
S. Make-up Pumpe Base water supply pressure 2.5 diam (in.) 165 paig Fivel Handling System 1985 1 30000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 1 30000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 4 diam (in.) (2 Hp) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) height (f) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) height (f) Als Pollation Constrol System 1980 2 2'4" diam (f) height (f) Als Pollation Constrol System 1960 2 2'4" diam height (f) 5. Stack 1980 2 2'4" diam Areight (f) Combestion Control 4 Furnace Draft Control 2 2'4" diam Areight (f) 4. Furnace Draft Control 4 Furnace Draft Control 2 2'4" diam Areight (f) 5. Additional Boiler 1985 2 2'4" diam Areight (f) 6. Additiona	4		1990	7	8	Hp	(with DA tank)		Cood
9. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1985 1 30000 gal 165 paig Feel Haadling System 1985 1 30000 gal (2 Hp) 4. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Piping System 1985 1 25 diam (in.) (2 Hp) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) (2 Hp) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 5 diam (in.) 5 diam (in.) 5 diam (in.) 6 diam (in.) 6 diam (in.) 6 diam (in.) 7 diam (in.) 6 diam (in.) 6 diam (in.) 6 diam (in.) 7 diam (in.) 7 diam (in.) 8 diam (in.) 9 diam (in.)	1		Base water supply pressure			•			
Feel Handling System 1985 1 30000 gal 2 Hg 4. Feel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Feel Oil Pump 1985 1.25 diam (in.) 1.25 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 2 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1. Blowdown Flash Tank Outside Pit meight (f) 1 height (f) Air Pollution Control Systems 2 24" diam (f) height (f) 5. Stack 1960 2 24" diam 40 height (f) 6. Transc Dard Control 2 24" diam 40 height (f) 7. Gambaction Controls 2 24" diam 40 height (f) 8. Additional Boiler 3 2 2 40 height (f) 9. Additional Boiler 1985 2 2 7 10 Ambrech Land Control 1985 2 02 TRIM	*		1985		2.5	diam (in.)	165	Die.	Good
3. Feel Oil Tank - Underground 1985 1 30000 gal (2 Hp) 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1985 2 18 gpm (2 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Piping System 1985 1.25 diam (in.) 1.25 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gae Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) Alend the Control System 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) </td <td>ن</td> <td>Fuel Handling System</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td> <td></td>	ن	Fuel Handling System							
4. Fuel Oil Pump 1985 2 18 grm (2 Hp) 6. Fuel Oil Piping System 1985 1.25 diam (in.) 1.25 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1985 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery Systems 1. Blowdown Flash Tank Outside Pit diam (ft.) height (ft.) Air Pollation Constrol Systems and Emission Monitoring 1960 2 2.4" diam (ft.) height (ft.) 5. Stack Combastion Constrols 1960 2 2.4" diam (ft.) height (ft.) 5. Stack Combastion Controls 1960 2 2.4" diam (ft.) A0 height (ft.) 4. Furnace Draft Control 4. Furnace Draft Control 2 2.4" diam (ft.) And the Control 5. Additional Boiler 1985 2 02 TRIM Instrumentation/Indicators 1985 2 02 TRIM	(*)	3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1985	_	30000	gal			9
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 7. Natural Gas Piping System	•	1. Fuel Oil Pump	1985	7	18		(2 Hp)		Good
7. Natural Gae Piping System 1985 4 diam (in.) (BLW) Heat Recovery System 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System Outside Pit diam (ft) height (ft) Air Pollation Control Systems 1960 2 2/4" diam height (ft) 5. Stack Combestion Controls 1960 2 2/4" diam 40 height (ft) 6. Stack Additional System 1987 2 2 4. hunace Draft Control (DAMPACT) 1985 2 6. Additional Boiler 1985 2 CTRIM CATRIM CATRIM	•		1985		1.25	diam (in.)			Good
Heat Recovery System		7. Natural Gas Piping System							
Heat Recovery System Outside Pit diam (ft) height (ft) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank Outside Pit height (ft) Air Polletion Control Systems 1960 2 24" diam 40 height (ft) 5. Stack Combession Controls 3. Flame Safeguard System 1987 2 24" diam 40 height (ft) 4. Furnace Draft Control (DAMPACT) 1985 2 2 Additional Boiler 1985 2 1985 1985 2		(BLW)	1985		*	diam (in.)			Good
1. Blowdown Flash Tank Outside Pit diam (ft) height (ft) Air Pollation Control Systems 1960 2 24" diam 40 height (ft) S stack Combestion Controls 3. Flame Safeguard System 1987 2 24" diam 40 height (ft) 3. Flame Safeguard System 1987 2 2 24" diam 40 height (ft) 4. Furnace Draft Control 1985 2 2 Additional Boiler 1985 2 5. Additional Boiler 1985 2 O2 TRIM	ا	Heat Recovery System							
Air Pollution Coatrol Systems 2 2'4" dism 40 height (ft) 5. Stack 2 2'4" dism 40 height (ft) Combestion Controls 3. Flame Safeguard System 1987 2 4. Furnace Draft Control 1987 2 Additional Boiler 1985 2 5. Additional Boiler 1985 2 Instrumentation/Indicators 1985 2		1. Blowdown Flash Tank	Outside Pit			diam (ft)		height (ft)	Good
System 1987 2 2'4" disun 40 height (ft) System 1987 2 2 2 2'4" disun 40 height (ft) Control 1987 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	应	Air Pollation Control Systems and Emission Monitoring							
System 1987 2 futfol 1985 2 odicators 1985 2 O2 TRIM	٠,	S. Stack	1960	7	2.4"	diam	₽		Good
Flame Safeguard System 1987 2 Furnace Draft Control 1985 2 Additional Boiler 1985 2 Instrumentation/Indicators 1985 2	F.	Combustion Controls							
Furnace Draft Control 1985 2 (DAMPACT) 1985 2 Additional Boiler 1985 2 O2 TRIM Instrumentation/Indicators 1985 2 O2 TRIM	٠٠,	3. Flame Safeguard System	1987	7					Good
(DAMPACT) 1985 2 Additional Boiler 2 O2 TRIM Instrumentation/Indicators 1985 2 O2 TRIM	•	4. Furnace Draft Control							
Instrumentation/Indicators 1985 2 O2 TRIM	•	_	1985	7					Good
	•	•	1985	7		O2 TRIM			Good

Table 15a (Cout'd)

Resistance	Year Installed	Units	Specification 1	=	Specification	~	Constition
G. Chemical Food System							
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and							
Pomps	1987	m	8	14 05	0.333	£	Coop
H. Make-up Water System							
9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1985	-	280				
I. Condensate Polishing							
J. Compressed Air System							
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1661	***	33.60		(15 He)		Good
2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1661	-	40.50	SCFM			
3. Air Receiver	1661	-	8				Cood
K. Electrical System							
1. Transformer/TransPCB		m	27	75 KVA			Cood
2. Switchgear Main Circuit	ļ) 			
Breaker	1985	-	98				S
L. Physical Plant							
1. Building Siding, Roofing,							
Windows, and Doors	1985						Good
2. Building Concrete and Building)
Store	1985						Good
3. Sump Pump							1
(SUBMERGE/VERTICAL)	1989	-			(3 He)		
4. Building Lighting	1985			;			Oood
Building Outside Dimensions		H (F)		Lesh (R)	,	Width (ft)	
Building Basement (Yes/No)	Z				i		
Building Size	1956		2828	#			
				•			

Table 15b

Status Que Life-Cycle Cost Analysis for Fort Campbell Bidg. 7006

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS
LCCID 1.065 D

STUDY: TDCAM3

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:47:36 FY 1992 BUILDING 7008

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL

KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

TITLE: STATUS QUO ALT. ID. A;

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY	92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN	92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	Jan	93
analysis end date (AED)	JAN	18

1		EQUIVALENT	1
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
		DIFFERENTIAL	
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS \$	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
	! !(\$ X 10**0)	RATE (* PER YEAR)	
	(3 X 100)	(4 PER IBAR)	
	=========		====================================
INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	.00	JUN 92
DISTILLATE OIL	37058.9	1.58	JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	364373.4	3.64	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR	94000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
Maint Serv	16949.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	125424.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	84746.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
DRUMCTL	10000.0	.00	JAN 05
BCONOMIZER	35000.0	.00	JAN 05
FTBOILER	1327500.0	.00	JAN 10
FTBURNER	112800.0	.00	JAN 10 I
RELVALVE	6800.0	.00	JAN 10
PUMPSIMPLEX	9000.0	.00	JAN 07
TANKPOLY	600.0	i .00	JAN 07
DAMPACT	2000.0	.00	JAN 15
FLAMESAFE	20000.0	.00	JAN 17
O2TRIM	20000.0	.00	JAN 15
AIRCOMPRECIP	32000.0	.00	JAN 11
AIRDRYERREFR	16000.0	.00	JAN 06
FWPIPINGVAL	1120.0	.00	JAN 05
NAGPIPEBELOW	23.0	.00	JAN 10
OILPIPEBELOW	25.0	.00	JAN 10
PUMP	7400.0	.00	JAN 10
TANKBELOW	42000.0	.00	JAN 15
SZSOFT	191000.0	.00	JAN 05
SUMPPUMPVERT	1 4900.0	.00	JAN 04
,		,	
****************			***********

Table 15b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:47:36
PROJECT NO., FY, 4 TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 7008
INSTALLATION 4 LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL RENTUCKY

DESIGN PEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - KENTUCKY CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT DIST 4.04 9173.0 DIST JAN93-JAN18 2.99 121864.0 NAT G JAN93-JAN18

• ,-,•

Table 15b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:47:36
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 7008
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS

0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL NATURAL GAS

638201.

7961011.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS

8599212.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS

4677794.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS

851324.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS

0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE

. 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW)

14128330.

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 15b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:47:36
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 7008
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93

ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

22#Z	*******	*******	825252223	****	********
PAY		NAT G			OTHER
===		******	*****	•	======
1	35454.	349791.	304705.	0.	0.1
1 2	33921.	339612.	291305.	0.	0.1
3	32352.	325582.	278494.	0.	0.1
1 4	30923.	311264.	266247.	0.	0.1
j 5	i 29591.	300042.	254538.		
1 6		291171.	243344.		
1 7					
i 8		299446.		•	
i j		•			
i 10		323166.			
i 11	-				
1 12		336694.			
i 13	•	343916.			
1 14	•	347807.			
1 15					
1 16	•	345543.			
1 17					•
1 18		332548.			
1 19					
20		315886.	:::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::		
21	•				
1 22		299577.			
1 23			•	•	
1 24		281677.			
		: i		•	
25	•				
1===					=======
1	1 638201.	7961011.	40///94.	851324.	0.1

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 16s

Bother Evaluation Parts List-Fort Campbell Bidg, 7223

Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification	****	Specification	7	Conflict
A. Bolher (WT)	1972	3	101	MBtu/hr			Bood
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			100	Deig	333	oma	Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	1972	m	1.5	, s	115	DETE	Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	1992	m	1.5	. .	110		Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1861	· (r)	-	. S	24		5
4. Roiler Rutter(s)	1972	· (*)	00901	Z.	3	ę L	3 8
C Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1072	, ~					3 7
A Della Englandian	107) -	200 478		. 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4 - 4		
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1661	- m	5,070	MDG	(1192) MBW/NI)		Coop
3. Peedwater System							
8. Deserating Heater	1972	-	19.500	III.			
12. Condensate Pumps	1972	-	1.5	£			7
12. Condensate Pumps	0661	. 6	1.5	÷			3 8
13. Condensate Receiver	1972) -	Ş	÷ 3			
	1972	m	9	1 1	(1-turbine, 2-motor)		8
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1972/1991		7	diem (in.)	160	peig	000
C. Fuel Handling System							
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1972	-	20000	1			Cood
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1972	9	8		(1.5 Hb)		}
	1972		1.5	diam (in.)	(narrows to 0.5)		900
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1972		*	diam (in.)	•		Soo
D. Heat Recovery System							
1. Blowdown Flash Tank	Outside Pit						C
	(-e,xe,xe,)						
E. Air Politation Control Systems and							
Enterior Monitoring							
5. Stack	1972	æ	8	diam (in.)	32	beight (n)	
F. Combestion Controls							
1. Plant Master	1991	-					9
2. Boiler Master	1661	en					9000
3. Plame Safeguard System	1985	m					Good
A Dumana Death Control (DAMDACT)	1001	•					•

Table 16a (Cont'd)

Ranipment	Year Installed	Unites	Specification 1		Specification	2	Condition
G. Chemical Food System							
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1972	5	30 8	75	0.333	£	gg
H. Make-up Water System							
9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1972	1	58	udi			Sood
I. Condensate Polishing							
J. Compressed Air System							
1 Air Commessor (RECIP)	1989			CFM	(SO Hp)		Good
1 Air Commessor (RECIP)	1661	-		CFM	(25 Hp)		Cood
2 Air Driver (REFR)	1972	7	92	SCFM			O O
3. Air Receiver	1972	1		jaj			Good
K. Electrical System							
1. Transformer/TransPCB		m	د	KVA			i
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker	1972	-		du			700
3. Motor Control Center/Starter				edu.			
L. Physical Plant	1972						5 00
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and	į						3
Doors	1972						
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1972						5 6
4. Building Lighting	1972	;		•		(4) th 2H	8
Building Outside Dimensions	;	Œ H		Lgth (ft)		Wheth (II)	
Building Basement (Yes/No)	2		2620	e			
Building Size				=			

Table 16b

Status Quo Life-Cycle Cast Analysis for Part Camphall Stdg. 7223

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDCAM4

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:50:22 FY 1992 BUILDING 7223 RT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME:
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

******************		=======================================	
1	1	EQUIVALENT	1
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
1	i	DIFFERENTIAL.	i (-, i
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
l Discourt 1101	, <u>11, 202</u>	RATE	i cosi incommes,
;	(\$ X 10**0)		
	(3 % 10 0) 	(! !
I INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	.00	JUN 92
DISTILLATE OIL	7526.5		JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	73999.5		JUL93-JUL17
•	1 73999.5 1 85600.0	3.64	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR	1 4054.0	.00	
MAINT SERV	,		JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	30000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	20270.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
STACK	12500.0	.00	JAN 12
DRUMCTL	1 15000.0	.00	JAN 11
ECONOMIZER	35000.0	.00 I	JAN 92
F_FAN	21000.0	.00	JAN 12
RELVALVE	 3096.0	.00	JAN 92
RELVALVE	3072.0	.00	JAN 92
WTBOILER	1800000.0	.00	JAN 12
WTBURNER	1 150000.0	.00	JAN 12
PUMPSIMPLEX	15000.0	.00	JAN 92
TANKPOLY	1000.0	.00	JAN 92
FLAMESAFE	30000.0	.00	I JAN 15 I
AIRCOMPRECIP	39000.0	.00	JAN 11
AIRCOMPRECIP	1 48000.0	.00	I JAN 09 I
AIRDRYERREFR	40000.0	.00	JAN 87 I
AIRRECV	600.0	.00	JAN 02
SWITCH	14667.0	.00	JAN 12
CONDPUMP	3625.0	.00	JAN 92
CONDPUMP	7250.0	.00	JAN 10
CONDREC	14000.0	.00	JAN 02
DAIRHEATER	25000.0	.00	JAN 12
FEEDPUMP	42000.0	.00	JAN 02
FEEDFUND FWPIPINGVAL	1 3339.0	.00	JAN 02 JAN 92
,			, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
NAGPIPEBELOW	1 23.0	.00	JAN 97

Table 16b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:50:22 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 7223 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

OILPIPEBELOW	ı	25.0 I	.00	1	JAN 97	ı
PUMP	i	7800.0	.00	i	JAN 97	j
TANKBELOW	i	26000.0	.00	i	JAN 02	Ì
Flashtank	ĺ	1730.0	.00	ĺ	JAN 97	Ì
SZSOFT	1	75200.0	.00	1	JAN 92	١
					********	*==

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - KENTUCKY CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES 4.04 1863.0 2.99 24749.0 1863.0 DIST JAN93-JAN18 NAT G JAN93-JAN18

Table 16b (Cont'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:50:22 LCCID 1.065

PROJECT MO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 7223
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: PORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS ٥.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL 129616. NATURAL GAS 1616778.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 1746394.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS 2038296.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 956777.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 4741467.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 16b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:50:22 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 7223 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93 ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

22222	********	*********	********	********	********
PAY	DIST	NAT G	MER	R / R	OTHER
===			*=**=**=	******	*******
1 1	7201.	71038.	132772.	0.	0.1
1 2	6889.	68971.	126933.	0.	0.1
1 31	6571.	66121.	121351.	0.	0.1
1 41	6280.	63214.	116014.	0.	0.1
1 5	6010.	60935.	110912.	7765.	0.1
1 61	5781.	59133.	106034.	0.1	0.1
1 7	5646.	59492.	101371.	0.	0.1
1 81	5549.	60814.	96913.	0.1	0.1
1 9	5469.	62668.	92651.	0.	0.1
1 10	5413.	65631.	88577.	53478.	0.1
1 11		67682.			0.1
1 12	5292.	68378.	80957.	0.	
1 13	5225.	69845.	77397.	0.	0.1
1 14	5131.	70635.	73993.		
1 15	5019.	70941.	70739.	0.	0.1
1 16	4884.	70175.	67629.	0.	
1 17	4736.	68457.	64654.	22684.	0.1
18	4573.	67536.	61811.	3276.	0.1
1 19	4430.	65866.	59093.	23324.	
1 20	4315.	64152.	56494.	835427.	0.1
21	4207.	62550.	54010.	0.	0.1
1 22	4092.	60840.	51634.	0.	
1 23	3976.	59119.	49364.	10824.	
1 24	3847.	57205.	47193.	0.	1. 0.1
1 25		55380.	45117.	0.	0.1
-==					******
1 ***	129616.	1616778.	2038296.	956777.	0.1

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 17a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Campbell Bidg. 255

	Year						
Equipment	Installed	Cults	Specification	-	Specification	•	Condition
A. Bolher (FT)	1986	2	11.716	MBtu/lar			Good
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			8	Daie	333	amag	Good
2. Relief Valva(s)	1990	7	25	S	9	pais	3
2 Police Value(s)	0001	•	¥ 1	.	5	ŀ	3
	7801) r	? -	i .	3 5	ľ	
	1980	4 (3	si !	3		5
4. Boiler Burner(s)	1986	7	14645	MBta			500
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	9861	7	15	돺			G
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1986	7		,			Good
B. Feedwater System							
8. Deserating Heater	1986	_	35375	BAr			
_	1986	-	60	H GH			Tool C
	9861	7	7.5	是			9
	Base water supply			•			
•	pressure						
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1986		2	diam (in.)	991	peig	Cood
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	Base water pressure			윺			
C. Fuel Handling System							
2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1986	-	15000	lag.			O
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1986	7	18		(0.5 Hp)		
	1986		7	diam (in.)	(narrows to 0.5)		Good
	1986		•	diam (in.)	•		Good
D. Heat Recovery System							
1. Blowdown Flash Tank	Outside Pit			diam (ft)		height (ft)	Good
E. Air Politation Control Systems and Emission Monitoring							
5. Stack	1942	1	8	diam (in)	24.2"	beight (ft)	
F. Combustion Controls							
3. Flame Safeguard System	1986	7					Good
4. Furnace Draft Control (DAMPACT) 4. Additional Boiler	1986	6					Cood
	1986	7		O2 TRIM			Cood
G. Chemical Peed System							
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	9861	4	\$\$	7	0.333	ΗÞ	Good
						ļ.	

Table 17s (Cont'd)

	Year					
Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification 1	1	Specification 2	Condition
H. Make-up Water System 9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1661	-	290	udi		
I. Condensate Polishing						
J. Compressed Air System 1. Air Compressor (RECIP) 3. Air Receiver	1990 1990	1 1	3.4 30	3.4 SCFM 30 gal	(2 Нр)	Good
 K. Electrical System 1. Transformer/TransPCB 2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker 3. Motor Control Center/Starter 	1986	3	25 200	KVA amps amps		Good
L. Physical Plant 1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 2. Building Concrete and Building Speel 4. Building Lighting Building Outside Dimensions Building Basement (Yes/No) Building Size	9861 9861 9861 9861	E	3808	Lgth (ft)	Width (ft)	Good Good

Table 17b

Status Que Life-Cycle Cost Analysis for Port Compbell Bidg. 858

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TOCAMS

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:53:27 FY 1992 BUILDING 858

PROJECT NO., PY, & TITLE: FY 1992 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL

KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY	92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN	92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	Jan	93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN	18

COST / BENEFIT	COST	EQUIVALENT UNIFORM DIFFERENTIAL	TIME(S)
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
1		RATE	
i	(\$ X 10**0)	(* PER YEAR)	į
************		******	*********
INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	.00	JUN 92
DISTILLATE OIL	13029.0	1.58	JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	128088.6	3.64 1	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR	94000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	6333.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	46864.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	31665.0	.00 i	JUL93-JUL17
DRUMCTL	10000.0	.00	JAN 06
PTBOILER	1200000.0	.00	JAN 11
FTBURNER	100000.0	.00	JAN 11
RELVALVE	3400.0	.00	JAN 10
RELVALVE	4300.0	.00	JAN 10
PUMPSIMPLEX	12000.0	.00	JAN 06
TANKPOLY	800.0	.00	JAN 06
DAMPACT	2000.0	.00	JAN 16
FLAMESAFE	20000.0	.00	JAN 16
O2TRIM	20000.0	.00	JAN 16
AIRCOMPRECIP	20000.0	.00	JAN 10
CONDPUMP	4000.0	.00	JAN 06
PERDPUMP	28000.0	.00	JAN 16
FWPIPINGVAL	2226.0	.00	JAN 06
NAGPIPEBELOW	23.0	.00	JAN 11
OILPIPEBELOW	25.0	.00	JAN 11
PUMP	2600.0	.00	JAN 11
SZSOFT	135000.0	.00	JAN 11

Table 17b (Cont'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:53:27 FY 1992 BUILDING 858 LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - KENTUCKY CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10 ** 0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES 3225.0 DIST 4.04 JAN93-JAN18 2.99 NAT G 42839.0 JAN93-JAN18

Table 176 (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:53:27
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 858
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL 224376. 2798544. NATURAL GAS

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 3022920.

RECURRING MAR/CUSTODIAL COSTS 2605513.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 673316.

OTHER OWM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 6301749.

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 17b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 15:53:27

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: PY 1992 BUILDING 858
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT CAMPBELL KENTUCKY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93 ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

PAY		,	M&R		
•	•	•			=======
1 1	12465.	122963.	169719.		
1 2	1 11926.	119384.	162255.	•	
1 3	1 11374.	114452.	155120.	0.	0.1
1 4	1 10872.	1 109419.	148298.	0.,	0.1
1 5	10403.	105474.	141777.	I 0.	0.1
1 6	10008.	102356.	135542.	0.	1.0
1 7	9773.	102976.	129581.	Ι 0.	0.1
1 8	9605.	105265.	123882.	0.	0.1
1 9	9467.	108475.	118434.		
1 10	9370.	113603.	113226.		
i 11	9272.	117153.	108247.	0.	i 0. <i>i</i>
1 12	9161.	118358.	103486.		
1 13		120897.			
1 14	•	122265.		•	0.1
i 15	•	122795.			
i 16	•	121469.	-	•	
i 17	•	•		•	•
1 18		,			
i 19	•	114010.			
i 20	•	111044.			
i 21		•:-:			
22		105311.			
i 23					
1 24		99018.			
1 25	• 1 . 1				
•					
***	•	2798544.		•	•

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 18
CHPECON Run Results for Fort Campbell, Bidg. 7008

Technology (New Plant)	Boller	\$/MBtu	\$/K#STM	KSINV.	K\$FUEL	K\$LCC	LCC/R
GAS	21/21/21	10.565	12.631	4400	17161	28894	100
#2 OIL	21/21/21	12.216	14.605	4400	21677	33410	116
#6 OIL	21/21/21	12.680	15.161	4400	22947	34680	120
STOKER	15/25/25/25	24.347	29.109	35693	9360	66587	230
CWS	13/25/32/32	20.018	23.933	24269	13190	57211	198
COM	15/26/26/26	20.916	25.007	20867	20198	59778	207
FBC	12/23/29/29	24.023	28.721	33204	10837	65699	227

FILE PREFIX: PCB1

PMCR: 63 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 21 M

CHP #1 2@ 25.1 L

FUEL = NG,FS2

AGE = 1985

1@ 12.5 L

FUEL = NG,FS2

AGE = 1958 L=(K# STEAM/HR)

M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 19
CHPECON Run Results for Fort Campbell, Bldg. 7088

Technology	Th - 11	604m	A PLY MONTH A	WATNIN.	VADE IN	KSLCC	LCC/R
(New Plant)	Boiler	\$/MBtu	\$/K#STM	K\$INV.	KSPUEL	MALCC	LCCR
GAS	39/39/39	8.933	10.680	5495	30835	44209	100
#2 OIL	39/39/39	10.584	12.654	5495	39006	52381	118
#6 OIL	39/39/39	11.049	13.210	5495	41305	54679	124
STOKER	26/45/45/45	16.817	20.106	42349	15622	83224	188
CWS	23/45/58/58	14.684	17.556	31094	23159	75940	172
COM	28/47/47/47	15.628	18.685	25296	35545	80823	183
FBC	21/42/53/53	17.108	20.455	39995	19198	84667	192

FILE PREFIX: FCB2

PMCR: 115 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 38 M CHP #2 1@ 15 L FUEL = NG,FS2 AGE = 1976

L = (K STEAM/HR)M = (MBTU/HR)

A40

Table 20

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a Gas-W2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis Page 1 Type: New plant (NP) 04/29/92 File: FCB Desc: FORT CAMPBELL Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler *************** Base and Plant Information ************** State: KY - Kentucky Base DOE Region: 3 PMCR: 248,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 3 Height of the plant: 40 ft Building area: 9000 sq ft Plant area: 1.97 acres Facility Parameters Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.045 (4771.57/1991) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.106 (947.10/1991) Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.061 (4386.55/1991) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.030 (272.70/1991) Annual electricity usage: 1,107,534 kW-hr 1991 cost for distillate: 0.631 \$/gallon 1991 cost for residual: 0.400 \$/gallon 1991 cost for natural gas: 2.722 \$/million Btu 1991 cost for electricity: 0.053 \$/kW-hr Annual Facility Output: 504,528 thousand 1b steam Annual #6 Fuel Oil Usage: 4,419 10^3 gal Heating plant efficiency: 87.8% #6 fuel oil Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: 1995 - 2019 ***** Facility Capital Costs _

Equipment		Cost	Equipment		Cost
Boiler:	s	1,659,820	Stack:	\$	32,911
Building/service:	Ś	1,375,970	Water trtmnt:	\$	909,326
Feedwtr pmps:	Ś	30,866	Cond xfr pmps:	\$	31,970
Cond strg tnk:	Ś	8,326	Oil (long) storage:	\$	338,767
Oil day strg pmp:	Ś	5,015	Oil heaters:	Ś	8,828
Oil day strg tanks:	Ś	22,024	Oil unload pumps:	\$	13,791
Oil xfr pmps:	Š	6,425	Fire protection:	Ś	52,241
Cont bldn tnk:	Š	1,170	Intr bldn tnk:	Ś	1,170
Compressor:	Š	24,453	Car puller:	Ś	20,896
Rail:	Š	22,202	Site preparation:	Ś	5,145
Site improvements:	Š	234,040	Mobile equipment:	Ś	40,748
Elec substation:	Š	71,047	Electrical:	Š	196,557
Piping:	Š	1,113,824	Instrumentation:	Ś	411,834
Direct costs:	\$	2,445,479		•	

Table 26 (Cont'd)

Central Heating Plant File: FCB Ty Desc: FORT CAMPBELL Tech: Gas / Oil Fired	ype: New plant	luation (NP)	Sensitivity	Analysis	Page 2 04/29/92
Facility Capital (**************************************	*****	******	******	*******
Plant installed cost	: \$ 10,00	5,382			
Facility Annual O	& M and Energy	Costs	*******	*******	******
Operating staff: 11 Annual Labor Costs: S Annual Year Non-Labor 1995 #6 fuel oil cost 1995 Auxiliary Energy	r O & M Costs :	,110			
teeteteeteeteetee	**************************************		*****	*****	******
Periodic Major Ma:	intenance cost s	******	******	*****	******
	Cost		erval		
3 years \$ 10 years \$ 18 years \$	30,000 380,276 12,788	5 years 15 years 20 years	\$ \$ \$	6,545 111,936 14,981	
Facility Life Cycl	le Cost Summary	*****	******	******	*****
Analysis using #6 fue + PV 'Adjusted' Inves + PV Energy + Transpo + PV Annually Recurr + PV Non-Annually Rec + PV Disposal Cost of + PV Disposal Cost of	stment Costs ortation Costs ing O&M Costs curring Repair 8 f Existing Syste	k Replaceme	= : = : ent = : = :	\$ 8,717,53 \$ 46,049,73 \$ 8,038,53 \$ 533,84	L0 L8
Total Life Cycle Cost	(1991)		= :	\$ 63,339,63	10
Levelized Cost of Ser Levelized Cost of Ser				5 \$/MMBtu 4 \$/1000 lb	steam
Sensitivity Analys	*****	*****	******		
	V Primary Fuel 22,623,314 27,147,976		Cycle Cost 40,716,296 45,240,959	6	lb steam .675 .417

Table 20 (Cont'd)

File: FCB Desc: FORT CA	ng Plant Economics Evaluati Type: New plant (NP) MPBELL il Fired Boiler	ion Sensitivity	Analysis Page 3 04/29/92
*****	*******	*******	******
Sensitivit	y Analysis, cont	*****	******
80%	36,197,302	54,290,285	8.900
90%	40,721,965	58,814,948 63,339,610	9.642
100 % 110 %	45,246,628 49,771,290	67,864,273	10.38 4 11.126
120%	54,295,953	72,388,936	11.868
130\$	58,820,616	76,913,599	12.609
140%	63,345,279	81,438,262	13.351
150%	67,869,942	85,962,925	14.093
=== Primary fo	uel escalation rate variati	ion ===	
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
-3%	32,119,095	50,212,078	8.232
-28	35,870,371	53,963,354	8.847
-18	40,211,168	58,304,151	9.558
.0%	45,246,628 51,101,477	63,339,610 69,19 4,4 60	10.384 11.344
1 % 2 %	57,923,694	76,016,677	12.462
3%	65,888,844	83,981,826	13.768
4%	75,205,203	93,298,186	15.296
5%	86,119,823	104,212,805	17.085
6\$	98,925,680	117,018,663	19.184
=== Auxiliary	energy cost variation ===		
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
80%	642,465	63,178,994	10.358
90%	722,773	63,259,302	10.371
100%	803,081	63,339,610	10.384
110%	883,390	63,419,919	
120%	963,698	63,500,227	10.410
=== O&M labor	cost variation ===		
Change	PV O&M Labor		LCS,\$/10001b steam
8Ō %	4,695,839	62,165,650	
90%	5,282,819	62,752,630	10.288
100%	5,869,799	63,339,610	10.384
110 % 120 %	6, 4 56, <i>7</i> 79 7,0 4 3,759	63,926,590 64,513,570	10.480 10.576
1204	7,043,753	64,513,570	10.376
=== 0&M non-1	abor cost variation ===		
Change	PV O&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
808	1,734,974	62,905,867	10.313
90%	1,951,846	63,122,739	10.348
100%	2,168,718	63,339,610	10.384
110%	2,385,590	63,556,482	10.419

Table 20 (Confd)

Central Heating File: FCB Desc: FORT CAMP Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant BELL	luation Sensitivity (NP)		Page 4 1/29/92
*******	******	*******	******	****
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	******	*******	*****
=== Repair/repl	ace cost variation =	2z 		
Change	PV Repair/Replace			
80 % 90 %	427,078 480,463	63,232,8 4 1 63,286,226	10.366 10.375	•
100%	533,848	63,236,226		
110%	587,233			
120%	640,618	63,446,380		
=== Initial cos	t variation ===			
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b st	eam
80%	6,974,027	61,388,790		
90%	7,845,780 8,717,534	62,364,200		
100% 110%	9,589,287	63,339,610 64,315,021		
120%	10,461,041	65,290,431		
	lvage value variatio	n ===		
Existing Variatio	plant salvage value	ssary. Analysis skipp		:eam
Existing Variatio	plant salvage value n of value is unnece	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.	
Existing Variatio === New salvage Change -15%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638	LCS, \$/10001b st	
Existing Variatio === New salvage Change -15% -10%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410	
Existing Variatio === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953	LCS, \$/10001b st 10.423 10.410 10.397	
Existing Variatio === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610	LCS, \$/10001b st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384	
Existing Variatio === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371	
Existing Variatio === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371	
Existing Variation === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount ra	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount ra Change 0.0%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variation === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118 110,712,626	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variatio === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151 15.617	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variatio === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118 110,712,626 95,258,973 82,563,411	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151 15.617 13.536	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variatio === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118 110,712,626 95,258,973 82,563,411 72,068,750	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151 15.617 13.536 11.815	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variatio === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118 110,712,626 95,258,973 82,563,411 72,068,750 63,339,610	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151 15.617 13.536	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variatio === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118 110,712,626 95,258,973 82,563,411 72,068,750 63,339,610 56,034,200 49,882,942	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151 15.617 13.536 11.815 10.384	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	
Existing Variatio === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -238,027 -158,684 -79,342 0 79,342 158,684 238,027 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 123,547,118 110,712,626 95,258,973 82,563,411 72,068,750 63,339,610 56,034,200	Life Cycle Cost 63,577,638 63,498,295 63,418,953 63,339,610 63,260,268 63,180,926 63,101,583 LCS,\$/10001b steam 20.255 18.151 15.617 13.536 11.815 10.384 9.186	LCS, \$/1000lb st 10.423 10.410 10.397 10.384 10.371 10.358	

Table 20 (Cont'd)

	pe: New plant	luation Sensitivity (NP)	Analysis Page 5 04/29/92
*******	******	******	*****
Sensitivity Analys	is, cont		
****	*****	******	******
10.7%	33,145,571	5.434	
11.78	30,301,894	4.967	
12.08	29,522,925	4.840	
12.04	27, 320, 323	4.040	
=== Plant life variat	ion ===		
Change Li	fe Cycle Cost.	LCS, \$/10001b steam	
10 yr	34,427,574	10.465	
11 yr	36,763,053	10.375	
12 yr	39,059,039	10.319	
13 yr	41,280,910	10.278	
14 yr	43,437,935	10.252	
15 yr	45,598,452	10.252	
16 yr	47,634,079	10.246	
17 yr	49,601,623	10.245	
18 yr	51,523,849	10.253	
19 yr	53,369,701	10.262	
20 yr	55,296,760	10.301	
21 yr	57,029,348	10.316	
22 yr	58,689,452	10.331	
23 yr	60,292,720	10.347	
24 yr	61,846,207	10.365	
25 yr	63,339,610	10.384	

Tuble 21

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a 66 Oli-Pired Beller Plant

	Type:	New plant (NP	tion Sensitivity A)	nalysis	Page 1 05/04/92

	_				
Base and Plant I	niorm		*******		
State: KY - Kentuck PMCR: 188,000 lb/hr	Y stea	Bas m Number	e DOE Region: 3 of boilers: 3		
Height of the plant Building area: 7500 Plant area: 1.66 ac	sq f	ft t			
			*****	*****	
Facility Paramet	ers		*****		
Non-Labor Operation Operation & Mainten	& Ma ance	intenance Esca Labor Escalatio	1.045 (4771.57/1991) lation Factor: 1.106 on Factor: 1.061 (43: 1.030 (272.70/1991)	(9 4 7.10) 86.55/1991	(1991) L)
Annual electricity	usage	: 1,090,986 kW	-hr		
1991 cost for disti 1991 cost for reside 1991 cost for natural 1991 cost for elect	ual: al ga:	0.400 \$/gallons: 2.722 \$/mi	n llion Btu		
Annual Facility Outpannual #6 Fuel Oil Weating plant efficiency 1991 Years of Operation:	Usage iency	: 4,419 10^3 ga : 87.8% #6 fue	al		
*****	****	*****	******	*****	******
Facility Capital	Cost:	S *******	******	*****	******
Equipment		Cost	Equipment	(Cost
Boiler:	\$	1,394.832	Stack:	Ś	32.911
Building/service:	Ś	1,139,387	Water trtmnt:	Š	638,409
Feedwtr pmps:	\$ \$ \$	25,260	Cond xfr pmps:	Š	25,078
Cond strg tnk:	Š	7,177	Oil (long) storage:	š	275,721
Oil day strg pmp:	\$	5,015	Oil heaters:	Š	7,261
Oil day strg tanks:	Š	19,147	Oil unload pumps:	š	13,791
Oil xfr pmps:		5,642	Fire protection:	\$	41,792
Cont bldn tnk:	č	1,013		÷	-
Compressor:	\$ \$ \$	24,453	Intr bldn tnk:	?	1,013
Compressor:	\$ \$	24,453 11.101	Car puller: Site preparation:	Q	20,896 4 336
rail:	3	11.101	SICE DEPOSESSION:	3	A 446

11,101

202,695

65,348

936,393 2,017,766

Electrical:

Site preparation: Mobile equipment:

Instrumentation:

4,336 40,748 165,245

346,229

Direct costs:

Site improvements:

Elec substation:

Rail:

Piping:

Table 21 (Coat'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                               Page 2
                Type: New plant (NP)
File: FCB6
                                                             05/04/92
Desc: FORT CAMPBELL
Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler
*********************************
  Facility Capital Costs, cont
Plant installed cost: $
                          8,196,142
  Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
***********
Operating staff: 11
Annual Labor Costs: $ 463,732
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $
                                   629,310
1995 #6 fuel oil costs : $ 2,375,137
1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs
                            : $
                                    57,952
*****************************
  Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
******************************
Time Interval Cost
                              Time Interval Cost
                             5 years $ 6,310
15 years $ 93,794
20 years $ 13,867
3 years $ 30,000
10 years $ 260,368
18 years $ 10,031
***********************************
 Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                                   7,182,251
                                               = $47,378,979
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs
                                               = $
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
                                                   8,161,860
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                              = $
                                                    429,474
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                               = $
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
                                               = $ 63,152,565
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                          = 8.4196 \$/MMBtu
                                          = 10.066 \$/1000 lb steam
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
  Sensitivity Analysis
*****************
=== Primary fuel initial cost variation ===
               PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS,$/1000lb steam 23,283,222 39,869,342 6.355 27,939,866 44,525,987 7.097
     Change
       50%
       60%
```

Tubbo 21 (Cont'd)

File: FCB6 Desc: FORT CA	ng Plant Economics Evaluatio Type: New plant (NP) MPBELL il Fired Boiler	on Sensitivity	Analysis	Page 3 05/04/92
*******	*****	******	*******	******
Sensitivity	y Analysis, cont	******	******	*****
80%	37,253,155	53,839,276	R	582
90%	41,909,799	58,495,920		324
100%	46,566,444	63,152,565		066
110%	51,223,088	67,809,209		808
120%	55,879,733	72,465,853	11.	551
130	60,536,377	77,122,498		293
140%	65,193,021	81,779,142		035
150%	69,849,666	86,435,787	13.	777
=== Primary fo	uel escalation rate variation	on ===		
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001	.b steam
-34	32,964,116	49,550,236	7.	898
-28	36,847,862	53,433,983		517
-1%	41,345,360	57,931,480		234
0	46,566,444	63,152,565		066
18 -		69,227,579		034
2 % 3 %	59,725,098	76,311,219 84,587,072		164
48	68,000,951 77,686,882	94,273,003		483 027
54	89,041,388	105,627,509		837
6%	102,371,106	118,957,227		961
=== Auxiliary	energy cost variation ===			
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	ICS \$/10001	h steam
80%	650,028	62,990,057		040
90%	731,281	63,071,311	10.	
100%	812,535	63,152,565		066
110%	893,788	63,233,818		079
120%	975,042	63,315,072	10.	092
=== 0&M labor	cost variation ===			
Change	PV O&M Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000]	b steam
808	4,820,558		9.	
90%	5,423,128	62,549,995		970
100%	6,025,698	63,152,565	10.	066
110%	6,628,268	63,755,134		162
120%	7,230,838	64,357,704	10.	258
=== 0&M non-la	abor cost variation ===			
Change	PV 0&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000]	b steam
80%	1,708,929	62,725,332		998
90%	1,922,545	62,938,948		032
100%	2,136,161	63,152,565		066
110%	2,349,777	63,366,181		100

Table 21 (Cent'd)

File: FCB6 Desc: FORT CAMP! Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant BELL	luation Sensitivity (NP)	Analysis	Page 4 05/04/92
******		******	*******	*****
Sensitivity A	Analysis, cont	********	******	******
=== Repair/repla	ace cost variation =	z=		
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost		lb steam
808	3 4 3,579	63,066,670		.052
90%	386,526	63,109,617		.059
100%	429,474	63,152,565		.066
110	472,421	63,195,512		.073
120%	515,368	63,238,459	10	.080
=== Initial cost	variation ===			
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS.\$/1000	lb steam
80%	5,745,801	61,536,946		.809
90%	6,464,026	62 344 755	a	.937
100%	7,182,251	63,152,565	10	.066
110%	7,900,476	63,960,37 4	10	.195
120%	8,618,701	64,768,183	10	.324
Existing	PV Existing Salvage plant salvage value	Life Cycle Cost s specified is 0.	LCS,\$/1000	lb steam
		ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.	
	n of value is unnece	ssary. Analysis skipp		lb steam
=== New salvage	of value is unnece	ssary. Analysis skipp	LCS,\$/1000	lb steam
=== New salvage	value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001	LCS,\$/1000	
=== New salvage Change -15%	of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -206,154	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10	.099
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10	.099 .088
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
=== New salvage -15% -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rac	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation ===	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910 111,988,476	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331 17.851	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910 111,988,476 96,020,352 82,925,881 72,121,733	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331 17.851 15.305	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5% 2.5% 3.5% 4.5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910 111,988,476 96,020,352 82,925,881	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331 17.851 15.305 13.218	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
=== New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5% 2.5% 3.5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910 111,988,476 96,020,352 82,925,881 72,121,733	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331 17.851 15.305 13.218 11.496	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5% 2.5% 3.5% 4.5% 5.5% 6.5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910 111,988,476 96,020,352 82,925,881 72,121,733 63,152,565	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331 17.851 15.305 13.218 11.496 10.066	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055
Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5% 2.5% 3.5% 4.5% 5.5%	PV New Salvage -206,154 -137,436 -68,718 0 68,718 137,436 206,154 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 121,276,910 111,988,476 96,020,352 82,925,881 72,121,733 63,152,565 55,661,275	Life Cycle Cost 63,358,719 63,290,001 63,221,283 63,152,565 63,083,846 63,015,128 62,946,410 LCS,\$/10001b steam 19.331 17.851 15.305 13.218 11.496 10.066 8.872	LCS,\$/1000 10 10 10 10 10	.099 .088 .077 .066 .055

Table 21 (Cont'é)

Central Heating I File: FCB6 Desc: FORT CAMPBI Tech: Gas / Oil I	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP)	Page 5 05/04/92
*******	********	**********	******
Sensitivity Ar	nalysis, cont		

10.5%	32,324,231	5.152	
11.5%	29,446,442	4.693	
12.0%	28, 152, 497	4.487	
=== Plant life va	ariation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000lb steam	
10 yr	33,190,969	9.914	
11 yr	35,585,495	9.861	
12 yr	37,944,153	9.835	
13 yr	40,231,088	9.820	
14 yr	42,455,587	9.816	
15 yr	44,679,810	9.833	
16 yr	46,787,281	9.844	
17 yr	48,828,203	9.858	
18 yr	50,824,912	9.879	
19 yr	52,747,026	9.900	
20 yr	54,713,756	9.941	
21 yr	56,524,919	9.966	
22 yr	58,263,642	9.990	
23 yr	59,946,079	10.015	
24 yr	61,579,432	10.041	
25 yr	63,152,565	10.066	

Table 22

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant

Central Heating File: FCBC Desc: FORT CAMPBI	Type:	onomics Evalua New plant (NP	tion Sensitivity A)	Analysis	Page 1 05/04/92
		r Stoker, w/ f	ly ash reinjection		
**********	*****	******	*******	******	******
Base and Plant	Inform	ation	*******	*****	*****
State: KY - Kentu PMCR: 188,000 lb/	icky hr stea	Bas m Number	e DOE Region: 3 of boilers: 4		
Coal code: W19312			Distance from base:	140 mi	les
State: IN - India			DOE Region: 2		
Coal type: bitum	inous	(pr	operties on a dry bas : 52.10% volatile	31 3)	
		fur: 2.80%	: 52.104 VOIACITE	ss: 37.60	5
Coal handling equal Coal silo storage Approx. building Approx. building Height of the plant area: 1.73	capaci width: length: int: 69 2267 sq	ty: 713 tons 66 feet 185 feet ft	tons/hr		
*****	*****	*****	******	*****	*****
Facility Param	neters ******	*****	******	*****	*****
Non-Labor Operation & Maint	ion & Ma :enance	intenance Esca Labor Escalati	1.045 (4771.57/1991) lation Factor: 1.106 on Factor: 1.061 (43 1.030 (272.70/1991)	86.55/199	
Annual diesel/dis Annual electricit Annual lime usage	y usage	: 3,722,308 kW			
1991 cost for cost 1991 cost for dis 1991 cost for ele	stillate	: 0.631 \$/gal			
Annual Facility (Annual Coal Usage Heating plant eff Year of Study: 19 Years of Operation	e: 26,56 ficiency 991	8 tons (dry) : 84%	nd 1b steam / 28,853 tons (wet)		
Facility Insta	lled Ca	pital Costs	******	*****	*****
******	****	***********	****************		
Equipment		Cost	Equipment		Cost
Boiler: Ash Handling:	\$ \$	12,453,778 3,104,084	Coal Handling: Mechncl Collector:		,835,423 165,316

Table 22 (Cont'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                                             Page 2
                   Type: New plant (NP)
                                                                           05/04/92
File: FCBC
Desc: FORT CAMPBELL
Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
***********************************
  Facility Installed Capital Costs, cont
Water Treatment: $ 1,094,858 Pumps: $ 243,908
Air Compressor: $ 87,327 Waste Water Trtmnt: $ 126,806
Piping/Stack: $ 4,581,222 Electrical System: $ 1,775,832
Building Costs: $ 6,232,328 Direct costs: $ 13,645,671
Plant installed cost: $
                                58,804,507
********************************
  Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
Operating staff: 27
Annual Labor Costs: $ 1,123,756
First Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 1,880,194
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 2,252,342
1995 Coal Costs (incl transport) : $ 1,253,165
1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs : $ 210,604
*************************
  Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
Time Interval Cost Time Interval Cost

3 years $ 110,659 5 years $ 102,452

7 years $ 110,032 8 years $ 293,999

10 years $ 703,809 12 years $ 56,841

15 years $ 13,894 18 years $ 20,058

20 years $ 710,697
   ***************
  Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                                          = $ 51,530,190
                                                        = $ 21,016,342
= $ 28,954,663
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                                        = $ 2,222,765
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
                                                         = $
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                                          = $
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
                                                          = $ 103,723,962
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 13.828 $/MMBtu
```

Table 23 (Cont'd)

tral Heati: e: FCBC c: FORT CA	ng Plant Economics Evaluati Type: New plant (NP) MPBELL	ion Sensitivity	Analysis Page 05/04/
	ate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly	ash reinjection	
	*********	*******	****
Sensitivity	/ Analysis	*******	******
Primary fu	uel initial cost variation	\$22 	
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
50%	9,009,308	94,714,654	15.097
60%	10,811,170	96,516,515	15.384
70%	12,613,032	98,318,377	15.672
80	14,414,893	100,120,239	15.959
90%	16,216,755	101,922,100	16.246
100%	18,018,617	103,723,962	16.533
110%	19,820,478	105,525,824	16.820
120%	· 21,622,340	107,327,686	17.108
130%	23,424,202	109,129,547	17.395
140%	25,226,064	110,931,409	17.682
150%	27,027,925	112,733,271	17.969
Primary fu	uel escalation rate variati	on ===	
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
-38	13,062,520	98,767,866	15.743
-28	14,483,961	100,189,307	15.970
-18	16,123,144	101,828,489	16.231
0\$	18,018,617	103,723,962	16.533
18	20,216,101	105,921,446	16.883
28	22,769,827	108,475,172	17.291
38		111,449,471	17.765
	25,744,126 20,215,305		
48	29,215,305	114,920,651	18.318
5 % 6 %	33,273,870 38,027,1 4 5	118,979,216 123,732,490	18.965 19.723
		123,732,490	19.723
	energy cost variation ===		
Change		Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
80%	2,398,180	103,124,417 103,424,190	16.438
90%	2,697,952		
100%	2,997,725	103,723,962	16.533
110%	3,297,498	104,023,735	
120%	3,597,270	104,323,507	16.629
0&M labor	cost variation ===		
Change	PV O&M Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
80\$		100,803,565	16.068
90%	13,141,786	102,263,764	16.300
100%	14,601,984	103,723,962	16.533
110%	16,062,183	105,184,161	16.766
120%	17,522,381	106,644,359	16.999

Table 22 (Confd)

File: FCBC Desc: FORT	CAMPBELL	pe: New plant		Analysis	Page 4 05/04/92
Tech: Dump	Grate Spre	ader Stoker, w	/ fly ash reinjection		
******	*****	******	*******	******	******
Sensitiv	rity Analys	is, cont			
******	*****	******	****	*****	******
Chang	e DV	O&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	T.CS \$/10001	h steam
80		11,482,143	100,853,426	16.	
90	-	12,917,411	102,288,694	16.	
100	- I	14,352,679	103,723,962		
7.7.1	18	15,787,947	105,159,230	16.	
120		17,223,214	106,594,498		
=== Repair/	replace co	st variation =	==		
Chang	e PV R	epair/Roplace	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001	b steam
80		1,7/8,212	103,279,409	16.	462
90	*	2,000,488	103,501,686	16.	498
100	*	2,222,765	103,723,962	16.	533
110	*	2,445,042	103,946,239		569
120	*	2,667,318	104,168,515		604
=== Initial	cost vari	ation ===			
Chang	re PV	Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS.\$/10001	b steam
80		41,224,152	91,470,671		
	*	46,377,171	97,597,317		
	8	51,530,190	103,723,962		
	8	56,683,209	109,850,608		
120		61,836,228	115,977,253		486
=== Existin	g salvage	value variatio			
Chang Exis	ting plant	salvage value	Life Cycle Cost s specified is 0.		b steam
Vari	ation of v	alue is unnece	ssary. Analysis skippe	ed.	
=== New sal	vage value	variation ===			
Chang	e P	V New Salvage			
-15	*	-1,394,131	105,118,093	16.	755
-10	*	-929,420	104,653,383	16.	681
-5	*	-464,710	104,188,673	16.	607
0	8	0	103,723,962	16.	533
5	*	464,710	103,259,252	16.	459
10	_	929,420	102,794,542		385
15		1,394,131	102,329,831		311
=== Discoun	t rate var	iation ===			
Chang	re T.i	fe Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000lb steam		
0.0		161,034,128	25.669		
0.5		152, 193, 988	24.259		
1.5		136,779,317	21.802		

Table 22 (Cent'd)

File: FCBC Desc: FORT CAMPBE	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP) / fly ash reinjection	Page 5 05/04/92
******	******	********	******
Sensitivity An	alysis, cont		
******	*****		
3.5%	112,985,027	18.009	
4.5%	103,723,962	16.533	
5.5%	95,786,505	15.268	
6.5%	88,931,588	14.175	
7.5%	82,967,545	13.225	
8.5%	77,741,219	12.392	
9.5%	73,129,595	11.656	
10.5%	69,033,368	11.003	
11.5%	65,371,960		
12.0%	63,683,284	10.151	
=== Plant life va	riation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
10 yr	78,391,926	23.416	
11 yr	80,478,563	22.303	
12 yr	82,571,218	21.403	
13 yr	84,500,351	20.626	
14 yr	86,405,609	19.977	
15 yr	88,286,870	19.430	
16 yr	90,124,913	18.962	
17 yr	91,770,364	18.528	
18 yr	93,405,064	18.155	
19 yr	94,927,739	17.816	
20 yr	96,943,797	17.615	
21 yr	98,429,824	17.355	
22 yr	99,785,712	17.110	
23 yr	101,090,300	16.888	
24 yr	102,486,189	16.711	
25 yr	103,723,962	16.533	

Table 23
Fort Bragg Heating Plant Information

Plant	Boiler	Fuel	Reserve	Year Installed	Capacity (lb/ar)	In use	Rating	Energy Use Heat/Cool/ Process/Losses/ Internal/Pwr Gen
4-3124	1	Nat. Gas	FS6	1972	37850	Y	8	Н
4-3124	2	Nat. Gas	FS6	1972	37850	Y	8	Н
4-3124	3	Nat. Gas	FS6	1952	50000	Y	6	н
C-1432	1	Nat. Gas	FS6	1953	100000	Y	8	Н
C-1432	2	Nat. Gas	FS6	1953	100000	Y	7	H
C-1432	3	Nat. Gas	FS6	1953	100000	Y	7	H
C-7549	1	Nat. Gas	FS2	1973	50000	NO	5	H
C-7549	2	Nat. Gas	FS2	1973	50000	NO	5	H
D-3529	1	Nat. Gas	FS6	1965	26000	Y	4	H/C 60/40
D-3529	2	Nat. Gas	FS6	1965	26000	Y	4~	H/C 60/40
D-3529	3	Nat. Gas	FS6	1965	26000	Y	6	H/C 60/40
D-3529	4	Nat. Gas	FS6	1969	26000	Y	8	H/C 60/40
D-3529	5	Nat. Gas	FS6	1978	26000	Y	8	H/C 60/40
E-2823	1	Nat. Gas	FS2	1988	20000	Y	9	H/C 60/40
E-2823	2	Nat. Gas	FS2	1988	20000	Y	9	H/C 60/40
N-6002	1	Nat. Gas	FS6	1985	25000	Y	9	?
N-6002	2	Nat. Gas	FS6	1985	25000	Y	9	?

Table 24

Port Bragg Energy Use Data

77.7.7								-
	a	138700	1.03	4309368	3667440	7.43	508674	597709
Re. mi	. 3	149700	0.99	708876	1005564	6.61	150533	106119
Net on	Total NAG use:			1142170	943459		972706	1177577
Tales.	boc	1031000	4.6			4.50		
Unintr.	D C	1031000	4.04			3.92		
Ruildine		D-3529	E-2823	C-1432	N-6002	4-3124		
Canacity (Byle):		130000	40000	300000	2000	113700		
SO file:		BRG1	BRG2	BRG3	BRG4	(closing)		
Annual Costs						1		
Lebor		207900	134400	323400	134400	122500		
Utilities		175676	\$40\$4	405405	67568	\$ 0\$		
Service		35135	10811	81081	13514	10811		
Supplier		248000	90008	200000	100000	80000		
-	production, 1990 (BAhr):							
	•	22129.8	5572.0	57170.0	\$427.0	12243.1		
November		291 14.1	7105.0	61100.0	8100.0	13617.8		
December		41597.3	11457.5	79020.0	15013.0	11684.7		
January		32113.1	10964.0	87280.0	13200.0	16265.0		
Petrnary		34026.6	7362.5	72170.0	7508.0	16447.0		
March		33111.5	0.6799	71810.0	6177.0	15064.0		
Agril		28119.8	7656.0	69150.0	8397.0	13175.0		
May		29534.1	6636.5	59400.0	7333.0	11158.0		
June		29534.1	5389.0	44750.0	6303.0	10300.0		
July		34276.2	4610.0	40300.0	5190.0	9442.0		
August		31198.0	4333.0	38830.0	4783.0	10729.0		
September		30782.0	4596.5	41920.0	\$001.0	9013.0		
Pael energy, based o	a steam production,	action, 1990 (MBTu):						
October		19836.8	4994.7	51246.4	4864.7	10974.5		
November		25259.1	6163.4	53002.4	7026.5	11813.0		
December		37287.3	10270.3	70832.4	13457.4	10474.0		
January		28785.8	9828.0	78236.5	11832.3	14579.7		
Petruary		27549.3	5961.0	58431.6	6078.8	13316.1		
March		29680.7	5987.0	64369.4	5537.0	13503.2		

Table 24 (Cont'd)

7	Units	Bta/Unit	\$/Unk	1989 Use	1990 Use	\$/MBts	MBts '90	MBc: '99
Fuel energy, based on st	eem productios,	1990 (MBtu) (comt'd):	mt'd):					
April		24393.1	6641.3	59985.5	7284.1	11428.9		
May		26473.9	5948.9	53245.3	6573.1	10001.9		
June		25620.1	4674.8	38819.3	5467.7	8934.9		
July		30724.9	4132.3	36124.3	4652.2	8463.7		
August		27965.4	3884.0	34806.7	4287.4	9617.3		
September		26702.5	3987.3	36364.3	4338.2	7818.5		
Total		330278.5	72473.0	635464.2	81399.5	130925.8	1250541	
Percent of total		26.4	5.8	50.8	6.5	10.5		
Reserve fuel		*	#5	*	*	*		
Puel use (MBtm/year):							Total	
Natural Gas		307159.0	67399.9	590981.7	•	121761.0		
Dist. Oil		0.0	5073.1	0.0		0.0		
Res. Oil		23119.5	0.0	44482.5		9164.8		
Total \$/yr:		2803775	752324.4	5421652	842176	11145196		
S/MBtz:								
Labor		0.63	1.85	0.51	1.65	0.94		
Utilities		0.53	0.75	0.64	0.83	0.41		
Service		0.11	0.15	0.13	0.17	90.0		
Supplies		0.75	1.10	0.79	1.23	0.61		
Fuel		5.43	5.43	5.43	5.43	5.43	Average	
Total S/MBtu		7.45	9.29	7.50	9.31	7.48	8.20	
0 - actionaled								

Table 25a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Bragg Bidg. 1432

Boiler (WT) 1958 3 100 MBtu/hr 400 tamp 1958 3 100 MBtu 1950		Year						
Bodier (WT)	Equipment	Installed		Specification	-			Condition
1.	A. Botler (WT)	1958	2	001	MBtu/hr			昰
2. Relief Valve(s) 1958 6 in. 1 3. Fedware Regulator(s) 1958 3 in. 3 4. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1958 3 in. 3 5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1958 3 in. 40 Hp 6. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) 1958 3 in. Hp Hp 6. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) Not in Service 3 in. Hp HB 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1958 1 in. MBuu MBuu HB 8. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) Not in Service 3 in. HB HB <td>1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>150</td> <td>psig</td> <td></td> <td>2</td> <td>Fair</td>	1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			150	psig		2	Fair
Sectionater Regulator(s) 1958 3 in. 3	2. Relief Valvo(s)	1958	9	9	, s		' . .	Fair
4. Boiler Burner(s) 1975 3 MBtu 5. Boiler Fau(s) (ID) 1958 3 40 Hp 5. Boiler Fau(s) (ID) 1958 3 125 Hp 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1958 1 15 Hp 7. Boiler Drum Level Control 1958 1 200 gal 8. Deservating Heater 1958 1 200 gal 9. Peadvater Storage 1958 1 200 gal 1. Treated Water Storage 1991 3 60 Hp 1. Treated Water Storage 1991 3 60 Hp 2. Condensate Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 3. Feel Pumps 1991 3 500 gal 4. Feel Oil Tank - Above groun	3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1958	ю	m	. s			F
S. Boiter Fan(s) (FD) 1958 3 40 Hp S. Boiter Fan(s) (ID) 1958 3 125 Hp S. Boiter Fan(s) (ID) 1958 3 125 Hp A. Boiter Pan(s) (ID) 1958 1 165 Ib/hr Peachwaier System 1958 1 200 gpm B. Dearming Heater 1958 1 200 gpm C. Dearming Heater 1958 1 200 gpm D. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 1 200 gpm C. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp D. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 50 Hp D. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp D. Condensate Pomps 1991 3 60 Hp D. Condensate Rocciver 1991 3 60 Hp Pice Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp Peed Water Storage System (valve) <t< td=""><td>4. Boiler Burner(s)</td><td>1975</td><td>æ</td><td></td><td>MBtn</td><td></td><td>P</td><td>T.</td></t<>	4. Boiler Burner(s)	1975	æ		MBtn		P	T.
5. Boiler Fau(s) (ID) (ID) 1958 3 125 Hp 6. Boiler Economizer 1958 3 181 MBtu Feedwater Economizer 1958 1 200 gpm Peedwater System 1958 1 200 gpm O. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 200 gpm O. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp O. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp O. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp O. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp O. Chreatest Peed Water Storage 1958 3 40 Hp A. Double Receiver 1978 3 50 gpm 60 Hp A. Peel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 4 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 40 <	S. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1958	m	3	He			T.
6. Boiler Economizer Not in Service MBtu 7. Boiler Economizer 1958 1 MBtu Feedwater System 1958 1 200 gpm Feedwater System 1958 1 200 gpm O. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 200 gpm O. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 20 gpm 1. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 20 gpm 2. Condensate Pumps 1958 1 20 gpm 3. Condensate Receiver 1991 3 0 Hp 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 0 Hp 5. Deal Unloading Pump 1975 4 10 Hp 6. Feed Oil Tout Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 7. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1991 1 4 gpm (110 lb oil at 220 8. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal gpm gpm 6. Fuel Oil Pum		1958	· 60	125	全			i di
Peedwater System	6. Boiler Economizer	Not in Service			MBtu			
Predvater System 1958 1 165 Ibhr	7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1958	6					Feir
8. Descrating Heater 1958 1 165 lb/hr 9. Foodwater Heater 9. Foodwater Heater 1958 1 200 gpm 0. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 200 gal 2. Condensate Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp 2. Condensate Receiver 1958 3 10 Hp 3. Condensate Receiver 1958 3 10 Hp 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feed Pumps 1975 4 10 Hp 9. Feel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 4 10 Hp 2. Feel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Cas Erpining Sys	,							
9. Foodwater Heater 1958 1 200 gam 1. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 2000 gal 1. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp 2. Condensate Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp 3. Condensate Perceiver 1991 3 60 Hp 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 5. Condensate Receiver 1991 3 60 Hp 6. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feedwater Piping System 1975 4 10 Hp 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 4 10 Hp 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 20000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 20000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1975 1 4 diam (in.) 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1975 1 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gae Piping System (ABV) </td <td></td> <td>1958</td> <td>-</td> <td>165</td> <td>lb/hr</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>Fasir</td>		1958	-	165	lb/hr			Fasir
0. Treated Water Storage 1958 1 2000 gal 1. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 1 25 Hp 2. Condensate Pumps 1958 1 25 Hp 3. Condensate Receiver 1991 3 60 Hp 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feedwater Piping System (valve) Burning Waste Oil 4 Hp 6 Hm (in.) 9. Feed Handling System (valve) 1975 4 10 Hp 1<	9. Foodwater Heater	1958		200	way.			Fair
1. Treated Water Storage Pumps 1958 1 25 Hp 2. Condensate Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp 3. Condensate Receiver 1958 1 500 gal 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feedwater Piping System (valve) Burning Waste Oil 6 diam (in.) 9. Feed Handling System Burning Waste Oil 4 10 Hp 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 1 50000 gal 1975 1 20000 gal 4 4 diam (in.) 1.1 20000 gal 4 4 diam (in.)	10. Treated Water Storage	1958	-	20000	: 3			F.
2. Condensate Pumps 1958 3 10 Hp 3. Condensate Receiver 1958 1 500 gal 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feedwater Piping System (valve) Burning Waste Oil 6 diam (in.) 1. Fuel Handling System Burning Waste Oil 4 10 Hp 2. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 1 50000 gal 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 20000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 20000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 20000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Heater 1991 1 20000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1894 1 4 diam (in.) 8. Bowdown Flast Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm All Pollation Constrol Systems and Exchanger 1 2 2 2	11. Treated Water Storage Pumps	1958	-	23	击			Pair
3. Condensate Receiver 1958 1 500 gail 4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feedwater Piping System (valve) Burning Waste Oil 6 diam (in.) 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 4 10 Hp 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 Epm (110 lb oil at 220 5. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1991 1 Epm (110 lb oil at 220 5. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 1 200000 gam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 1 2.5 diam (in.) Aleet Recovery System 1958 1 2.5 diam (in.) Aleet Pollution Control Systems and 2.5 diam (in.) 2.22 diam (in.)		1958	60	10	g			Pair
4. Boiler Feed Pumps 1991 3 60 Hp 9. Feedwater Piping System Burning Waste Oil 6 diam (in.) 1. Fuel Haadtling System Burning Waste Oil 4 10 Hp 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 1 500000 gal 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1975 1 225 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1958 1 2.5 diam (in.) All Politition Constrol Systems and Sys	13. Condensate Receiver	1958	₩	200	- FE			Pair
Packwater Piping System (valve) Edition (valve)	14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1661	€	8	· 且			Pair
Fuel Handling System Burning Waste Oil 4 10 Hp 1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 1 500000 gal 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Peater 1991 1 200 gan 6. Fuel Oil Peater 6. Fuel Oil Peater 6. Fuel Oil Peater 1975 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (ABV) 1975 1975 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 8. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 2.5 diam (ft) 2. Blowdown Hoat Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm 2.2.5 diam (ft) 8. Art Pollution Control Systems and 2.2.2 diam (ft) 2.2.2 diam (ft) 2.2.2 diam (ft)	19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)			•	diam (in.)	8.	. 9 9	
1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump 1975 4 10 Hp 2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 500000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 20000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1991 1 gpm (110 lb oil = 220 5. Fuel Oil Pump 5. Fuel Oil Pump gpm (110 lb oil = 220 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) 8. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1975 1 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System 1975 1 4 diam (in.) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (in.) 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 2.5 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring 2.2.2 gpm	C. Fuel Handling System	Burning Waste Oil						
2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 500000 gal 3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 200000 gal 6. Fuel Oil Pump 1975 1 25 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 1 4 diam (in.) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (in.) 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 2.5 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring 2.5 diam (ft) 2.5 gpm	1. Fuel Oil Unloading Pump	1975	4	10	H.			Cood
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground 1975 1 200000 gal 4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 Epm (110 lb oil = 220 5. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 Epm (110 lb oil = 220 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) 8. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring 2.2.2 diam (ft) 2.2.2 diam (ft)	2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1975	-	200000	ga j			Cood
4. Fuel Oil Pump 1991 1 gpm (110 lb oil at 220 5. Fuel Oil Heater 1991 1 Eppm (110 lb oil at 220 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 gpm 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring 2.2.2 diam (ft) 2.2.2 diam (ft)	3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1975	_	200000	. . .			Good
5. Fuel Oil Heater 1991 1 gpm 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 4 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring 2.2.2 diam (ft) 2.2.2 diam (ft)	4. Fuel Oil Pump	1661	-			(110 lb oil = 220 F)		
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV) 1975 1.25 diam (in.) 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1978 1 2.5 diam (ft.) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft.) 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emischen Monitoring 20 gpm 20 gpm	5. Fuel Oil Heater	1991	-					
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1975 4 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 1958 1 2.5 diam (ft) 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger 1958 1 20 gpm Air Pollution Control Systems and Emischen Monitoring 2 4 222 diam (ft)		1975		1.25	diam (in.)			Good
Heat Recovery System 1. Blowdown Flash Tank 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring	7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1975		4	diam (in.)			Cood
1. Blowdown Flash Tenk 2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger Air Politation Control Systems and Emission Monitoring	D. Heat Recovery System							
2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger Air Politation Control Systems and Emission Monitoring	1. Blowdown Flash Tank	1958	-	2.5	diam (ft)		sight (A)	Good
Air Politation Control Systems and Emiscion Monitoring	2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger	1958	1	20	Bpm		•	Cood
1075 2 4223 15(A)								
C C/6	S. Stack	1975	er)	4.333	diam (ft)	3	ioht (A)	5

Table 25a (Cont'd)

		!				
Equipment	Installed	Carte	Specification	-	Specification 3	3
F. Combustion Controls						
1. Plant Master	1958	, ,				ð
2. Boiler Master	1661	60				ð
3. Flame Safeguard System	1661	e				ð
4. Furnace Draft Control (DAMPACT)	1990	m				Co
G. Chemical Feed System						
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1975	7	S	72	0.5 Hp	Good
H. Make-up Water System						
9. Sodium Zealite Softener	1975	7	8			Good
1. Condensate Polithing						
J. Compressed Air System						
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1975	60		SCFM	(15 Ho)	Š
2. Air Dryer (REPR)	1975	-	9			පි
3. Air Receiver	1975	-	100	73		Sood
K. Electrical System						
1. Transformer/TransPCB				KVA	(175 kW)	ð
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker	1958		1200	ad the	•	Cood
3. Motor Control Center/Starter	1958	7	99			Š
4. Emergency Generator	1958	-	219	KVA		
L. Physical Plant						
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and						
Doors	1958	ļ				Š
2. Building Concrete and Building Stoel	1958					Š
3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL)	1975	6			(3 Hp)	Coop
4. Building Lighting	1958	1		ļ	•	ð
Building Outside Dimensions	}	H (F)		Length (ft)	With	Width (ft)
Building Basement (Yes/No)						

Table 25b

Status Que Life Cycle Cest Analysis for Fort Bragg Bldg C-1432

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDBRG3

DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:46:58 FY 1992 BUILDING C-1432

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:
PROJECT NO., FY. & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING C-14
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

=======================================	\$22222222		
		EQUIVALENT	TIME(S)
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
{		DIFFERENTIAL	COOR THOUSED
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS \$	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
1	[RATE	
	(\$ X 10**0)		·
			ו 92 אינו ו
Investment costs	.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
RESIDUAL OIL	1 294032.6	•	, ,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,
NATURAL GAS	2659419.0	•	JUL93-JUL17 (
MAINT LABOR	1 323400.0	•	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	81081.0	•	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	1 500000.0		JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	405405.0	1 .00	JUL93-JUL17
STACK	20000.0	1 .00	JAN 15
DRUMCTL	1 15000.0	1 .00	JAN 98
ECONOMIZER	345000.0	1 .00	JAN 98
FW REG	4251.0	1 .00	JAN 98
F_FAN	50250.0	1 .00	JAN 98
I_FAN	105000.0	1 .00	JAN 98
RELVALVE	11910.0	1 .00	JAN 98
WTBOILER	4500000.0	1 .00	JAN 98
WTBURNER	350001.0	1 .00	JAN 15
PUMPSIMPLEX	1 6000.0	1 .00	JAN 95
TANKPOLY	400.0	1 .00	JAN 95
PLANTMASTER	1 15000.0	.00	JAN 98
AIRCOMPRECIP	J 60000.0	.00	JAN 95 1
AIRDRYERREFR	1 12000.0	.00	JAN 95
AIRRECV	1 600.Q.		1 JAN 05 1
EMERGENCYGEN	158454.0	1 .00	JAN 98
MOTORCTRL	3400.0	1 .00	JAN 98
SWITCH	21000.0		1 JAN 98 1
CONDPUMP	16500.0	1 .00	JAN 98
CONDREC	1 14000.0	.00	JAN 98
DAIRHEATER	25000.0	.00	JAN 98
FWHEATER	30000.0	.00	JAN 98
FWPIPINGVAT.	1400.0	.00	JAN 98
I RAP TE TIMALE.		-	

Table 25b (Coat'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:46:58 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING C-1432 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

1	TREATPUMP	1	7000.0	.00	1	JAN	98	1
Ì	WATERSTOR	ĺ	38000.0	.00	ĺ	JAN	98	ì
- 1	NAGPIPEBELOW	- 1	23.0	.00	1	JAN	00	ĺ
-	PUMP	1	2500.0	.00	i	JAN	16	İ
- 1	TANKABOVE	1	120000.0	.00	1	UA U	15	- 1
- 1	TANKABOVE	1	210000.0	.00	1	JAN	15	ĺ
-	UNLOADPUMP	1	20000.0	.00	1	JAN	95	1
-	FLASHTANK	1	1200.0	.00	1	JAN	98	1
1	HEATEXCH	t	1600.0	.00	ı	JAN	98	- 1
1	SZSOFT	1	153000.0	.00	1	JAN	95	1
ı	SUMPPUMPVERT	- 1	14700.0	.00	1	JAN	00	١
=:						~		

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - NORTH CAROLINA CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT RESID 6.61 44483.0 ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES JAN93-JAN18 4.50 590982.0 NAT G JAN93-JAN18

Table 25b (Cent'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:46:58
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING C-1432
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

RESIDUAL OIL 5453950.

NATURAL GAS 58104310.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 63558260.

RECURRING M&R/CUSTODIAL COSTS 19081330.

4644441. MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS

OTHER OWM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 87284020.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 25b (Coafd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:46:58 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING C-16 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA BUILDING C-1432

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93 ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

=====			========		========
PAY	RESID	NAT G	M & R	R / R	OTHER
===	*****	2222222	=======	=======	======
1	289339.	2552991.	1242930.	0.	0.1
1 2	282634.	2478697.	1188269.	0.1	0.1
3	274722.	2376293.	1136013.	222988.	0.1
1 41	263291.	2271791.	1086054.	0.	0.1
1 5	251094.	2189888.	1038293.	0.	
1 6	241110.	2125145.	992632.	4157252.	0.1
1 7	235905.	2138032.	948979.	0.	0.1
i 8i	232672.	2185542.	907245.		
1 9		2252200.			
j 10		2358659.			0.1
		2432362.			
		2457396.			
1 13	222426.	2510106.	724547.	339.	i 0. i
		2538505.			
		2549517.			0.i
		2521985.			0.1
1 17		2460229.			i 0.i
1 18	194225.	2427141.			i 0. i
19		2367120.		•	•
		2305527.			
21		2247943.			
		2186493.			•
		2124649.		•	•
		2055847.			
i 25	158207	1990255.	422363.	0.	i 0. i
					======
•		******	•	•	
				-	- ·

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 24a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Bragg Bidg, D-3529

	Year						
Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification	1	Specification	7	Comfittee
A. Boller (WT)	1965	3	28	MBou/fir			2 Pair, 1 Good
A. Bother (WT)	1969	-	8	MBtu/br			Good
A. Boller (WT)	1970	-	**	MBtu/hr			Good
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			240	psig	00	dunen	Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	65,69,70	×	2	si	375	peig	Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	65,69,70	so.	2	.si	385	. Sie	Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)				.s		. 26	
4. Briler Burner(s)	65,69,70	√	92	MBs		.	Cood
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	65,69,70	₩.	91	윤			Good
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	Visual			•			
B. Feedwater System							
8. Deserating Heater	1965	_	10000	lb/hr			Good
15. Make-up Pumps	1972	_	7.5	壬			Good
15. Make-up Pumps	1990	-	7.5	. 2			Good
18. Expansion Tank	1965	-	8	diam (in.)	n	length (ft)	Good
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1965		2	diam (in.)	232	Deig	Good
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1965	-	300	£			T.
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1969		55	Нþ			Fi Bi
	1965	7	8	돺			Cood
	1965	7	S	£			Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1969	7	75	유			Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1970	-	81	윺			Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1991	_	4	귶			Good
C. Fuel Handling System							
2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1965	7	20000	E			Good
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1970	4	20000	4			Good
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1965	7	15				Good
5. Fuel Oil Heater	1965	7	001				Coop
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	1965		8	diem (in.)			Good
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1965		5	diam (in.)			Good
D. Heat Recovery System							
E. Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission							
Monitoring							
10 to 10 to							

Table 26a (Cont'd)

Equipment	Year	Units	Specification	1	Specification	7	Condition
F. Combustion Controls 1. Plant Master 2. Boiler Master 3. Flame Safeguard System 5. Additional Boiler Instrumentation/Indicators	1965 65,69,70 65,69,70 1965	vo vo		O2 TRIM, FLOWMETER, TEMPREC (O2 trim inoperable)			Good Good Good Recorders Poor
G. Chemical Feed System 1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps				gal		윤	
H. Make-up Water System 9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	\$961	2	31	wdž			Good
I. Condensate Polishing							
J. Compressed Air System	1965	1	100	SCFM	(aH 01)		Coop
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1661	-	100	SCFM	(10 Hp)		Cood
2 Air Diver (REFR)	1982		200	SCFM			5 000
	1965	~	8	7			2005
	1965	-	ង៖	3 7	(ا الله الله الله
Soot blower Receiver	1965	1	8	re S	(4 X6)		3
K. Electrical System 1. Transformer/TransPCB 2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker 4. Emergency Generator		-		KVA emps KVA			Good
 L. Physical Plant 1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors 2. Building Concrete and Building Steel 3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL) 4. Building Lighting Steam generator for atomizer Building Outside Dimensions Building Basement (Yes/No) 	1965 1965 1985 1965	1 Ht (#)	80-110	gpm pri Length (ft)	(2 Hp)	lb/hr Width (ft)	C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C C

Table 26b

Status Que Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Fort Bragg Bldg D-3528

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDBRG1

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:46:47
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING D-3529
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	JAN 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

		() 		
į	COST / BENEFIT	COST	EQUIVALENT UNIFORM	
! !	DESCRIPTION	I IN DOS \$	DIFFERENTIAL ESCALATION	 COST INCURRED
	 - 	 (\$ X 10**0)		
1	INVESTMENT COSTS	.0		,,
i	RESIDUAL OIL	, 152823.2	.00 2.21	JUN 92
i	NATURAL GAS	1382216.0		JUL93-JUL17
i	MAINT LABOR	207900.0		JUL93-JUL17
i	MAINT SERV	35135.0		JUL93-JUL17 JUL93-JUL17
i	MAINT SUPPLY	248000.0		JUL93~JUL17
i	MAINT UTIL	175676.0		JUL93-JUL17
i	STACK	45000.0	.00	JAN 05
i	DRUMCTL	5000.0	.00	JAN 90
Ì	F_FAN	21000.0	.00	JAN 05
Ì	F_FAN	7000.0	.00	JAN 09
-1	F_FAN	7000.0	.00	JAN 10
1	RELVALVE	7875.0	.00	JAN 85
1	RELVALVE	2625.0	.00	JAN 89
-1	RELVALVE	2625.0	.00	JAN 90
1	RELVALVE	7884.0	.00	JAN 85
ı	RELVALVE	2628.0	.00	JAN 89
- 1	RELVALVE	2628.0	.00	JAN 90
-1	WTBOILER	2025000.0 i	.00	JAN 05
-1	WTBOILER	675000.0	.00	JAN 09
1	WTBOILER	675000.0 j	.00 i	JAN 10
1	WTBURNER	153000.0	.00 i	JAN 05
ł	WTBURNER	51000.0	.00 i	JAN 09
١	WTBURNER	51000.0	.00 j	JAN 10
١	BOILMASTER	15000.0	.00 i	JAN 95
ļ	BOILMASTER	5000.0	.00	JAN 99
ļ	BOILMASTER	5000.0	.00	JAN 00
ļ	FLAMESAFE	30000.0	.00	JAN 95
!	FLAMESAPE	10000.0	.00	JAN 99
Į	FLAMESAFE	10000.0	.00	JAN 00

Table 26b (Cont's)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:46:47
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING D-3529
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

PLANTMASTER	5000.0	1 .00	ŀ	JAN 99	5
AIRCOMPRECIP	1 20000.0	1 .00	i	JAN 85	5 1
AIRCOMPRECIP	26000.0	.00	Ì	JAN 8	5 i
AIRCOMPRECIP	26000.0	i .00	i	JAN 11	
AIRDRYERREFR	18000.0	.00	i	JAN 97	7 ;
AIRRECV	600.0	i .00	i	JAN 9	
AIRRECV	600.0	i .00	i	JAN 9	•
EMERGENCYGEN	35000.0	.00	i	JAN 9	•
DAIRHEATER	25000.0	i .00	i	JAN 0	•
EXPTANK	27433.0	i .00	i	JAN 0	•
FWPIPINGVAL	1209.0	.00	i	JAN 8	-
HTWPUMP	38000.0	i .00	i	JAN 9	
HTWPUMP	38000.0	i .00	i	JAN 9	
HTWPUMP	46000.0	i .00	i	JAN 99	-
HTWPUMP	24000.0	.00	i	JAN 0	•
MUPUMP	5000.0	i .00	i	JAN 92	•
MUPUMP	5000.0	i .00	i	JAN 1	
HEATER	16000.0	.00	i	JAN 9	
NAGPIPEBELOW	32.0	.00	i	JAN 9	
OILPIPEBELOW	68.0	i .00	i	JAN 9	•
PUMP	6500.0	.00	i	JAN 9	•
TANKABOVE	160000.0	i .00	i	JAN 0	-
TANKABOVE	320000.0	i .00	i	JAN 1	•
SZSOFT	1 140000.0	.00	i	JAN 8	
SUMPPUMPVERT	1 9800.0	.00	:	JAN 0	•
	 	•			•

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - NORTH CAROLINA CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES
RESID 6.61 23120.0 JAN93-JAN18
NAT G 4.50 307159.0 JAN93-JAN18

Table 26b (Cont'e)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:46:47
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING D-3529
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA
DESIGN FEATURE:
ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO
NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

RESIDUAL OIL 2837420. NATURAL GAS 29521140.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 32358560.

RECURRING MGR/CUSTODIAL COSTS 9567582.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 2440823.

OTHER OLM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 44366970.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON JAN92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT JAN92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 26b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:46:47 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING D-3529 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN PEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93
ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

***	******				********
					OTHER
					======
1 11	150529.	1297102.	623218.	0.	0.1
1 21	147040.	1259355.	595811.	0.	0.1
1 31	142924.	1207327.	569609.	155709.	0.1
1 41	136977.	1154232.	544559.	0.	0.1
1 51	130632.	1112620.	520611.	14375.	0.1
i 6i		1079726.			
1 71		1086273.			0.1
		1110411.			
9	119712.	1144279.	434897.	0.	0.1
1 101	118886.	1198367.	415772.	0.	
111		1235814.			
1 121		1248533.			0.1
		1275313.			0.1
141		1289742.			
1 15		1295337.			
1 16		1281349.			
1 17		1249972.			
i 18 i		1233161.			
		1202666.			
		1171372.			
		1142116.			
		1110895.			
		1079474.			
		1044517.			
		1011192.			0.1

	200.450.	'	,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,,	2440023.	• • • •

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON JAN92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT JAN92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 27a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Bragg Bidg, E-2523

Equipment	Installed		Specification	-	Specification	7	Condition
A. Boller (WT)	1988	2	16	MBtu/fir			Good
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			350	peig	385	duran	Cood
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	7	1.5	s	9	Deig	Sood
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	7	1.5	. s	350	N. M.	Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	Manual			. s i		prise	
4. Boiler Burner(s)	1988	-		MBtu			
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1988	7	7.5	유			5
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	Visual			•			
B. Feedwater System							
8. Deserating Heater	1988	-		Ib∕kr			
-	1988			gal	(3'x7')		
-	1988	7	3	击			Good
13. Condensate Receiver	Expansion Tank			•			
	1988	7	01	£			Cood
17. Sediment Tank (Dump Tank)	1988	-	27	diam (in.)	18.5	length (ft)	8 60
18. Expansion Tank	1988	-	8	diam (in.)	8	length (ft)	Good
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1988		~	diam (in.)	15-20	beig	Good
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1988	7	8	盘			Good
20. Cooling Water Pumps (booster)	1988	7	2	Нр			G
20. Cooling Water Pumps (booster)	1988	-	15	Нр			Good
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1988	7	125	뜐			Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1988	7	8	웊			Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1988	7	93	H			Good
C. Fuel Handling System							
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1988	-		leg			
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1988			md 3			
5. Fuel Oil Heater				md 3			
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	1988		1	diam (in.)			S
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1988		8	diam (in.)			Good
D. Heat Recovery System							
E. Air Pollution Control Systems and							
Emination Monitoring				•			

Table 27a (Cont'd)

Equipment	Year Installed	Units	Specification 1	1	Specification 2	Condition
F. Combestion Controls 2 Roller Matter	1988	2				Good
3. Plame Safeguard System	1988	. 7			•	Good
5. Additional Boiler Instrumentation/Indicators	Part of Boiler Master 1988	-		O2/CO/Opacity Monitor N2 Pressure Alarm		Good
G. Chemical Feed System 1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1988	-	S	lag	0.25 Нр	Good
H. Make-up Water System 9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1988	-	31	ud8		Good
I. Condensate Polishing						
J. Compressed Air System						
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1988			SCFM	(10 Hp)	
2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1988		9	SCFM		Cood
3. Air Receiver	1988	1	98	gal		Good
K. Electrical System						
1. Transformer/TransPCB				KVA		
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker				sdus		
3. Motor Control Center/Starter	1088	-	2	subs KVA		Good
r. mingan) comm		•				
L. Physical Plant 1 Desilition Siding Designs Windows and						
1. Dunning Straing, NOSTING, WHICOWS, with	1988					Good
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1988					Good
4. Building Lighting	1988					
Building Outside Dimensions		Ħ Ħ		Length (ft)	Width (ft)	
Building Basement (Yes/No)						

Table 27b

Status Que Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Fort Bragg Bidg E-2823

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDBRG2

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:49:17 FY 1992 BUILDING E-2823

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING E-28 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

22222222222222222222				
1	1	EOUIVALENT	l !	
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)	
, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,		DIFFERENTIAL	i(-,	
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED	
	1	RATE	3335 33133333	
i	(S X 19**0)		i	
	=========			
I INVESTMENT COSTS	i .0 i	.00	JUN 92	
DISTILLATE OIL	37692.4	1.58	JUL93-JUL17	
NATURAL GAS	303300.0	3.64	JUL93-JUL17	
MAINT LABOR	1 134400.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17	
MAINT SERV	10811.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17	
MAINT SUPPLY	80000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17	
MAINT UTIL	1 54054.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17	
RELVALVE	3654.0	.00	Jan 08	
RELVALVE	3666.0	.00	Jan 08	
PUMPSIMPLEX	3000.0	.00	Jan 08	
TANKPOLY	200.0	.00	Jan 08	
BOILMASTER	1 10000.0	.00	JAN 18	
FLAMESAFE	20000.0	.00	Jan 1 8	
AIRCOMPRECIP	20000.0	.00	J an 08	
AIRDRYERREFR	12000.0	.00	Jan 03	
AIRRECV	600.0	.00	JAN 18	
EMERGENCYGEN	150571.0	1 .00	JAN 18	
COOLPUMP	5500.0	1 .00	JAN 08	
COOLPUMP	5500.0	٠٥٥ ا	JAN 08	
COOLPUMP	6250.0	٠٥٥ ا	JAN 08	
COOLPUMP	1 22800.0	.00	JAN 08	
COOLPUMP	22800.0	.00	JAN 08	
FEEDPUMP	1 28000.0	.00	JAN 18	
FWPIPINGVAL	1100.0	.00	JAN 08	
HTWPOMP	38000.0	.00	JAN 18	
HTWPUMP	1 38000.0	.00	JAN 18	
TREATPUMP	8000.0	.00	JAN 08	
NAGPIPEBELOW	18.0	.00	JAN 13	
OILPIPEBELOW	25.0	.00	JAN 13	
PUMP	8000.0	.00	i jan 13 i	

Table 27b (Cont'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:49:17 FY 1992 BUILDING E-2823 LCCID 1.065 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING E-28 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

TANKBELOW SZSOFT		57000.0 70000.0	.00	1	JAN 18 JAN 08	

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

CENSUS REGION: 3 LOCATION - NORTH CAROLINA RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES 5073.0 JAN93-JAN18 DIST 7.43 4.50 JAN93-JAN18 67400.0 NAT G

Table 27b (Cent'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:49:17
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING E-2823
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL 649110. NATURAL GAS 6626649.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 7275760.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS 4068100.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 203734.

OTHER OWM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 11547590.

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 270 (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:49:17 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING E-2823 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA LCCID 1.065

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93 ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

2222	*********	********	********	********	
PAY		NAT G			OTHER
3==				•	
	36060.	•			
	34501.				
	32905.	•			
•	31451.	•			
	30096.				
•	• -	242367.	211627.	0.	
1 7	1 28273.	243837.	202320.	0.	0.1
1 8	27788.	249256.	193423.	0.	0.1
9	27389.	256858.	184917.	0.	0.1
1 10	27108.	268999.	176785.	0.	0.1
1 11	1 26825.	277405.	169010.		
1 12	26504.	280260.	161578.	0.	0.1
1 13					i 0. i
1 14	25697.	289510.			
1 15	25134.	290766.			0.1
1 16		287626.			•
1 17					•
i 18	•	276809.			
i 19					
i 20					
i 21	·	• = . = .			
1 22		•			
23					•
1 24			94189.		
25				•	
1 2					:
1222	•	•			=======
1	1 043110.	6626649.	#008100.	405/34.	0.1

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 28s

Boller Evaluation Parts List Fort Bragg Bidg, N-6002

	Year						
Equipment	Installed	Calts	Specification	***	Specification 2		Condition
A. Boller (WT)	1985	7	æ	MBtu/tr			Good
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			110	peig			Good
2. Relief Valvo(s)	1985	m	1.5	. S	400 paig		Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	1661	-	1.5	in.	400 paig		Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	Base water supply			ij.			
4. Boiler Burner(s)	1985	7	S	MBtu			Good
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1985	7	51	Нр			Good
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	Mcnual			•			
B. Feedwater System							
8. Descrating Heater	None			lb/hr			
14. Zone Pumps			9	Нр			
15. Make-up Pumps	1985	7	15	.			Good
16. Boiler Circulating Water Pumps	1985	٣	9	全			G
18. Expension Tank	1985	_	7	diam (in.)	20 hengt	length (ft)	Good
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	Base water pressure			diam (in.)	Sig.		
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1985	7	02	Hp			Good
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1985	7	75	帮			Good
C. Fuel Handling System							
3. Fuel Oil Tarik - Underground	1985	-	30000	1			Good
4. Fuel Oil Pump							
				uds			
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	3001		96	diam (in.)			7
	2967		3	dam (m.)			3
- 1							3
E. Air Polistion Courtel Systems and Emission Monitoring							
5. Stack	1985	-	84	diam (ft)	80 heigh	height (ft)	Good
P. Combustion Controls							
1. Plant Master	1985						Good
2. Boiler Master	1985	7					Good
3. Flame Safeguard System	1985	7					Good O
5. Additional Boiler				02/C02 Recorders			
Instrumentation/Indicators	1985	-		Low water level cut-off			Gocq

Table 28a (Cont'd)

	7					
Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification 1	1	Specification 2	Condition
G. Chemical Feed System 1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1985	2	0\$	Page 1		Good
H. Make-up Water System 9. Sodium Zeolite Sostenez	1985	1	80	wď	(Solar Rock Salt)	Good
I. Condensate Polishing						
J. Compressed Air System 1 Air Compressor (RECIP)	1985	2		SCFM		
3. Air Receiver	1985	7	120	gaj		Good
Soot blower - used daily to maintain it						Good
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1985	-		SCFM	(3 Hp)	5
2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1985	-	105	SCFM		8
3. Air Receiver	1985	-		gal	(4.18.)	
K. Electrical System						
1. Transformer/TransPCB				KVA		•
2. Switchgear - Main Circuit Breaker	1985	, 1	4 00	adwa.		8
3. Motor Control Center/Starter				ad una		•
4. Emergency Generator	1985	-	113	KVA		585
L. Physical Plant						
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows,						•
and Doors	1985					8 ·
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1985					S
3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL)	1985	M	₹			9 . 3
4. Building Lighting	1985					
Building Outside Dimensions		H H		Length (ft)	Width (ft)	2
Building Recement (Yes/No)						
(a. that) smaller of Gringing						

Table 28b

Status Quo Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Furt Bragg Bldg N-6002

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS STUDY: TDBRG4

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:44:33 BUILDING N-6002

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING N-60 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	JAN 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (ALD)	JAN 18

			=======================================
	1	EOUIVALENT	1
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
	1	DIFFERENTIAL	i
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
1	i	RATE	i
i	(S X 10**0)	(% PER YEAR)	i i
	=========		
I INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	.00	JUN 92
RESIDUAL OIL	37663.8	2.21	JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	340659.0	3.39	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR	134400.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	13514.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	1 100000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	67568.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
RELVALVE	5601.0	.00	JAN 05
RELVALVE	1867.0	.00	JAN 11
i Tankpoly	400.0	.00	JAN 05
BOILMASTER	10000.0	.00	JAN 15
FLAMESAFE	20000.0		JAN 15
PLANTMASTER	5000.0 		JAN 15
AIRCOMPRECIP	40000.0	.00	JAN 05
AIRCOMPRECIP	1 20000.0	.00	JAN 05
AIRDRYERREFR	13300.0	.00	JAN 00
AIRRECV	1400.0	.00	JAN 15
AIRRECV	3000.0		JAN 15
EMERGENCYGEN	71660.0		JAN 15
CIRCPUMP	 42000.0		JAN 15
COOLPUMP	22800.0	.00	JAN 05
FWPIPINGVAL	1100.0		JAN 05
HTWPUMP	57000.0		JAN 15
HTWPUMP	 46000.0	.00	JAN 15
MUPUMP	12500.0	.00	JAN 05
NAGPIPEBELOW	16.0	.00	JAN 10
TANKBELOW	42000.0	.00	JAN 15
SZSOFT	70000.0	.00	JAN 05
SUMPPUMPVERT	15225.0	.00	JAN 00

Table 286 (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:44:33
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING N-6002
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - NORTH CAROLINA CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES RESID 6.61 5698.0 JAN93-JAN18 RESID 6.61 5698.0 NAT G 4.50 75702.0 JAN93-JAN18

Table 28b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:44:33
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING N-6002
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

699291. RESIDUAL OIL 7275742. NATURAL GAS

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 7975034.

RECURRING MAR/CUSTODIAL COSTS 4527299.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 222730.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 12725060.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON JAN92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT JAN92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 250 (Cent'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:44:33 LCCID 1.065 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING N-60 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT BRAGG NORTH CAROLINA FY 1992 BUILDING N-6002

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEF CIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93

ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

====	*********		=======================================		
PAY	RESID	NAT G	MER	R / R	OTHER
===		******		355555	======
1	37098.	319682.	294902.		
1 2	36239.	310379.	281933.	0.	0.1
3	35224.	297556.	269534.	0.	0.1
1 4	33759.	284471.	257681.	0.	0.1
1 5	32195.	274215.	246349.	0.	0.1
1 6	30915.	266108.	235515.	0.	0.1
1 7	30247.	267721.	225158.	0.	0.1
1 8	29833.	273671.	215256.	19905.	0.1
j 9	29504.	282017.	205790.	0.	
1 10	29300.	295348.	196740.	0.	0.1
1 11		304577.	188088.		
12	28816.	307712.	179816.	0.	0.1
13		314312.		96079.	0.1
14	28048.	317868.	164348.	0.	0.1
j 15	27433.	319247.	157121.	j 0.	0.1
1 16		315799.			
i 17	25792.	308066.			0.1
1 18	24903.	303923.	137290.	-	
i 19	24126.	296407.	131252.	794.	0.1
20	23498.	288695.	125480.	0.	0.1
j 21		281484.	119962.	j 0.	i 0. i
1 22	22285.	273790.	114686.		
1 23	•	266046.	•	•	j 0. j
1 24		257430.			
i 25		249217.		•	
===	=======	======	=======	======	=======
j***	•	7275742.	•	•	

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON JAN92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT JAN92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 29

CHPECON Run Results for Fort Bragg Bidg. C-1432

Technology	Boiler	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	K\$INV.	KSFUEL	KSLCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
GAS	100/100/100	10.588	12.659	9051	118957	137895	100
#2 OIL	100/100/100	15.795	18.884	9051	186764	205702	149
#6 OIL	100/100/100	16.885	20.187	9051	200957	219895	159
STOKER	68/117/117/117	10.538	12.599	62367	38337	137239	100
CWS	59/117/150/150	10.372	12.401	53143	58437	141162	102
COM	71/123/123/123	16.138	19.295	37872	156267	219633	159
FBC	54/108/138/138	10.388	12.420	60181	40010	135292	98
		,		KSINV	K\$COAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVING
Retrofit							
STOKER				4575	36441	-215732	-174717
CWS				3787	55131	-298123	-239205
M-COAL				5888	35296	-210934	-169750

FILE PREFIX: FBG3 PMCR: 300 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 100 M L=(K# STEAM/HR) M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 30

CHPECON Run Results for Fort Bragg Bidg. D-3529

Technology	Boiler	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	K\$INV.	KSFUEL	K\$LCC	LCC/R
New Plant				· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
#6 OIL	44/44/44	17.915	21.420	5715	86537	100328	154
STOKER	30/51/51/51	15.310	18.305	41825	17324	85737	132
CWS	26/51/65/65	13.515	16.1 59	31118	25665	79092	122
COM	31/53/53/53	19.358	23.145	25001	67880	113287	174
FBC	24/47/60/60	14.884	17.795	39757	17565	83350	128
				K\$INV	K\$COAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVINGS
Retrofit							
STOKER				4500	15732	-93136	-72903
CWS				3211	23886	-129165	-102068
M-COAL				5302	15107	-90291	-69881

FILE PREFIX: FBG1 PMCR: 130 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 43 M

CHP #1 3@ 26 M FUEL = NG/FS6 AGE = 1965 1@ 26 M FUEL = NG/FS6 AGE = 1969

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 31

CHPECON Run Results for Fort Bragg Bldg. N-6002

Technology	Boller	\$/MBTU	\$/KASTM	KSINV.	KSFUEL	KSLCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
#2 OIL	17/17/17	19.494	23.307	4020	31926	43159	136
#6 OIL	17/17/17	20.584	24.610	4020	34339	45572	144
STOKER	12/20/20/20	27.603	33.002	32334	7595	61111	193
CWS	10/20/25/25	21.877	26.150	21129	10605	50615	160
COM	12/21/21/21	27.791	33.227	18719	27526	64296	203
FBC	9/18/23/23	26.575	31.774	30190	7501	58837	186
			···	KSINV	KSCOAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVING

Retrofit

STOKER

CWS

M-COAL

FILE PREFIX: FBG5

PMCR: 50 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 17 M

CHP #5 2@ 25 L FUEL = NG.FS6 AGE = 1985

L = (K# STEAM/HR) M = (MBTU/HR)

Table 32

CHPECON Run Results for Fort Bragg Bidg. 4-3124

Technology	Boiler	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	K\$INV.	KSFUEL	KSLCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
GAS	42/42/42	11.656	13.936	5625	50088	67757	100
#2 OIL	42/42/42	16.863	20.161	5625	78568	92237	136
#6 OIL	42/42/42	17.953	21.464	5625	84529	98198	145
STOKER	29/49/49/49	15.490	18.521	41320	16975	84731	125
CWS	25/49/63/63	13.650	16.321	30776	25051	78026	115
COM	30/52/52/52	19.358	23.144	24442	65901	110648	163
FBC	23/46/58/58	15.049	17.992	39269	17147	82311	121
				KSINV	K\$COAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVINGS
Retrofit					***************************************		
STOKER				3361	15381	-91056	-72314
CWS				2273	23295	-125967	-100400
M-COAL				3904	14764	-88234	-69565

FILE PREFIX: FBG2

PMCR: 126 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 42 M

CHP #2 2@ 37.9 L FUEL = NG.FS2 AGE = 1972

1@ 50 L FUEL = NG,FS2 AGE = 1952

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 33
CHPECON Run Results for Fort Bragg Bidg, C-7549

Technology	Boller	SMBTU	\$/K#STM	KSINV.	KSFUEL	K\$LCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
GAS	34/34/34	12.133	14.506	5028	39387	52145	100
#2 OIL	34/34/34	17.340	20.732	5028	61764	74522	143
#6 OIL	34/34/34	18.430	22.034	5028	66447	79205	152
STOKER	23/39/39/39	17.292	20.675	37447	13377	74318	143
CWS	20/39/50/50	15.209	18.184	27421	19703	68307	131
COM	24/41/41/41	20.829	24.905	22346	51578	93547	179
FBC	18/36/46/46	16.875	20.176	35433	13658	72526	139
				KSINV	KSCOAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVING

Retrofit

STOKER CWS M-COAL

FILE PREFIX: FBG4

PMCR: 100 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 33 M

CHP #4 2@ 50 L FUEL = NG,FS2 AGE = 1973

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 34

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a Gas/#2 Off-Fired Beller Plant

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis Page 1 File: FBGG Type: New plant (NP) 05/11/92 Desc: FORT BRAGG Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler ********* Base and Plant Information ************* State: NC - North Carolina Base DOE Region: PMCR: 379,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 3 Base DOE Region: 3 Height of the plant: 40 ft Building area: 10200 sq ft Plant area: 2.44 acres ****** Facility Parameters ********* Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.045 (4771.57/1991) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.106 (947.10/1991) Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.061 (4386.55/1991) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.030 (272.70/1991) Annual electricity usage: 2,051,666 kW-hr 1991 cost for distillate: 0.631 \$/gallon 1991 cost for residual: 0.400 \$/gallon 1991 cost for natural gas: 2.722 \$/million Btu 1991 cost for electricity: 0.053 \$/kW-hr Annual Facility Output: 1,159,392 thousand 1b steam Annual Natural Gas Usage: 1,423 10^6 SCF Heating plant efficiency: 83.2% natural gas Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: 1995 - 2019 Annual #2 Fuel Oil Usage: 11,200 10^3 gal Heating plant efficiency: 86.2% #2 fuel oil ******************* Facility Capital Costs ******** Cost Equipment Equipment Cost Boiler: \$ 2,242,793 Stack: \$ 32,911
Building/service: \$ 1,621,511 Water trtmnt: \$ 930,583
Feedwtr pmps: \$ 43,085 Cond xfr pmps: \$ 46,709
Cond strg tnk: \$ 10,835 Oil (long) storage: \$ 476,208
Oil day strg pmp: \$ 5,642 Oil heaters: \$ 12,224
Oil day strg tanks: \$ 28,304 Oil unload pumps: \$ 13,791
Oil xfr pmps: \$ 7,992 Fire protection: \$ 52,241
Cont bldn tnk: \$ 1,512 Intr bldn tnk: \$ 1,512
Compressor: \$ 24,453 Car puller: \$ 20,896
Rail: \$ 22,202 Site preparation: \$ 6,373
Site improvements: \$ 302,476 Mobile equipment: \$ 40,748

Table 34 (Cont'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                       Page 2
                                                      05/11/92
File: FBGG
              Type: New plant (NP)
Desc: FORT BRAGG
Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler
Facility Capital Costs, cont
*********************************
Piping:
                    1,484,057
                            Instrumentation: $
                                                    548,726
                    3,125,845
Direct costs:
Plant installed cost: $
                      12,247,402
********************
  Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
************************************
Operating staff: 12
Annual Labor Costs: $ 499,778
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $
                               832,832
1995 Natural gas costs : $ 5,000,592
1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs : $
1995 #2 fuel oil costs : $ 8,610,956
                               108,982
 Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
***************
                           Time Interval
Time Interval
               Cost
                                            Cost
_____
                           ------
                                   $ 7,075
$ 151,802
        $ 30,000
$ 386,834
                          5 years
3 years
                          15 years
20 years
10 years
                                        $
            $ 18,684
18 years
                                            16,651
 *******************
  Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
*************************
Analysis using natural gas as primary fuel
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                         = $ 10,732,356
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs
                                         = $ 106,846,953
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
                                         = $ 10,802,151
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                              579,314
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
                                                    n
                                         = $
                                                    0
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                         = $
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
                                         = $ 128,960,776
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                     = 7.4820 $/MMBtu
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                     = 8.9454 $/1000 lb steam
*************
  Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
Analysis using #2 fuel oil as primary fuel
```

Table 34 (Cont'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                                    Page 3
File: FBGG
                  Type: New plant (NP)
                                                                   05/11/92
Desc: FORT BRAGG
Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler
**************************************
  Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary, cont
          *************************************
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
                                                    = $ 152,268,430
                                                   = $ 10,802,151
                                                  = $
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                                           579,314
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
                                                   = $
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                                   = $
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
                                                    = $ 174,382,254
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                               = 10.117 $/MMBtu
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                               = 12.096 \$/1000 lb steam
  Sensitivity Analysis
****************
=== Primary fuel initial cost variation ===
                                    Life Cycle Cost LCS,$/10001b steam
76,301,311 5.292
86,833,204 6.023
                 PV Primary Fuel
     Change
        50%
                     52,659,465
        60$
                      63,191,358
                                                               6.753
                                          97,365,097
        70%
                      73,723,252
        808
                      84,255,145
                                         107,896,990
                                                               7.484
        90%
                      94,787,038
                                          118,428,883
       100%
                     105,318,931
                                          128,960,776
                                                               8.945
                                          139,492,670
       110%
                     115,850,824
                                                               9.676
       120%
                                          150,024,563
                                                              10.406
                     126,382,717
       130%
                     136,914,610
                                          160,556,456
                                                              11.137
                                          171,088,349
                     147,446,504
157,978,397
       140%
                                                              11.867
                                          181,620,242
       150%
                                                              12.598
=== Primary fuel escalation rate variation ===
     Change
                PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS, $/10001b steam
                                          97,059,211
                     73,417,365
        -31
                                                               6.732
        -2%
                      82,490,021
                                          106,131,866
                                                               7.361
        -18
                      93,034,992
                                          116,676,837
                                                               8.093
                                          128,960,776
                                                               8.945
         0%
                     105,318,931
         18
                     119,658,535
                                          143,300,380
                                                               9.940
                                          160,071,782
         21
                     136,429,937
                                                              11.103
                                          179,721,674
         3%
                     156,079,829
                                                              12.466
                                                              14.066
         41
                     179,138,616
                                          202,780,462
         5%
                     206,235,971
                                          229,877,817
                                                              15.945
         6$
                     238, 119, 197
                                         261,761,042
=== Auxiliary energy cost variation ===
     Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS, $/10001b steam 1,222,417 128,655,172 8.924
```

Table 34 (Cont'd)

File: FBGG Desc: FORT BRA		ion Sensitivity	Analysis	Page 4 05/11/92
Tech: Gas / Oi	1 Fired Boller			
*****	******	*******	*****	******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	*******	******	*******
100%	1,528,022	128,960,776	:	8.945
110%	1,680,824	129,113,579		8.956
120%	1,833,626	129,266,381	:	8.966
=== 0&M labor	cost variation ===			
Change	PV 0&M Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/100	Olb steam
80%	5,195,256	127,661,962	;	8.855
90%	5,844,663	128,311,369		8.900
100	6,494,070	128,960,776		8.945
110%	7,143,477	129,610,183		8.990
120%	7,792,884	130,259,590	!	9.035
=== 0&M non-1al	bor cost variation ===			
Change	PV O&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/100	01b steam
80%	3,446,465	128,099,160		8.885
90%	3,877,273	128,529,968	;	8.915
100%	4,308,081	128,960,776		8.945
110%	4,738,889	129,391,585	i	8.975
120%	5,169,698	129,822,393		9.005
=== Repair/rep	lace cost variation ===			
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost	LCS.\$/100	01b steam
80%	463,451	128,844,914		8.937
90%	521,383	128,902,845	:	8.941
100%	579,314	128,960,776		8.945
110%	637,246	129,018,708	1	B.9 4 9
120%	695,177	129,076,639	;	8.953
=== Initial co	st variation ===			
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/100	Olb steam
80%	8,585,885	126,573,245		B.779
90%	9,659,121	127,767,011	;	8.862
100%	10,732,356	128,960,776	;	8.945
110%	11,805,592	130,154,542	!	9.028
120%	12,878,828	131,348,308	9	9.111
=== Existing se	alvage value variation ===	•		
Change	PV Existing Salvage	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/100	01b steam
Existing	g plant salvage values spe	ecified is 0.		
Variation	on of value is unnecessary	y. Analysis skipp	ed.	
=== New salvage	e value variation ===			

Table 34 (Coat'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                                      Page 5
File: FBGG
                  Type: New plant (NP)
                                                                    05/11/92
Desc: FORT BRAGG
Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler
************************************
   Sensitivity Analysis, cont
       -15%
                        -320,820
                                         129,281,597
       -10%
                         -213,880
                                         129,174,657
        -5%
                        -106,940
                                         129,067,717
                                                               8.952
                                         128,960,776
128,853,836
128,746,896
128,639,956
         0%
                              0
                                                               8.945
                                                               8.938
         51
                         106,940
                                                               8.930
        10%
                          213,880
        15%
                          320,820
                                                                8.923
=== Discount rate variation ===
                  Life Cycle Cost LCS, $/10001b steam
     Change
                   256,519,232 17.793
       0.0%
       0.5%
                     235,989,485
                                          16.369
       1.5%
                     200,800,336
                                         13.928
                     172,065,641
148,462,758
128,960,776
       2.5%
                                          11.935
       3.5%
                                         10.298
        4.5%
                                          8.945
                     112,752,497
                                          7.821
       5.5%
       6.5%
                     99,203,005
                                          6.881
                      87,810,626
       7.5%
                      78,177,169
       8.5%
                                          5.422
                      69,985,149
                                          4.854
       9.5%
                      62,980,290
      10.5%
                                          4.368
      11.5%
                       56,958,023
                                           3.950
                       54,262,405
      12.0%
=== Plant life variation ===
Life Cycle Cost LCS, $/1000lb steam
     Change
    10 yr
                   61,410,016 7.982
      11 yr
                       66,395,605
                                          8.007
                                          8.055
      12 yr
                      71,413,865
      13 yr
                       76,461,434
                                          8.122
                     81,481,943
86,536,921
91,378,302
      14 yr
                                           8.198
      15 yr
16 yr
                                        8.288
                                           8.366
      17 yr
                      96,069,923
                                          8.440
      18 yr
                     100,646,253
                                          8.513
      19 yr
                     105,071,556
      20 yr
                     109,517,217
                                          8.659
      21 yr
                     113,678,513
                                          8.722
      22 yr
                     117,688,331
                                          8.781
                     121,570,571
125,329,299
128,960,776
                                          8.838
      23 yr
      24 yr
25 yr
                                          8.893
                                          8.945
```

Table 35

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a #6 Oil-Fired Boller Plant

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis Page 1 File: FBG6 Type: New plant (NP) 07/29/92 Desc: FORT BRAGG Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler

Base and Plant Information

State: NC - North Carolina Base DOE Region: 3 PMCR: 379,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 3

Height of the plant: 40 ft Building area: 10200 sq ft Plant area: 2.44 acres

Facility Parameters ******

Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.045 (4771.57/1991) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.106 (947.10/1991) Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.061 (4386.55/1991) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.030 (272.70/1991)

Annual electricity usage: 2,051,666 kW-hr

1991 cost for distillate: 0.631 \$/gallon 1991 cost for residual: 0.400 \$/gallon

1991 cost for natural gas: 2.722 \$/million Btu

1991 cost for electricity: 0.053 \$/kW-hr

Annual Facility Output: 1,159,392 thousand 1b steam

Annual #6 Fuel Oil Usage: 10,155 10^3 gal Heating plant efficiency: 87.8% #6 fuel oil Year of Study: 1991

Years of Operation: 1995 - 2019

************************* Facility Capital Costs **********

Equipment		Cost	Equipment		Cost
Boiler:	\$	2,242,793	Stack:	\$	32,911
Building/service:	\$	1,621,511	Water trtmnt:	\$	930,583
Feedwtr pmps:	Ś	43,085	Cond xfr pmps:	\$	46,709
Cond strg tnk:	\$	10,835	Oil (long) storage:	\$	476,208
Oil day strg pmp:	Ś	5,642	Oil heaters:	\$	12,224
Oil day strg tanks:	\$	28,304	Oil unload pumps:	\$	13,791
Oil xfr pmps:	Ś	7,992	Fire protection:	\$	52,241
Cont bldn tnk:	Ś	1,512	Intr bldn tnk:	\$	1,512
Compressor:	Ś	24,453	Car puller:	\$	20,896
Rail:	Ś	22,202	Site preparation:	\$	6,373
Site improvements:	Ś	302,476	Mobile equipment:	\$	40,748
Elec substation:	Ś	83,490	Electrical:	\$	261,892
Piping:	Ė	1,484,057	Instrumentation:	\$	548,726
Direct costs:	\$	3,125,845		•	. -

Table 35 (Cant'd)

Plant installed cost: \$ 12,247,402 Plant installed cost: \$ 12,247,402 Pacility Annual 0 & M and Energy Costs Operating staff: 12 Annual Labor Costs: \$ 499,778 Annual Year Non-Labor 0 & M Costs: \$ 832,832 1995 86 fuel oil costs: \$ 5,457,879 1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs: \$ 108,982 Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary Time Interval	Central Heating Plant I File: FBG6 Type Desc: FORT BRAGG Tech: Gas / Oil Fired E	e: New plant (N		Sensitivity	Analysis	Page 2 07/29/92
Plant installed cost: \$ 12,247,402 Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs Periodic Sates S 499,778 Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs: \$ 832,832 1995 #6 fuel oil costs: \$ 5,457,879 1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs : \$ 108,982 Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary Time Interval Cost Time Interval Cost 3 years \$ 30,000 5 years \$ 7,075 10 years \$ 386,834 15 years \$ 151,802 18 years \$ 18,684 20 years \$ 16,651 Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 10,732,356 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	************	******	******	******	******	******
### Provided Cost Summary Pacility Annual O & M and Energy Costs	Facility Capital Cos	sts, cont	******	*****	******	******
### Pacility Annual O & M and Energy Costs ##################################	Plant installed cost:	\$ 12,247				
Annual Labor Costs: \$ 499,778 Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs: \$ 832,832 1995 #6 fuel oil costs: \$ 5,457,879 1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs: \$ 108,982 Time Interval Cost Time Interval Cost 3 years \$ 30,000 5 years \$ 7,075 10 years \$ 386,834 15 years \$ 151,802 18 years \$ 18,684 20 years \$ 16,651 Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + FV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 10,732,356 + FV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 108,534,041 + FV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + FV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + FV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + FV Disposal Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	Facility Annual O &	M and Energy C		*****	******	******
Time Interval	Annual Labor Costs: \$ 4 Annual Year Non-Labor C 1995 #6 fuel oil costs	D & M Costs : \$: \$ 5,457,8	79			
Time Interval	**********	******	****	****	******	*****
3 years \$ 30,000 5 years \$ 7,075 10 years \$ 386,834 15 years \$ 151,802 18 years \$ 18,684 20 years \$ 16,651 Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 10,732,356 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 108,534,041 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 10,802,151 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	Periodic Major Maint	enance Cost Su	umary			
3 years \$ 30,000 5 years \$ 7,075 10 years \$ 386,834 15 years \$ 151,802 18 years \$ 18,684 20 years \$ 16,651 Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 10,732,356 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 108,534,041 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 10,802,151 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	****	*****	****	******	******	*****
Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs						
Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs	3 years \$	30,000	5 years	ş	7,075	
Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs	10 years \$ 3	386,83 4	15 years	Ş	151,802	
Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs	to Aegra	10,004	ZU Years	•	10,631	
Analysis using #6 fuel oil as primary fuel + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs	*************	*****	******	******	******	*****
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 10,732,356 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 108,534,041 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	Facility Life Cycle	Cost Summary	****	****	*****	*****
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 10,732,356 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 108,534,041 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu						
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 108,534,041 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864			fuel		h 10 720 2E	
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 10,802,151 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu						
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 579,314 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System = \$ 0 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu				= =	10,802,15	ī
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility = \$ 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	+ PV Non-Annually Recur	rring Repair &	Replaceme	ent = :	579,31	.4
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991) = \$ 130,647,864 Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu				=	\$	
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu	+ PV Disposal Cost of N	New/Retroilt Fa	CILLER	= ;	> 	U
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 7.5798 \$/MMBtu Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start) = 9.0625 \$/1000 lb steam	Total Life Cycle Cost ((1991)	•	= ;	\$ 130,647,86	4
	Levelized Cost of Servi Levelized Cost of Servi	ice (1995 start ice (1995 start	:) :)	= 7.5798 = 9.0629	8 \$/MMBtu 5 \$/1000 lb	steam
	*************		*****	****	****	******
Sensitivity Analysis	Sensitivity Analysis	; ;	****	****	****	*****
=== Primary fuel initial cost variation ===	=== Primary fuel initia	al·cost variati	on ===			
Change PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS, \$/10001b steam			l.i fa	Cycle Cost	LCS. \$/10001	b steam
50% 53,503,009 77,144,855 5.351	Change SV S	ו בודע עין במוויע				
60% 64,203,611 87,845,457 6.093			2114			

Table 35 (Cont'd)

Sensitivity Analysis, cont ***********************************	File: FBG6 Desc: FORT BRU	ng Plant Economics Evaluati Type: New plant (NP) NGG il Fired Boiler	on Sensitivity		Page 3)7/29/92
### 808	******	*************	*****	*******	*****
90% 96,305,417 119,947,262 8.320 100% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 110% 117,706,621 141,348,466 9.804 120% 128,407,222 152,049,068 10.547 130% 139,107,824 162,749,670 11.289 140% 149,808,426 173,450,272 12.031 150% 160,509,028 184,150,874 12.773 === Primary fuel escalation rate variation === Change PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam -3% 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2% 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 155,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.051 10% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,580,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,635 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.052 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.062 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	******	******	*****
90% 96,305,417 119,947,262 8.320 100% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 110% 117,706,621 141,348,466 9.804 120% 128,407,222 152,049,068 10.547 130% 139,107,824 162,749,670 11.289 140% 149,808,426 173,450,272 12.031 150% 160,509,028 184,150,874 12.773 === Primary fuel escalation rate variation === Change PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam -3% 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2% 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 155,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.051 10% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,580,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,635 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.052 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.062 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	80%	85,604,815	109.246.660	7.578	3
100% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 110% 117,706,521 141,348,466 9.804 120% 128,407,222 152,049,068 10.547 130% 139,107,824 162,749,670 11.289 140% 149,808,426 173,450,272 12.031 150% 160,509,028 184,150,874 12.773 === Primary fuel escalation rate variation === Change					
120\$ 128,407,222 152,049,068 10.547 130\$ 139,107,824 162,749,670 11.289 140\$ 149,808,426 173,450,272 12.031 150\$ 160,509,028 184,150,874 12.773					
130% 139,107,824 162,749,670 11.289 140% 149,808,426 173,450,272 12.031 150% 160,509,028 184,150,874 12.773 === Primary fuel escalation rate variation === Change FV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam -3% 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2% 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change FV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 -204,610 -204,61		117,706,621	141,348,466	9.804	l .
140% 149,808,426 173,450,272 12.031 150% 160,509,028 184,150,874 12.773 === Primary fuel escalation rate variation === Change					
### Primary fuel escalation rate variation === Change		· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·			
Change PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam -3% 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2% 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.062 110% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
Change PV Primary Fuel Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam -3% 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2% 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 10% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,647,864 9.062 110% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	150%	160,509,028	184,150,874	12.773	3
-3\$ 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2\$ 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1\$ 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0\$ 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1\$ 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2\$ 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3\$ 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4\$ 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5\$ 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6\$ 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80\$ 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90\$ 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100\$ 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110\$ 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120\$ 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80\$ 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90\$ 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100\$ 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110\$ 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120\$ 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80\$ 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.062 90\$ 3,877,273 131,297,271 9.107 Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80\$ 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90\$ 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100\$ 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	=== Primary fu	el escalation rate variati	.on ===	~	
-3% 75,748,941 99,390,786 6.894 -2% 84,673,485 108,315,330 7.513 -1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation ===	Change		Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b	steam
-1% 95,008,379 118,650,224 8.230 0% 107,006,019 130,647,864 9.062 1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	-38				
100					
1% 120,965,924 144,607,770 10.030 2% 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 3% 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4% 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
28 137,243,569 160,885,414 11.159 38 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 48 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 58 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 68 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 808 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 908 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 1008 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 1108 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 1208 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 808 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 908 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 1008 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 1108 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 1208 7,792,884 130,804,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 808 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 908 3,877,273 131,297,271 9.152					
3\$ 156,260,827 179,902,672 12.479 4\$ 178,518,333 202,160,179 14.023 5\$ 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6\$ 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy					
### 178,518,333					
5% 204,610,094 228,251,940 15.832 6% 235,240,735 258,882,581 17.957 === Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 9.062 110% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
### Auxiliary energy cost variation === Change PV Auxiliary Energy		178,518,333			
Change PV Auxiliary Energy Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.062 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	•		230,002,301	17.937	
80% 1,222,417 130,342,260 9.041 90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
90% 1,375,219 130,495,062 9.051 100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.052 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062			Life Cycle Cost		
100% 1,528,022 130,647,864 9.062 110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
110% 1,680,824 130,800,666 9.073 120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	• • •				
120% 1,833,626 130,953,469 9.083 === O&M labor cost variation === Change					
Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/10001b steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
Change PV O&M Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	1204	1,633,626	130,353,463	9.083	5 '
80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	=== 0&M labor	cost variation ===		****	
80% 5,195,256 129,349,050 8.972 90% 5,844,663 129,998,457 9.017 100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
100% 6,494,070 130,647,864 9.062 110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	808		129,349,050	8.972	2
110% 7,143,477 131,297,271 9.107 120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
120% 7,792,884 131,946,678 9.152 === O&M non-labor cost variation === Change PV O&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
Change PV 0&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
Change PV 0&M Non-Labor Life Cycle Cost LCS,\$/1000lb steam 80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	120%	7,792,884	131,946,678	9.152	2
80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	=== O&M non-la	abor cost variation ===			
80% 3,446,465 129,786,248 9.002 90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062	Change	PV 0&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b	steam
90% 3,877,273 130,217,056 9.032 100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					
100% 4,308,081 130,647,864 9.062					

Table 35 (Cont'd)

File: FBG6 Desc: FORT B	ing Plant Economics Eva Type: New plant RAGG Oil Fired Boiler		Analysis Page 4 07/29/92
*****	******	******	*****
Sensitivi	ty Analysis, cont	********	*******
=== Repair/re	eplace cost variation =	ar	
Change			LCS, \$/10001b steam
80%		130,532,001	9.054
90%		130,589,933	9.058
100% 110%		130,647,864 130,705,796	9.062 9.066
120%		130,763,796	9.070
	cost variation ===		
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
80%		128,260,333	8.896
90%		129,454,098	8.979
100%		130,647,864	9.062
110% 120%	• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	131,841,630 133,035,396	9.145 9.228
=== Existing	salvage value variatio	n ===	
Varia	PV Existing Salvage ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	LCS,\$/1000lb steam
Exist: Varia	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	
Exist Varia	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.
Exist Variate === New salva Change	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost	ed. LCS,\$/1000lb steam
Exist Variate === New salva Change -15%	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084
Exist. Variate Variate	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077
Exist Variate -== New salva 	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 0 106,940	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055
Exist Variate Variate === New salva -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10%	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 0 106,940 213,880	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist Variate -== New salva 	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 0 106,940 213,880	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055
Exist. Variate Variate	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 0 106,940 213,880	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost 255,269,595	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/10001b steam 17.707	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost 255,269,595 235,312,174	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/10001b steam 17.707 16.322	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost 255,269,595 235,312,174 201,032,108	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/10001b steam 17.707 16.322 13.944	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost 255,269,595 235,312,174 201,032,108 172,956,540	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/10001b steam 17.707 16.322 13.944 11.997	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost 255,269,595 235,312,174 201,032,108 172,956,540 149,823,413	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/10001b steam 17.707 16.322 13.944 11.997 10.392	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage -320,820 -213,880 -106,940 213,880 320,820 rate variation === Life Cycle Cost 255,269,595 235,312,174 201,032,108 172,956,540 149,823,413 130,647,864	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/10001b steam 17.707 16.322 13.944 11.997 10.392 9.062	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 17.707 16.322 13.944 11.997 10.392 9.062 7.953	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 17.707 16.322 13.944 11.997 10.392 9.062 7.953 7.022	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047
Exist. Variate Variate	ing plant salvage value tion of value is unnece age value variation === PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost 130,968,685 130,861,744 130,754,804 130,647,864 130,540,924 130,433,984 130,327,044 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 17.707 16.322 13.944 11.997 10.392 9.062 7.953	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 9.084 9.077 9.069 9.062 9.055 9.047

Table 35 (Cont'd)

Central Heating File: FBG6 Desc: FORT BRAGG Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity Ana (NP)	lysis Page 5 07/29/92
*******		********	******
Sensitivity A	nalysis, cont	******	*******
10.5%	65,096,066	4.515	
11.5%	59,028,170	4.094	
12.0%	56,304,866	3.905	
=== Plant life v	ariation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000lb steam	
10 yr	65,879,232	8.563	
11 yr	71,036,145	8.566	
12 yr	76,105,266	8.584	
13 yr	81,043,821	8.608	
14 yr	85,852,414	8.638	
15 yr	90,623,666	8.679	
16 yr	95,188,959	8.715	
17 yr	99,613,272	8.751	
18 yr	103,930,232	8.791	
19 yr	108,103,900	8.829	
20 yr	112,305,490	8.880	
21 yr	116,231,144	8.918	
22 yr	120,013,460	8.955	
23 yr	123,675,606	8.991	
24 yr	127,221,878	9.027	
25 yr	130,647,864	9.062	

Table 36

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a Cool-Fired Stoker Pinut

					
File: FBGC Desc: FORT BRAGG	Type:	New plant (NP	tion Sensitivity)) ly ash reinjection	Analysis	Page 1 07/29/92
			******	******	
Base and Plant	Informa	tion	*****		
State: NC - North PMCR: 379,000 lb/			e DOE Region: 3 of boilers: 4		
Coal code: W20532 State: KY - Kentu Coal type: bitumi hhv: 12870 B ash: 9.70%	cky nous tu/lb	fixed carbon	Distance from base: DOE Region: 3 Operties on a dry bas: : 52.20% volatile		
Coal handling equ Coal silo storage Approx. building Approx. building Height of the pla Building area: 21 Plant area: 2.63	capacit width: 8 length: nt: 91 f	y: 1426 tons 4 feet 252 feet t	tons/hr		
Facility Param	eters		******		
Non-Labor Operati Operation & Maint	on & Mai enance L	ntenance Esca abor Escalati	1.045 (4771.57/1991) lation Factor: 1.106 on Factor: 1.061 (43 1.030 (272.70/1991)	386.55/1991	
Annual diesel/dis Annual electricit Annual lime usage	y usage:	6,373,949 kW			
1991 cost for coa 1991 cost for dis 1991 cost for ele	tillate:	0.631 \$/gal			
Annual Facility O Annual Coal Usage Heating plant eff Year of Study: 19 Years of Operatio	: 60,569 iciency: 91	tons (dry)	sand 1b steam / 64,204 tons (wet)		
Facility Insta		ital Costs	*****		
Equipment		Cost	Equipment	c	Cost
Boiler: Ash Handling:	\$ \$	18,234,113 2,563,757	Coal Handling: Mechncl Collector:		109,178 219,181

Table 36 (Coat'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis Page 2 07/29/92
Desc: FORT BRAGG
Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
Facility Installed Capital Costs, cont
                                   ----
Water Treatment: $ 1,440,954 Pumps: $ 359,045
Air Compressor: $ 113,612 Waste Water Trtmnt: $ 156,176
Piping/Stack: $ 6,123,282 Electrical System: $ 1,789,999
Building Costs: $ 13,437,622 Direct costs: $ 20,670,555
Plant installed cost: $
                            83,110,049
*******************************
  Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
Operating staff: 34
Annual Labor Costs: $ 1,455,295
First Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 2,465,522
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs: $ 2,885,447
1995 Coal Costs (incl transport): $ 3,324,765
                             : $
1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs
                                       352,044
**********************
  Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
*************************
Time Interval Cost Time Interval Cost

3 years $ 144,735 5 years $ 126,244

7 years $ 131,192 8 years $ 449,078

10 years $ 950,959 12 years $ 85,105

15 years $ 23,650 18 years $ 37,366

20 years $ 1,525,196
 *****************
  Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                                    = $ 72,829,053
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs = $ 52,914,546
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = $ 37,141,111
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = $ 3,217,968
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                                     = $ 166,102,680
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                       = 9.6368 $/MMBtu
```

Table 36 (Cont'd)

File: FBGC Desc: FORT BRA	ng Plant Economics Evaluat Type: New plant (NP) NGG ate Spreader Stoker, w/ fl	_	Analysis	Page 3 07/29/92
**********	******	******	******	******
Sensitivity	Analysis	******		
******		*******	******	******
=== Primary fo	uel initial cost variation	===		
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b	steam
50%	23,965,836	142,136,844	9.8	
60%	28,759,004	146,930,011	10.1	
70%	33,552,171	151,723,178	10.5	
80%	38,345,338	156,516,346	10.8	
90%		161,309,513	11.1	
100 % 110 %	47,931,673 52,724,840	166,102,680 170,895,8 4 8	11.5 11.8	
120%	57,518,008	175,689,015	12.1	
130%	62,311,175	180,482,183	12.5	
140%	67,104,342	185,275,350	12.8	
150%	71,897,510	190,068,517	13.1	
=== Primary fu	uel escalation rate variat			
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b	steam
-34	34,739,514	152,910,522	10.6	
-2*	38,523,048	156,694,055	10.8	
-18	42,886,234	161,057,242	11.1	
0%	47,931,673	166,102,680	11.5	
18	53,781,039	171,952,046	11.9	
28	60,578,650	178,749,658	12.3	
3%	68,495,693 77,735,313	186,666,700	12.9	
4 % 5 %	77,735,213 88,538,020	195,906,220 206,709,028	13.5 14.3	
6%	101,189,659	219,360,667	15.2	
	energy cost variation ===		13.2	10
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost		
80\$	3,986,298	165, 106, 106	11.4	
90%	4,484,586	165,604,393	11.4	
100% 110%	4,982,873	166,102,680	11.5	
120%	5,481,160 5,979,448	166,600,968 167,099,255	11.5 11.5	
1204	3,3/3,440	167,099,299	11.5	30
=== 0&M labor	cost variation ===			
Change	PV O&M Labor	Life Cycle Cost		
808	15,127,986	162,320,684	11.2	59
90%	17,018,984	164,211,682	11.3	
100%	18,909,982	166,102,680	11.5	
110%	20,800,980	167,993,679	11.6	
120%	22,691,979	169,884,677	11.7	84
=== 0&M non-la	abor cost variation ===			

Table 36 (Cont'd)

File: FBGC Desc: FORT BRA	Type: New plant	cluation Sensitivity (NP) 7/ fly ash reinjection	Analysis Page 4 07/29/92
****	*******	******	*******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	******	*******
Change	BU OCH Non-Labor	life Crale Cost	7.00 6/10001h shoom
Change	PV O&M Non-Labor		LCS, \$/10001b steam
80% 90%	14,584,903	162,456,455	11.268
100	16,408,015 18,231,128	164,279,568 166,102,680	11.395 11.521
110%	20,054,241	167,925,793	11.521
120%	21,877,354	169,748,906	11.774
=== Repair/rep	lace cost variation =		
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
808	2,574,375	165,459,087	11.477
90%	2,896,171	165,780,884	11.499
100%	3,217,968	166,102,680	11.521
110%	3,539,765	166,424,477	11.544
120%	3,861,562	166,746,274	11.566
=== Initial co	st variation ===	****	
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000lb steam
80%	58,263,243	149, 121, 218	10.343
90%	65,546,148	157,611,949	10.932
100%	72,829,053	166, 102, 680	11.521
110%	80,111,959	174,593,412	12.110
120%	87,394,864	183,084,143	12.699
=== Existing s	alvage value variatio	n ===	
	PV Existing Salvage g plant salvage value	s specified is 0.	LCS,\$/1000lb steam
Variatio	on of value is unnece	ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.
=== New salvage	e value variation ===		
Change	PV New Salvage		LCS,\$/10001b steam
-15%	-2,109,977	168,212,658	11.668
-10%	-1,406,651	167,509,332	11.619
-5%	-703,325	. 166, 806, 006	11.570
0%	0	166,102,680	11.521
5%	703,325	165,399,355	11.473
10%	1,406,651	164,696,029	11.424
15%	2,109,977	163,992,703	11.375
=== Discount ra	ate variation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
0.0%	266, 365, 451	18.476	
0.5%	250,785,946	17.396	
1.5%	223,700,223	15.517	

Table 36 (Cont'd)

File: FBGC Desc: FORT BRAGG	Type: New plant		Page 5 07/29/92
Tech: pump Grate	•	/ fly ash reinjection	
Sensitivity An			
**********	*******	*******	******
3.5%	182,155,073	12.635	
4.5%	166, 102, 680	11.521	
5.5%	152,413,939	10.572	
6.58	140,654,135	9.756	
7.5%	130,477,977	9.050	
8.5 %	121,609,843	8.435	
9.5%	113,828,614	7.895	
10.5%	106,956,012	7.419	
11.5%	100,847,576	6.995	
12.0%	98,042,265	6.800	
12.04	30,042,203	0.000	
=== Plant life va	riation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000lb steam	
10 yr	120,349,774	15.644	
11 yr	124,097,923	14.965	
12 yr	127,827,924	14.418	
13 yr	131,308,889	13.948	
14 yr	134,721,953	13.555	
15 yr	138,077,818	13.224	
16 yr	141,378,128	12.944	
17 yr	144,371,444	12.684	
18 yr	147,328,849	12.462	
19 yr	150,109,897	12.260	
20 yr	153,736,320	12.156	
20 yr 21 yr	156,416,595	12.002	
22 yr	158,908,029	11.857	
	161,310,050	11.727	
23 yr	163,832,833	11.625	
24 yr 25 yr	166,102,680	11.521	

Table 37
Fort Gordon Heating Plant Information

Plant	Boller	Puel	Reserve	Year Installed	Capacity (lb/hr)	In use	Rating	Energy Use Heat/Cool/ Process/Losses/ Internal/Pwr gen
25330	1	Nat. Gas	FS2	1975	35000	Y	7	H/C
25330	2	Nat. Gas	FS2	1975	35000	Y	7	H/C
2202	1	Nat. Gas	FS2	1972	30000	Y	7	H
2202	2	Nat. Gas	FS2	1972	30000	Y	7	Н
25910	1	Nat. Gas	FS2	1965	35850	Y	6	H/C
25910	2	Nat. Gas	FS2	1965	35850	Y	6	H/C
25910	3	Nat. Gas	FS2	1965	35850	Y	6	H/C
259 10	4	Nat. Gas	FS2	1967	34000	Y	6	H/C
25910	5	Nat. Gas	FS2	1967	34000	Y	6	H/C
310	1	Nat. Gas	FS2	1972	15300	Y	5	H/C
310	2	Nat. Gas	FS2	1972	15300	Y	5	H/C
310	3	Nat. Gas	FS2	1972	15300	Y	5	H/C
				(Total)	351450	-		

Table 36 Fort Gordon Energy Use Data

Fuel	Unites	Bta/Unit	\$/Unit	1969 Use	1990 Use	\$/MBen	MBts '90
Dist. oil	lag.	138000	0.56	610386	700014	4.06	20996
Res. oil	gaj			0	0		
Nat. gas	Total NAG use:			593517	532434		547342
Interr.	baci	1028000	2.88			2.80	
Unintr.	bact	1028000	5.65			5.50	
Building:		25910	310	25330	2202		
Capacity (lb/hr):		175550	45900	70007	00009		
SO file:		GRD1	GRD2	GRD3	GRD		
Annual Costs					•		
Labor*		385000	122500	167500	167500		
Utilities*		237230	62027	94595	81081		
Service*		47446	12405	18919	16216		
Supplies*		320880	91800	14000	120000		
Average steam production, 1990 (lb/hr):	1990 (lb/hr):						
October		13829	5717.0	5427.0	6686.4		
November		18878	6110.0	8100.0	8526.0		
December		32727	7902.0	15013.0	13749.0		
January		23312	8728.0	13200.0	13156.8		
February		19822	7217.0	7508.0	8835.0		
March		17981	7181.0	6177.0	8014.8		
April		15081	6915.0	8397.0	9187.2		
May		11855	5940.0	7333.0	7963.8		
June		10515	4475.0	6303.0	6466.8		
July		9240	4030.0	5190.0	5532.0		
August		7661	3883.0	4783.0	5199.6		
September		9159	4192.0	5001.0	5515.8		
Fuel energy, based on steam production, 1990 (MBtu):	am production, 1990 (!	MBtu):					
October		12396.1	5124.6	4864.7	5993.6		
November		16376.1	5300.2	7026.5	7396.0		
December		29336.0	7083.2	13457.4	12324.4		
January		20896.5	7823.7	11832.2	11793.6		
February		16048.7	5843.2	6078.8	7153.2		
March		16117.9	6436.9	5537.0	7184.4		
* = estimated							

Table 38 (Cont'd)

Faci	Units	Bta/Unit	\$/Unit	1989 Use	1990 Use	S/MBcs	MBta '99
Fuel energy, based on steam production, 1990 (MBtu)	en production, 199	10 (MBtu) (cont'd):					
April		13082.3	5998.6	7284.1	9.69.6		
May		10626.7	5324.5	6573.2	7138.6		
June		9121.4	3881.9	5467.7	8.609.8		
July		8282.6	3612.4	4652.2	4958.8		
August		6867.2	3480.7	4287.4	4660.8		
September		7945.2	3636.4	4338.2	4784.8		
Total		167096.7	63546.4	81399.5	9.6967.6		399010.2
Percent of total		41.9	15.9	20.4	21.8		
Reserve fuel		#2	#2	42	2		
Fuel use (MBtu/year):							Total
Natural Gas		155399.9	59098.2	75701.6	80879.8		371080
Dist. Oil		11696.8	4448.2	5698.0	6087.7		27931
Res. Oil		0.0	0.0	0.0	0.0		0
Total \$/yr:		1900523	634790.6	864295.3	858401.2	0	
S/MBta:							
Labor		2.30	1.93	2.06	1.93		
Utilities		1.42	0.98	1.16	0.93		
Service		0.28	0.20	0.23	0.19		
Supplies		1.92	1.44	1.72	1.38		
Fuel		4.14	4.14	4.14	4.14		Average
Total \$/MBtu		10.06	8.68	9.31	8.56		7.32
Reported S/MBtu:							

Boller Evaluation Parts List Port Gordon Bidg. 25330

Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification	-	Specification	7	Complete
A. Botler (WT)	1975	2	33	MBayle			Good
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			150	Deig	365	Ginea	Cood
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	7	1.5	s	92	Daig	Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	7	2	. S	255		Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1975	7	7	. si	200		Coop
4. Boiler Burner(s)	1975	7	35	MBm			O
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1975	7	15	£			O
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1975	7		-			000
B. Feedwater System							
8. Deserating Heater	1975	_		IbAr	4	eal/min	
12. Condensate Pumps	1975	7	8	2			Good
13. Condensate Receiver	1975		175	- ব্ৰ			Oood
15. Make-up Pumps	1975	7	8	壬			Good
18. Expansion Tank (CASCADES)	1975	7	7	diem (in.)	22	Jeneth (f.)	Oood
19. Foodwater Piping System (valve)	1975		7	diem (in.)	200	Dair	Cood
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1975	7	175	H.		•	Cood
21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1975	7	100	.윤			Cood
C. Fuel Handling System							
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1975	7	20000	lag			Good
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1975	7			•	£	
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1975	7			7.5	· £	
5. Fuel Oil Heater	1975	_				•	
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	1975		7	diem (in.)			Cood
7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1975		9	diam (in.)			Good
D. Heat Recovery System	2007		}			i i	
1. Blowdown Flash Tank	C/6I	-	3.5	diam (ft)	9	height (ft)	Cood
E. Air Pollution Control Systems and Emission Monitoring							
Speck	1978	-	*	diem (B)	***	(A) 11: 10 (A)	7

Table 39a (Cont'd)

Verbenne	Year	Uair	Specification		Smelffeating 2		Condition
P. Combustion Controls 1. Plant Marter	1975	_					Good
2. Boiler Master 3. Flame Safeguard System 5. Additional Boiler	1975 1975	n n			C) charted-reart of manter		7
Instrumentation/Indicators					Stack Smoke Detector		
G. Chemical Pood System 1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps			1	lag	4	Нp	
H. Make-up Water System 9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1975	7		ud i			
I. Condensate Polishing							
J. Compressed Air System	1978	,,		Zec	9	£	
2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1975		8	CFM) •	Good
3. Air Receiver	1975	-		gal			Good
K. Electrical System 1. Transformer/TransPCB			1 7,4%	ÇVA V			
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker				200			
 Motor Control Center/Starter Emergency Generator 	1975	-	165	emps KVA			Good
L. Physical Plant 1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and							
Doors	1975		-				Good
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1975						Good
3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL)	1975	7		md3	1.5.1	全	000 000
4. Building Lighting	1975	4	-	€		Width (A)	5
Bullong Curioe Dimensors				(III) III.3		A MARIE (11)	
Building Basement (Yes/No)							

Table 39b

Status Quo Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Fort Gordon Building 25330

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDGRD3

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:59:50 FY 1992 BUILDING 25330

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY	92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN	92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN	93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN	18

3332	******	=======================================	**********	
1		1	EOUIVALENT	1
- j - (COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
i	•	j	DIFFERENTIAL	i i
	DESCRIPTION	IN DOS \$	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
i		Ì	RATE	i
ı		(\$ X 10**0)	(* PER YEAR)	İ
2222		******		======================================
,	vestment costs	l .0	.00	JUN 92
	STILLATE OIL	23133.9		JUL93-JUL17
,	Tural gas	416361.0		JUL93-JUL17
,	INT LABOR	167500.0		JUL93-JUL17
	int serv	18919.0		JUL93-JUL17
,	int supply	140000.0		JUL93-JUL17
,	int util	I 94595.0		JUL93-JUL17
,	ACK	l 18000.0 i		JAN 15
	OMCTL	10000.0	.00	JAN 95
	_REG	1266.0	.00	J <u>an</u> 15
	Pan	17250.0	.00	J an 15
	LVALVE	2492.0	, , , , , ,	JAN 08
	LVALVE	2708.0	.00	JAN 08
	BOILER	1575000.0		JAN 15
	BURNER	120000.0		JAN 15
	ILMASTER	1 10000.0	•	JAN 05
	amesafe	20000.0		JAN 05
	antmaster	j 5000.0		JAN 05
,	RCOMPRECIP	60000.0		JAN 95
•	RDRYERREFR	12100.0		JAN 90
,	RRECV	1 1100.0	.00	JAN 05
	ergencygen	172186.0	.00	JAN 05
	NDPUMP	14000.0	.00	JAN 95
	NDREC	7500.0	.00	JAN 05
,	OLPUMP	22800.0	.00	JAN 95
	irh eate r	25000.0	.00	JAN 15
•	PTANK	49000.0	.00	J an 15
	PIPINGVAL	1167.0	.00	JAN 95
	WPUMP	48000.0	.00	JAN 05
MU	PUMP	14000.0	.00	JAN 95

A106

Table 39b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:59:50 PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 25330 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

Heater Nagpipedelow Oilpipedelow Pump Pump Tankbelow	4000.0 40.0 49.0 3000.0 5000.0 114000.0	.00 .00 .00 .00 .00	 	JAN 05 JAN 00 JAN 00 JAN 00 JAN 00 JAN 05 JAN 00	1 1 1
Tankbelow Flashtank Szsoft Sumppumpvert	114000.0 1775.0 140000.0 10000.0	.00 .00 .00 .00	 		

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

CENSUS REGION: 3 LOCATION - GEORGIA RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES DIST 4.06 5698.0 JAN93-JAN18 5.50 75702.0 JAN93-JAN18 NAT G

Table 396 (Coat'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:59:50 LCCID 1.065 LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:59
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 25330
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN PRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL 398395. NATURAL GAS 9096253.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 9495258.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 1109354.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 16737600.

6132983.

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 39b (Cont'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:59:50 FY 1992 BUILDING 25330 LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93

ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

	******	*******	*******	*******	
PAY	DIST	NAT G	MER	R/R	OTHER
===	*******	*******	******	=======	======
1 11	22132.	399699.	399493.	0.	0.1
1 21	21175.	388067.	381925.	0.	0.1
1 31	20196.	372035.	365129.	232360.	0.1
1 41	19303.	355674.	349072.	0.	0.1
1 51	18472.	342851.	333720.) O.:	0.1
1 61	17770.	332715.	319044.	0.	0.1
1 71	17353.	334732.	305014.	0.	0.1
1 81	17055.	342170.	291600.	6987.	0.1
1 91	16810.	352606.	278776.		
1 101	16638.	369274.	266517.	0.	0.1
11	16464.	380813.	254796.	0.	0.1
12	16267.	384732.	243591.	0.	0.1
1 13	16059.	392984.	232878.	215983.	0.1
14		397431.		0.	
1 151	15426.	399155.	212846.	0.	
1 161	15012.	394844.	203486.	2570.	0.1
17		385176.			0.1
18	14057.	379995.	185982.	0.	0.1
1 191	13616.	370598.	177803.	0.	0.1
1 201	13261.	360955.	169984.		
21	12930.	351940.	162508.	0.	0.1
1 221	12577.	342319.			
23		332637.			
1 241	11825.	321865.			
1 251	11448.	311596.	135753.	l 0.	0.1
===				•	=======
***	398395.	9096863.	6132983.	1109354.	0.1

^{*}NET PW BQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

ble 40a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Gordon Bidg. 25910

Regulations at A. Bolder (WT) Installed (Value) Units Specifications 2 Specifications 2 Considerations 3 <		Year						
Bodier (WT) 1965 3 3.25 MBu/hr 3 MBu/hr 3.65 map Bodier (WT) 1967 2 34 MBu/hr 365 map Ratief Valve(s) 1988 5 1n. 250 psig Ratief Valve(s) 1988 5 1n. 250 psig Reclavater Regulator(s) 1988 5 1n. 250 psig Reclavater Regulator(s) 1988 5 2 in. 250 psig Bolier Burnet(s) 1965 3 2 D Hp 250 psig Bolier Burnet(s) 1967 2 2 D Hp 250 psig Bolier End(s) (ED) 1967 2 2 D Hp 250 psig Bolier End(s) (ED) 1967 2 2 D Hp 250 psig Bolier End(s) (ED) 1967 2 30 Hp 250 psig Bolier End(s) (ED) 1965 3 37000 lb/nr 40 ga/min Bolier End(s) (ED) 1965 3 37000 lb/nr 40 ga/min Bolier End(s) (ED) 1965 3 30000 lb/nr 40 ga/min Bolier End(s) (ED) 1965 3 30000 lb/nr 40 ga/min Bolier Fance (s) (ED) 1965	Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification	~	Specification	7	Condition
Robier (WT) 1967 2 34 MBu/hr 250 paig 170 paig 250 p		1965	3	33.25	MBtu/hr			Good
Boiler Faule Decaring Heater System Charles 1988 5 170 pring 250 p		1961	7	*	MBtu/hr			Good
Relate Valve(s) 1988 5 2 in. 250 paig Relate Valve(s) 1988 5 2 in. 250 paig Relate Valve(s) 1965 3 4 MBu 250 paig Boiler Burnet(s) 1967 2 45 MBu 250 paig Boiler Fants (TD) 1967 2 20 Hp 250 paig Boiler Fants (TD) 1967 2 20 Hp 250 paig Boiler Fants (TD) 1967 2 20 Hp 250 paig Boiler Fants (TD) 1967 2 20 Hp 250 paig Boiler Fants (TD) 1968 3 37000 ph Hp 40 gal/min Boiler Fants (TD) 1965 3 37000 ph Hp 250 paig Redwater Paper 1965 3 37000 ph Hp 250 paig Redwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 37000 ph Hp 250 paig Red Mading System 1965 2 <td>1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting</td> <td></td> <td></td> <td>170</td> <td>New York</td> <td>365</td> <td>temo</td> <td>000</td>	1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			170	New York	365	temo	000
Resident Valve(s) 1988 5 in. 256 prig Beller Valve(s) 1988 6 3 in. 256 prig Boiler Burnet(s) 1967 2 45 MBtu 250 prig Boiler Burnet(s) 1967 2 2 45 MBtu 250 prig Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1967 2 2 14p prig prig Boiler Fan(s) (D) 1967 2 2 14p prig	2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	S	2	, s i	250	Deie	Cood
S. Foedwater Regulator(s) 1988 6 3 in. 250 paig B. Boiler Burner(s) 1965 2 45 MBtu 260 paig B. Boiler Burner(s) 1967 2 20 Hp Ph Ph B. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1967 2 20 Hp Ph Ph B. Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1967 2 20 Hp Ph Ph <td< td=""><td>2. Relief Valve(s)</td><td>1988</td><td>S</td><td>2</td><td>.s</td><td>256</td><td></td><td>Cood</td></td<>	2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	S	2	.s	256		Cood
Boiler Burner(s) 1965 3 45 MBtu Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 45 MBtu Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 45 MBtu Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 40 40 Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 20 40 Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 0 40 Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 0 40 Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1968 5 0 40 gulmin Robin Face, (FD) 1988 5 3 38700 10 40 gulmin Boiler Exoromizer 1965 3 38700 10 40 gulmin Reciprocal Exoromizer 1965 3 38700 10 40 gulmin Boiler Exoromizer 1965 4 30 40 gulmin 40 gulmin Bestration Tank Cosciolar Water Pumps 1965 4 30 40 <td>3. Feedwater Regulator(s)</td> <td>1988</td> <td>9</td> <td>33</td> <td>.s</td> <td>250</td> <td></td> <td>Cood</td>	3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1988	9	33	.s	250		Cood
Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1967 2 45 MBtu S. Boiler Fau(s) (FD) 1965 3 20 Hp S. Boiler Fau(s) (ED) 1965 3 20 Hp S. Boiler Fau(s) (ED) 1965 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fau(s) (ED) 1965 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fau(s) (ED) 1968 3 1 S. Boiler Charton 1988 5 4 9 Boiler Charton 1988 1 1 1 1 Boiler Charton Level Control 1985 1	4. Boiler Burner(s)	1965	٣	45	MBtu		L	Good
Solute Fan(s) (FD) 1965 3 20 Hp Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1967 2 20 Hp Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1988 5 4 40 gal/min S. Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1988 1 7 Hp 40 gal/min S. Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1985 1 7 Hp 40 gal/min S. Boiler Fan(s) (ED) 1985 1 7 Hp 40 gal/min Description Express 1985 4 300 Hp 300 Hp D. Cooling Water Pumps 1985 6 75 Hp 40 gal/min D. Cooling Water Pumps 1985 4 300 Hp 40 gal/min D. Cooling Water Pumps 1985 8	4. Boiler Burner(s)	1961	7	45	MBtu			Good
Boiler Fan(s) (FD) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) 1965 3 20 Hp S. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) 1965 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) 1967 3 1988 5 S. Boiler Enomizer Out of Savice 5 4 9 Boiler Drum Level Control 1988 5 4 9 Boiler Drum Level Control 1985 1 7 Hp 4 9 Make-up Pumps 1985 1 7 Hp 4 9 pl/min S. Expansion Tank Cascades) 1965 3 337000 Hp 1 4 pl/min B. Expansion Tank Cascades) 1965 4 30 Hp 1 4 piam (in.) 1 Feedwater Pining System Pumps 1965 2 4 30 Hp 1 4 piam (in.) 1 4 piam (in.) 1 1 1 4 piam (in.)	5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1965	e	8	H ₂			50
Boiler Fau(s) (ID) 1965 3 20 Hp S. Boiler Fau(s) (ID) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Fau(s) (ID) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Encountact 1988 5 1988 4 9 Boiler Drum Level Control 1988 1 1987 1 4 gal/min Becarating Heater 1985 1 7 Hp 40 gal/min Make-up Pumps 1965 3 387000 Hp 40 gal/min Beparating Heater 1965 4 300 Hp 40 gal/min Beparating Heater 1965 4 300 Hp 40 gal/min Be Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp 40 gal/min Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp 40 gal/min Cooling Water Pumps 1965 2 20 pair 40 pair	_	1961	7	8	.			Code
S. Boiler Fan(s) (ID) 1967 2 20 Hp S. Boiler Economizer Out of Service 3 Hp As Boiler Drun Level Control 1988 5 Hp As Boiler Economizer Out of Service 1985 1 Apple Boiler Economizer 1985 1 Apple 40 gal/min Benevating Heater 1985 1 Apple Apple Benevating Heater 1985 3 387000 Ib/hr 40 gal/min Benevating Heater 1985 4 30 Hp Apple Apple Feed out Pumps 1985 4 300 Apple Apple Apple Coloring Water Pumps 1985 6 75 Hp Apple Apple Apple Feel Oil Fump 1985 2 2000 gal Apple Apple Feel Oil Pump 1985 2 2 Apple Apple Apple Feel Oil Pimp 1985 1 Apple Apple Apple		1965	60	8	£			G
Solier Economizer Out of Service Service Feedwater System 1988 5 Boller Drum Level Control 1985 1 Apple Describing Heater 1985 1 Apple 40 gal/min Make-up Pumps 1965 3 387000 lb/hr 40 gal/min Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 300 Hp 250 psig Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 300 Hp 250 psig Feedwater Piping System 1965 6 75 Hp 250 psig Fivel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 gpm gpm gpm Feel Oil Pump Feel O		1967	7	8	.			G
Redwater System 1988 5 Redwater System 1991 1 Hph 40 gal/min B. Descrating Heater 1991 1 1 1 40 gal/min J. Make-up Pumps 1965 3 387000 lshfr 40 gal/min J. Redwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 300 lshfr 250 psig J. Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 lshp 250 psig J. Marker Pumps 1965 2 300 lsp 300 lsp Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm gpm gpm 1965 2 gpm J. Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm gpm 1965 2 diam (in.) J. Fuel Oil Pump 3 diam (in.) 4 diam (in.) 6 height (ft) J. Natural Gas Piping System 1965 1 4 diam (in.) 6 height (ft) Air Pollution Control Sys	6. Boiler Economizer	Out of Service			•			}
Peedwater System 1991 1 7 Hp 40 gal/min 6. Make-up Pumps 1985 1 7 Hp 7 Hp 9	7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1988	~					Good
b. Descrating Heater 1991 1 Hybr 40 gal/min 5. Make-up Pumps 1965 3 387000 lb/hr 250 paig 6. Expansion Tank (Cascades) 1965 4 300 lb/hr 250 paig 7. Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 lb/p 250 paig 7. Cooling Water Pumps 1985 6 75 lb paig paig 8. HTW Distribution System 1965 2 200 gal paig paig 9. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 gpm gpm paig paig 9. Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm gpm paig paig paig 9. Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm paig paig paig paig 9. Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm paig paig paig paig 1. Natural Gas Eystem (BLW) 1965 1 paig paig	3. Feedwater System							
6. Make-up Pumps 1985 1 7 Hp 1. Expansion Tank (Cascades) 1965 3 387000 lbAr 2. Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 300 Hp 2. Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp 3. Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp 4. Hand Handling System 1965 2 2 Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 2 Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm 5. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2 gpm 6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2 gpm 7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1965 3.5 diam (in.) 6 height (ft) 8. Blowdown Flank Tank 1965 1 4 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) 8. Blowdown Flank Tank 1985 1 4 diam (ft) 10 height (ft)		1661	_		15/hr	9	ealfmin	
Expansion Tank (Cascades) 1965 3 87000 Ib/hr 250 paig Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 300 Hp 250 paig Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp 250 paig Fivel Objectivition System 1965 8 50000 gal gpm Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 diam (in.) Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 2 diam (in.) Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 3 diam (in.) Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 3 diam (in.) Fivel Oil Pump Fivel Oil Pump 1965 1 4 diam (in.) Fivel Oil Pump 1965		1985	-	7	Ηρ			Cood
Feedwater Piping System (valve) 1965 4 300 Hp 250 psig 1. Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp 1965 2 Ph 1965 <		1965	m	387000	lb∕hr			Cood
Cooling Water Pumps 1965 4 300 Hp HTW Distribution System 1985 6 75 Hp Fuel Handling System 1965 2 8 50000 gal Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 8 50000 gal Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8pm 8pm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 2pm 8pm Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2 4pm 8pm Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2 4pm 4pm Autural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1965 5 diam (in.) 6 height (ft) Ath Pollution Control Systems 1965 1 4 4 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Ath Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 10 height (ft)		1965		60	diam (in.)	250	Deig	Cood
Feel Handling System 1985 6 75 Hp Feel Handling System 1965 8 50000 gal Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 8pm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8pm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8pm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8pm Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2 4pm Anter I System 1965 1 3.5 4piam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1965 1 4piam (in.) 6 height (ft) Abr Pollution Control Systems 1965 1 4piam (it.) 6 height (ft) Stack 100 4piam (it.) 4piam (it.) 100 4piam (it.) 4piam (i		1965	4	300	Hp		•	Good
Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 8 50000 gal Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 gpm gpm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm gpm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm gpm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 diam (in.) gpm Fuel Oil Pining System (BLW) 1965 5 diam (in.) fiam (in.) Alwate Recovery System 1965 1 3.5 diam (it.) 6 height (ft) Alr Pollution Control Systems 1965 1 4 diam (ft) 6 height (ft)	21. HTW Distribution System Pumps	1985	•	75	윤			Good
Fuel Oil Tank - Underground 1965 2 8 50000 gal Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8m 8m Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8m 8m Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 8m 8m Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2.5 diam (in.) 5 Are Notified Own Flash Tank 1965 1 3.5 diam (it.) 6 height (ft) Are Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 6 height (ft)	C. Fuel Handling System							
Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 gpm Fuel Oil Heater 1965 2 gpm Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2.5 diam (in.) Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1965 1 3.5 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1965 1 3.5 diam (it.) 6 height (ft) Abr Pollution Control Systems 1965 1 4 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Stack 1862 1 4 diam (ft) 10 height (ft)	3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1965	•	20000	les			Gond
i. Fuel Oil Pump 1965 2 grm i. Fuel Oil Heater 1965 2 Epm i. Fuel Oil Heater 1965 2.5 diam (in.) i. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 5 diam (in.) i. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1965 1 3.5 diam (ii.) Heat Recovery System 1965 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Air Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 10 height (ft)	4. Fuel Oil Pump	1965	7					ŗ
J. Fuel Oil Heater 1965 2 gpm Atter Pollution Control Systems 1965 2.5 diam (in.) 5 diam (in.) Air Pollution Control Systems 1965 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Air Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 10 height (ft)	4. Fuel Oil Pump	1965	7		wd s			
i. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW) 1965 2.5 diam (in.) i. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW) 1965 5 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1965 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Air Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 110 height (ft)	5. Fuel Oil Heater	1965	7		md2			
1965 5 diam (in.) Heat Recovery System 1965 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Blowdown Flash Tank Air Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 150 height (ft) Stack 1 Stack 1982 1 diam (ft) 150 height (ft)		1962		2.5	diem (in.)			Good
Heat Recovery System 1965 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Air Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 110 height (ft)	7. Natural Gas Piping System (BLW)	1965		80	diam (in.)			Good
Blowdown Flash Tank 1965 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) Air Pollution Control Systems 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 110 height (ft)	D. Heat Recovery System							
Air Pollution Control Systems Stack Stack	1. Blowdown Flash Tank	1965	-	3.5	diam (ft)	•	height (ft)	Good
Stack 1982 1 4 diam (ft) 110 haidht (ft)	ŀ							
		1982	-	4	diam (A)	91		200

Table 40s (Cont'd)

	Year		77			
Equipment	Increased		Specification	Ī	ı	
F. Combastion Controls						,
1. Plant Master	1989					2005 C
2. Boiler Master	1989	S				Good
3. Flame Safeguard System	1965	6				Coo
3. Flame Safeguard System	1961	7				200
5. Additional Boiler Instrumentation/Indicators	1989			O2 TRIM - part of master		Good
G. Chemical Feed System					:	
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps				gal	롸	Cood
H. Make-up Water System						
9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1982	2		th.m		
I. Condensate Polishing						
J. Compressed Air System						
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1979	7		SCFM	15 Hp	
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1979	_		SCFM		,
2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1965		S	SCFM		500
3. Air Receiver	1965	7	200	[43		5
3. Air Receiver	1965		75	gal		Good
K. Electrical System						
1. Transformer/TransPCB				KVA		
2. Switchgear - 'Main Circuit Breaker				sche		
3. Motor Control Center/Starter			}	embe		
4. Emergency Generator	1965	-	ま	KVA		5005
L. Physical Plant						
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors	1965					000
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1965	•				865
3. Sump Pump (SUBMERGE/VERTICAL)	1983 5	7			dr con	7
4. Building Lighting	2961 CO	100		(d) +	(4) 4+:/N	
Building Outside Dimensions		E)		rgm (tt)	A JOH	(11)
Building Basement (Tel/No)						

Status Quo Life Cycle Cost Analysis for **Furt Gordon Building 25910**

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDGRD1

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:11:14 FY 1992 BUILDING 25910

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDIN INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

=======================================	**********	************	
J .	1	EOUIVALENT	l .
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
i cost / biliting	1	DIFFERENTIAL	i time(s) i
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	
DESCRIPTION	I TH DOS \$		COST INCURRED
		RATE	!!!
	!(\$ X 10**0)		! !
2223#2#2#23222222			=======================================
INVESTMENT COSTS	.0		JUN 92
DISTILLATE OIL	47489.8		JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	854700.0		JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR	1 385000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	47446.0	00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	1 320880.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	237230.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
DRUMCTL	1 25000.0	.00	JAN 08
F_FAN	30750.0		JAN 05
F_FAN	20500.0	.00	JAN 07
I_FAN	1 30750.0		JAN 05
I_FAN	20500.0	.00	JAN 07
RELVALVE	6730.0	.00	JAN 08
RELVALVE	6775.0	.00	JAN 08
WIBOILER	2298750.0	.00	JAN 05
WIBOILER	1550000.0	.00	JAN 07
WTBURNER	210000.0		JAN 05
WTBURNER	140000.0	.00	JAN 07
FLAMESAPE	30000.0	.00	JAN 95
FLAMESAPE	20000.0	.00	JAN 97
AIRCOMPRECIP	20000.0	.00	JAN 99
AIRCOMPRECIP	46000.0	.00	
AIROMPRECIP	12100.0		JAN 99
AIRRECV		.00	JAN 95
,	600.0		JAN 95
AIRRECV	2200.0		JAN 95
B CERCENCYGEN	35000.0		JAN 95
COOLPUMP	45600.0		J an 95
EXPTANK	73500.0		JAN 05
FWPIPINGVAL	1233.0		JAN 95
HTWPUMP	138000.0	.00	JAN 15
	4110		-

Table 40b (Cont'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:11:14 LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: PY 1992 BUILDING INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA PY 1992 BUILDING 25910

DESIGN PEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

I MUPUMP	j	4900.0	.00	1	JAN	05	1
HEATER	ĺ	5000.0	.00	i	JAN	95	i
NAGPIPEBELOW	j	32.0 j	.00	i	JAN	00	i
OILPIPEBELOW	ĺ	31.0	.00	İ	JAN	00	ĺ
PUMP	1	3000.0	.00	İ	JAN	00	İ
PUMP	1	5000.0	.00	Ì	JAN	00	ĺ
TANKBELOW	1 45	6000.0	.00	İ	JAN	95	İ
FLASHTANK	1	1775.0	.00	Ì	JAN	00	1
SZSOFT	41	0000.0	.00	i	Jan	02	i
SUMPPUMPVERT	Ì	9800.0	.00	į	JAN	00	1
				****		****	***

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - GEORGIA CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES DIST 4.06 11697.0 JAN93-JAN18 5.50 155400.0 NAT G **JAN93-JAN18**

Table 40b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:11:14
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 25910
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

817834. DISTILLATE OIL NATURAL GAS 18673910.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 19491750.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS 14429600.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 3328013.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 37249360.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 40b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-15-92 09:11:14
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 25910
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93

ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

PAY		NAT G			
1 1		820496.	'		====== 0.
1 21		796618.			
1 31	41458.			521309.	
1 41		730122.			
i ši		703799.			
6		682992.			
1 71		687134.		48903.	
i 8i		702403.		13911.	
i ši		723826.			
i 10i		758040.		265447.	
1111		781727.			
1 121		789773.	573117.	Ŏ.	
131		806713.		•	
i 14 i		815840.			
i 15 i		819379.		895019.	0.1
1 161	30817.	810531.	478759.	19034.	0.i
1 171	29884.	790683.	457704.	0.	0.1
181	28856.	780049.	437576.	0.	
1 191	27951.	760759.	418333.	0.	0.1
1 201	27223.	740964.	399936.	0.	0.1
21	26543.	722457.	382348.	0.	0.1
1 221	25818.	702708.	365533.	0.	0.1
1 23 1	25088.	682833.	349458.	49792.	0.1
1 24	24275.	660721.	334090.	0.	0.1
1 251	23501.	639640.	319398.	0.	0.1
===	======	******	*******		======
1***1	817834.	*******	******	3328013.	0.1

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 41s

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Gordon Bidg, 2202

Units Specification 1 Specification 2 Co. 2		185						
1972 2 125 prig 144 bemp 1672 2 2.55 in. 140 prig 1972 2 2.55 in. 140 prig 1972 2 2.55 in. 150 prig 1972 2 2.55 in. 155 prig 1972 2 2.55 in. 155 prig 1972 2 2.55 in. 155 prig 1972 2 2.55 in. 155 prig 1972 2 2.50 Hp	Equipment	Installed		Specification	-	Specification	3	Condition
1972 2.5 in. 1940 1971 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 in. 135 paig 1972 2.5 paig 1972 2.5 paig 1972 2.5 paig 1972 2.5 paig 1972 2.5 paig 1972 2.5 paig 1972 2.5 paig 2.	Boller	1972	2	æ	MBtu/hr			Good
1972 2.5 in. 140 paig paig 1972 2.5 in. 140 paig paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 155 paig 1972 2.5 in. 157 paig 1972 2.5 in. 1972 2.	ن ا			125	Deig	_	dwa	Good
1972 2 25 in. 155 paig 1972 2 25 in. 155 paig 1972 2 2 2 in. 155 paig 1972 2 2 20 MBtu 20 MAtu 1972 2 20 MBtu 30 MAtu 1972 1 25 20 MBtu 30 MAtu 1972 1 25 20 MBtu 30 MAtu 1972 1 25 20 Matu 1972 1 25 20 Matu 2 Matu	2 Dallac Value	1073	·	40		_		2
1972	2. Reliei varve(s)	7/61	4 6		i.		9.	3
1972	2. Keisei Valve(s)	1972	7	7	S	_		B 1
1972 2 38.97 MBtu 30 Ib/hr 1972 2 2 2 MBtu 30 Ib/hr 1972 2 2 MBtu 30 Ib/hr 1972 1 1.5 Ib/hr 1972 1 2 2 Bal 125 Bal 1972 1 2 2 Bal 125 Bal 1972 1 2 2 Bal 125 Bal 1972 1 2 2 Bal 1972 1 2 2 Bal 1972 1 2 Bal 1972 1 3.5 Giam (ft) 6 Ibeight (ft) 1972 1 3.5 Giam (ft) 6 Ibeight (ft) 1972 1 2 2 Bal 1972 1 2 Bal 1972 1 2 Bal 1972 1 Bal 1972 2 2 Bal 1972 2	3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1972	7	7	. Š		peig	D 00
1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 2 20 Hp	4. Boiler Burner(s)	1972	7	38.97	MBtu			2000
1972 2 1974 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 1 1975 2 2 4 am (in.) 1975 1 2 4 am (in.) 1975 1 2 4 am (in.) 1975 1 2 4 am (in.) 2 4 am (in.) 1975 1 2 4 am (in.) 2 4 am	S Roiler Fan(s) (FD)	1972	7	02	£			Good
1972 1 154 154 155 154 154 154 155 154 155 154 155 154 155 154 155	6 Boiler Eronomizer	1972		}	K		P.Ar.	
1972 1 15 Hphr 1572 1 15 Hphr 1572 1 25 gal 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1972	. 7					Cood
1972 1 15 Hp 1972 1 15 Hp 1972 1 15 Hp 1972 1 25 Hp 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 30000 gal 2 Hp 1972 1 2 diam (in.) 2 Hp 1972 1 2 diam (in.) 2 Hp 1972 1 3.5 diam (in.) 6 height (ft) 1972 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) 1972 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) 1972 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) 1972 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft) 1972 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 4 4	å							
1972 1 115 149 1972 1 25 gal 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 20000 gal 1972 1 20 45 45 1972 1 20 45 45 1972 1 20 45 45 1972 1 3.5 45 1972 1 3.5 45 1972 1 3.5 45 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 3.5 1972 1 45 1972 1 45 1972 1 45 1972 1 45 1973 1 45 1974 1 45 1975 1 45 1975 2 45 1975 1 45 1977 2 45 1977 3 45 1977 4 1977 4 1977 5 1977 5 1977 7 1977 7 1977 7 1977 8 1977	١,	(6)	•		# # F			
1972 1 15 Hp 1972 1 15 Hp 1972 1 25 gal 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 2 20 Hp 1972 1 20 Hp 1972 1 2 45mm (in.) 2 Hp 1972 1 2 45mm (in.) 2		7/61	_					,
1972 1 25 gal		1972	-	1.5	£			5000
m (valve) 1972 2 2 4 iam (ia.) 125 paig ground 1972 2 30000 gal 2 Hp 1972 1 2 4 iam (ia.) 1972 1 2 4 iam (ia.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ia.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 2 2.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1972 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1973 1 3.5 4 iam (ib.) 1974 1 1 1 1975 1 1 1975 1 1976 1 1977 1		1972	-	z	15			8 00
1972 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2		1972	7	8	壬			Oood
1972 2 30000 pal 2 Hp 1972 1 2 Epm 2 Hp 1972 1 2 Epm Epm 2 Epm 2 Epm Epp Epm Epp Epm Epp		1972		7	diam (in.)		Paig	Good
1972 2 30000 gal 2 Hp 1972 1 2 Hp 2 Gam (in.) 1972 1 2 Gam (in.) 1972 1 2 Giam (in.) 1972 1 3.5 Giam (it.) 6 Height (ft) 1972 2 2.5 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 2 Giam (ft.) 60 Height (ft.) 1972 2 Giam (ft.) Giam (ft.) 1972 2 Giam (ft.) Giam (ft.) 1972 2 Gi	6							
1972 1 Egm 2 Hp 1972 1		1072	·	anna anna				Cood
1972 1 1972 1 1972 1 1972 1 2 45m (in.) 1972 1 2 45m (in.) 1972 1 3.5 45m (in.) 1972 1 3.5 45m (in.) 6 height (it.) 1972 1 2 2.5 45m (it.) 6 height (it.) 1972 1 1972 1 1972 2 Cochert		1071) -		.		1	
(BLW) 1972 1 2 diam (in.) stem (BLW) 1972 1 2.5 diam (in.) reference and Emissions 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 beight (ft) reference and Emissions 1 2 2.5 diam (ft) 60 beight (ft) in 1 1 2 2.5 diam (ft) 60 beight (ft) in 1 1 2 2 diam (ft) 60 beight (ft) in 1 1 2 2 diam (ft) 60 beight (ft) in 1 1 2 2 diam (ft) 60 beight (ft) in 1 1 2 2 diam (ft) 60 beight (ft) in 1 1 2 2 diam (ft) 4 4 4 4 in 1 1 2 2 4 4 4 4 4 i	4. The Cu rump	7/61	٠ ,					
1 (BLW) 1 (1972 1 (2.5 diam (in.)) 1 (1972 1 (2.5 diam (in.)) 1 (1972 1 (2.5 diam (ft)) 1 (1972 1 (2.5 diam (ft)) 1 (1972 1 (2.5 diam (ft)) 1 (1972 1 (1972 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1972 2 (1) 1 (1		1972	-					,
stem (BLW) 1972 2.5 dism (in.) 6 height (ft) reterns and Emissions 1972 1 3.5 dism (ft) 6 height (ft) reterns and Emissions 1972 2 2.5 dism (ft) 60 height (ft) inn 1972 1 1 1 1 inn 1972 2 COz chert Tip ics and Pumps 1991 1 Epm Hp		1972		2	diam (in.)			500
1972 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft)		1972		22	diam (in.)			Good
1972 1 3.5 diam (ft) 6 height (ft)								
reference aand Enalisations. 1972	1. Blowdown Flash Tank	1972	-	3.5	diam (ft)	9	height (ft)	Good
1972 2 2.5 diam (ft) 60 height (ft) 1972 1 1972 2 1972 2 2 1972 2 2 1972 2 2 1973 2 2 1974 1 gal Hp 1991 1 gam 1991 1 1991 1 gam 1991 1 1991 1 gam 1991 1 1991 1 gam 1991 1 1991 1 gam 1991 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1991 1 1 1 1 1 1 1 1	1							
1972 2 2.5 diam (ft) 60 height (ft) 1972 1 1972 2 1972 2 2 1972 2	Monitoring							
1972 1 1972 1 1972 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	5. Stack	1972	7	2.5	diam (ft)	8	height (ft)	Good
1972 1 1972 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2								
tan umentation/Indicators 1972 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2 2	1. Plant Master	1972	1					Good
im 1972 2 umentation/Indicators O2 chart is and Pumps — gal Hp ex 1991 1 gpm		1972	7					Good
umentation/Indicators O2 chart is and Pumps — gal Hp et 1991 1 — gpm		1972	7					0000
ts and Pumps — gal Hp					O2 chart			G
ts and Pumps ——— gal ———————————————————————————————								
1991 1	_:				3		Нp	
1991 1	H. Make-up Water System							
	9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1661	-		udi			

Table 41s (Cont'd)

	Year					
Rentement	Installed	Unites	Specification	1	Specification 2	Condition
1. Condensate Polishing						
J. Compressed Air System						
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1972	-		SCFM	4	
2. Air Dryer (REPR)	1972		35	SCFM		Open
3. Air Receiver	1972	-	01	7		Good
K. Electrical System						
1. Transformer/TransPCB				KVA		
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker				ziwa.		
3. Motor Control Center/Starter				ad ma		
L. Physical Plant						
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors	1972					Dood
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1972					Po Co
4. Building Lighting	1972					
Building Outside Dimensions		£ (£)		Leth (R)	Width (ft)	₽
Building Basement (Yes/No)						

Table 41b

Status Quo Life Cycle Cost Anniyeis for **Fort Gordon Building 2202**

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDGRD4

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 17:03:58

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON

FY 1992 BUILDING 2202

GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN- 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

*************		=======================================	
]	1	EOUIVALENT	1
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
1	1	DIFFERENTIAL	i
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
		RATE	
i	(\$ X 10**0)	(& PER YEAR)	i i
***************	========	*********	
I INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	i .00	JUN 92
DISTILLATE OIL	24717.3	1.58	JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	444840.0	3.64	JUL93~JUL17
MAINT LABOR	167500.0	.00	JUL93~JUL17
MAINT SERV	16216.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	1 120000.0	.00	JUL93~JUL17
MAINT UTIL	81081.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
STACK	29000.0	.00	JAN 12
DRUMCTL	10000.0	.00	JAN 92
ECONOMIZER	140000.0	.00	JAN 92
FW_REG	1 1200.0	.00	JAN 12
F_FAN	20500.0	.00	JAN 12
RELVALVE	3044.0	.00	JAN 92
RELVALVE	1 1545.0	.00	JAN 92
WTBOILER	1450000.0	.00	JAN 12
WTBURNER	128000.0	.00	JAN 12
BOILMASTER	1 10000.0	.00	JAN 02
Flamesafe	20000.0	1 .00	JAN 02
PLANTMASTER	5000.0	1 .00	JAN 02
AIRCOMPRECIP	20000.0	.00	JAN 92
AIRDRYERREFR	1 12000.0	.00	JAN 87
AIRRECV	600.0	.00	JAN 02
CONDPUMP	1 3625.0	1 .00	JAN 92
CONDREC	6000.0	.00	JAN 02
DAIRHEATER	1 25000.0	.00	JAN 12
FWPIPINGVAL	1100.0	.00	JAN 92
MUPUMP	14000.0	.00	JAN 92
HEATER	2500.0	.00	JAN 02
NAGPIPEBELOW	16.0	.00	JAN 97
OILPIPEBELOW	1 25.0	.00	JAN 97

Table 41b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 17:03:58

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON FY 1992 BUILDING 2202

GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

1	PUMP	1	1300.0	.00	1	JAN	97	1
ı	TANKBELOW	1	84000.0	.00	1	Jan	02	1
1	FLASHTANK	1	1775.0	.00	1	JAN	97	ĺ
ı	SZSOFT	1	135000.0	.00	ı	Jan	11	1
=								

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - GEORGIA CENSUS REGION: 3 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS \$/MBTU AMOUNT ENERGY TYPE ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES DIST 4.06 6088.0 JAN93-JAN18 NAT G 5.50 80880.0 JAN93-JAN18

Table 41b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 17:03:58

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDINGTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

FY 1992 BUILDING 2202

DESIGN FRATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS

0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL

425663.

NATURAL GAS

9719086.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS

10144750.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS

5605403.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS

826635.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS

0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE

0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW)

16576790.

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY RSCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 41b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 17:03:58
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 2202
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93

ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

2222			*******		*******
PAY	DIST	NAT G	MER	R / R	OTHER
===			*****	******	======
1	1 23647.	427038.	365128.	0.	0.1
1 2	1 22624.	414611.	349070.	0.	0.1
1 3	1 21578.	397482.	333719.	0.	0.1
1 4	20624.	380002.	319043.	0.	0.1
i 5	1 19736.	366302.			0.1
i 6	18986.	355472.	291599.		
1 7	1 18540.	357628.			0. j
i 8		365575.			
i 9				0.	0.i
i 10	17777.	394532.	243590.		
i 11	1 17591.	406860.	232878.	i 0.	
1 12	1 17380.	411048.	222636.	0.	0. j
1 13	17158.	419864.	212846.	0.	i 0. i
1 14	1 16851.	424615.	203485.	i 0.	i 0.i
1 15		426457.			
1 16		421851.			0.1
1 17	1 15554.	411522.	177802.	0.	0.1
1 18	15019.				
i 19	1 14548.	395947.	162508.	58310.	0.1
1 20	14169.	385645.	155361.		
1 21					
1 22	1 13438.	365734.	141997.	i 0.	•
i 23		355389.		•	
i 24	1 12635.	343881.			
i 25	·-	332909.	-	•	
•					
***	•	9719086.		•	
•		•	•	•	•

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 42a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Fort Gordon Bidg. 310

Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification		Specification	~	Comdition
Boller (WT)	1972	3	18	MBtu/hr			Good
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			75	psig	308		Sood Cood
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	6	1.5	, .s	91		Good
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	60	1.5	.s	150	psig	Good
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1972	(C)	7	. s i	120		Cood
4. Roiler Rumer(s)	1972	6	8	MBtu		•	Sood
S. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1972	6.	10	H.			Cood
S Roiler Fan(s) (ID)	1972	· (*)	01	· £			Good
6. Boiler Economizer	1982	m		MBtu			
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1987	6		!			Cood
B. Feedwater System							
8. Deserating Heater	1972	-		Įγ l r.			
12. Condensate Pumps	1972	7	7	Нр			Good
13. Condensate Receiver	1972	-	35	Į e S			Good
15. Make-up Pumps	1972	4	15	£			Good
18. Expansion Tank (SURGE Tank)	1972	-	4	diam (in.)	•	length (ft)	Good
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1972		7	diam (in.)	22		Good
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1972	7	100	£			Goog
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1972	_	R	H.			Goog
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1972	1	20	Hp			Sood
C. Fuel Handling System							
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1972	-	200000	gal			Good
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1972	-	30000	įes			Cood
3. Fuel Oil Tank - Underground	1972	~	20000	128			200 0
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1972	7		md3	2	슢	
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	1972		1.5	diam (in.)			2 66
	1972		4	diam (in.)			Good
D. Heat Recovery System			-				
1. Blowdown Flash Tank	1972	1	3.5	diam (ft)	9	height (ft)	Soot
E. Air Pollution Control Systems and Emissions		,					Ç
Monitoring		•	1	(•	197 71	500
1000	222						

Table 42a (Cont'd)

	Year		Specification 1	_	Smotherine 2	Comditions
			Cheramana	4		
F. Combustion Controls					!	6
1. Plant Master	1987	_				T.
2. Boiler Master	1987	60				Pair
3. Flame Safeguard System	1987	٣				Feir
5. Additional Boiler Instrumentation/Indicators				O2 TRIM - Disconnected		
G. Chemical Feed System						
H. Make-up Water System						
9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1987	7		md8		
I. Condenante Polishing						
J. Compressed Air System						
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1972	7		SCFM	5 Hp	Cood
2. Air Dryer (REFR)	1972	-	15	SCFM	1	Cood
3. Air Receiver	1972	1	150	gal		Good
K. Electrical System						
1. Transformer	1972	-	2000	KVA		5 00
2. 'Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker	1	İ		sdure		
3. Motor Control Center/Starter				adua		
4. Emergency Generator	1972	1	3125	KVA		Good
L. Physical Plant						
1. Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors	1972					Good
2. Building Concrete and Building Steel	1972					Good
4. Building Lighting	1972					
Building Outside Dimensions		H H		Lgth (ft)	Width (ft)	
Building Basement (Yes/No)				ı		
(c. day) similar of comme						

Table 425

Status Que Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Fort Gordon Building 310

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDGRD2

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:57:15 FY 1992 BUILDING 310

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME:
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON

FY 1992

DESIGN PEATURE:

GEORGIA

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

COST / BENEFIT	 Cost In Dos \$	EQUIVALENT UNIFORM DIFFERENTIAL ESCALATION	TIME(S) COST INCURRED
DESCRIPTION	1 TU DO2 2		COST INCURRED
!		RATE	!!!
1	(\$ X 10**0)	(% PER YEAR)	
INVESTMENT COSTS		.00	JUN 92
DISTILLATE OIL	1 18058.9		JUL93-JUL17
NATURAL GAS	1 325039.0		JUL93-JUL17
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1 122500.0	,	JUL93-JUL17 JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR MAINT SERV	12405.0		JUL93-JUL17 JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV MAINT SUPPLY	91800.0		JUL93-JUL17 JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	62027.0		JUL93-JUL17 JUL93-JUL17
,	30000.0	.00	JAN 12
STACK DRUMCTL	1 15000.0		JAN 12
	1 210000.0	.00	JAN 07
ECONOMIZER		.00	, ,
FW_REG	1800.0	.00	JAN 12
P_FAN	1 21000.0	.00	JAN 12
I_FAN	21000.0	.00	JAN 12
RELVALVE	3216.0	.00	JAN 08
RELVALVE	5100.0	.00	JAN 08
WIBOILER	1 1800000.0	.00	JAN 12
WIBURNER	1 150000.0	.00	JAN 12
BOILMASTER	1 15000.0	.00	JAN 17
FLAMESAFE	30000.0	.00	JAN 17
O2TRIM	30000.0	.00	JAN 17
PLANTMASTER	5000.0	.00	JAN 17
AIRCOMPRECIP	40000.0	.00	JAN 92
AIRDRYERREPR	12000.0	.00	JAN 87
AIRRECV	l 850.0	.00	JAN 02
EMERGENCYGEN	210000.0	.00	JAN 02
Transformer	44000.0	.00	JAN 12
CONDPUMP	9800.0	.00	JAN 92
CONDREC	1 6000.0	.00	JAN 02
COOLPUMP	7000.0	.00	JAN 92
COOLPUMP	8200.0	.00	JAN 92

Table 42b (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:57:15
PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 310
INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

RASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

(COOLPUNC	1 22800.0 1	.00	1	JAN 92	1
DAIRHEATER	i 25000.0 i	.00	i	JAN 12	ı
•	1 10000.0 1	.00	i	JAN 12	1
EXPTANK	1 1100.0 1	.00	i	JAN 92	i
FWPIPINGVAL		.00	•	JAN 92	i
MUPUMP	1 25000.0 1		1	JAN 97	1
NAGPIPERELOW	1 23.0 1	.00	!		- !
OILPIPERELOW	25.0	.00	Ų	JAN 97	!
PUMP	1 2600.0 1	.00	j	JAN 97	ļ
TANKBELOW	1 26000.0 !	.00	- 1	JAN 02	1
TANKBELOW	1 42000.0 1	.00	i	JAN 02	- 1
TANKBELOW	i 57000.0 i	.00	- 1	JAN 02	1
• • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • • •	1775.0 i	.00	Ì	JAN 97	- 1
FLASHTANK	316666.0	.00	í	JAN 07	i
SZSOFT	, 31000.0)				
***************	**********	*****			

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

CENSUS REGION: 3 LOCATION - GEORGIA RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE S/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT DIST 4.06 4448.0 JAN93-JAN18 4.06 DIST JAN93-JAN18 5.50 59098.0 NAT G

Table 42h (Cont'd)

LCCID 1.065 DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:57:15

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 310 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN PEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL 310997. 7101614. NATURAL GAS

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 7412610.

RECURRING MER/CUSTODIAL COSTS 4206008.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 1431163.

OTHER OLM COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 13049780.

*NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 42b (Cont'd)

DATE/TIME: 05-14-92 16:57:15 LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992 BUILDING 310 INSTALLATION & LOCATION: FORT GORDON GEORGIA

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93

ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

PAY	DIST	NAT G			
[===[======
! 1!	17277.				
1 21	16530.				
1 31	15765.				
1 41	15069.				
1 51		267652.			
1 61		259739.			
1 71		261314.			
1 81		267121.			
1 91	13122.	275268.			
1 101	12988.	288280.	182778.	357285.	0.1
1 111	12852.	297288.	174740.	0.	
12	12698.	300347.	167055.	0.	0.1
1 131	12536.	306790.	159708.	0.	0.1
1 141	12312.	310261.	152685.	0.	0.1
1 151	12042.	311607.			
1 161	11719.	308242.	139551.	4111.	0.1
i 17 i	11364.	300694.			
181	10973.				
i 19 i	10629.		121938.		
201		281786.		868310.	
1 211		274748.			
1 221		267237.			
23		259678.			
241		251269.			
251	8937.				
					,
***		7101614.	,		•

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Tale &

CHPECON Run Results for Port Gordon Bidg, 25330

Technology	Boller	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	KSINV.	KSFUEL	Kelece	LOCA
New Plant							
GAS	ACACIAC		19.826	4498	37778	49672	8
#2 Off.	247474		15.384	498	26650	38543	*
\$ OF	ACA7A	10.330	12.350	4498	19049	30942	3
STOKER	16/28/28/28	•••	27.289	35846	10360	66368	25.
CWS	14/28/35/35		22.559	24739	14323	29062	611
WOO	62/62/62/1		22.186	21252	17932	S808S	117
FBC	13/26/33/33		27.625	33669	12729	69211	661
FILE PREFIX: PGD1							
PMCR: 70 L							
AVE MON. LOAD: 23 M							
CHP#1 20 35 L FUEL:	- NG,FS2 AGE = 1975						
L = (K# STEAM/HR)							
M = (MBTU/HR)							

Table 44
CHPECON Run Results for Fort Gordon Bldg. 25910

Technology	Boller	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	KSINV.	KSFUEL	KSLCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
GAS	59/59/59	14.574	17.425	6890	96487	111986	100
#2 OIL	59/59/59	9.875	11.806	6890	60379	75877	68
#6 OIL	59/59/59	8.322	9.950	6890	48444	63942	57
STOKER	40/69/69/69	13.204	15.787	48926	24030	101461	91
CWS	35/69/88/88	12.368	14.788	39405	35329	99314	89
COM	42/12/12/12	12.071	14.432	30061	44823	96923	87
FBC	32/64/81/81	14.250	17.037	47540	31837	109495	98

FILE PREFIX: PGD2

PMCR: 176 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 59 M

CHP #2 3@ 35.9 L FUEL = NG,FS AGE = 1965

3@ 34 L FUEL = NG.FS AGE = 1967

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 45

CHPECON Run Results for Fort Gordon Bldg. 2202

Technology	Boiler	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	K\$INV.	KSFUEL	K\$LCC	LCC/I
New Plant						······································	
GAS	20/20/20	17.082	20.424	4300	32891	44494	100
#2 OIL	20/20/20	12.383	14.805	4300	20651	32253	72
#6 OIL	20/20/20	10.829	12.948	4300	16605	28207	63
STOKER	14/24/24/24	25.071	29.975	34817	9059	65302	147
CWS	12/24/30/30	20.493	24.502	23517	12607	55780	125
COM	15/25/25/25	20.118	24.053	20307	15791	54759	123
FBC	11/22/28/28	25.192	30.119	32522	11122	65616	147

FILE PREFIX: PGD3

PMCR: 60 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 20 M

CHP #3 2@ 30 L FUEL = NG,FS2 AGE = 1972

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 46

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for New Gos/82 Otl-Fired Beller Plant

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis Page 1 Type: New plant (NP) File: FGDG 05/13/92 Desc: FORT GORDON Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler ************************************ Base and Plant Information Base DOE Region: 3 State: GA - Georgia PMCR: 100,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 3 Height of the plant: 40 ft Building area: 6500 sq ft Plant area: 1.13 acres Facility Parameters ************************************** Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.045 (4771.57/1991) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.106 (947.10/1991) Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.061 (4386.55/1991) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.030 (272.70/1991) Annual electricity usage: 730,093 kW-hr 1991 cost for distillate: 0.631 \$/gallon 1991 cost for residual: 0.400 \$/gallon 1991 cost for natural gas: 2.722 \$/million Btu 1991 cost for electricity: 0.053 \$/kW-hr Annual Facility Output: 257,664 thousand 1b steam Annual Natural Gas Usage: 316 10^6 SCF Heating plant efficiency: 83.2% natural gas Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: 1995 - 2019 **************** Facility Capital Costs Equipment Cost Equipment Cost

Boiler: \$ 1,010,599 Stack: \$ 32,911
Building/service: \$ 949,121 Water trtmnt: \$ 408,948
Feedwtr pmps: \$ 17,211 Cond xfr pmps: \$ 14,703
Cond strg tnk: \$ 5,489 Oil (long) storage: \$ 183,313
Oil day strg pmp: \$ 4,388 Oil heaters: \$ 4,962
Oil day strg tanks: \$ 14,929 Oil unload pumps: \$ 13,791
Oil xfr pmps: \$ 4,544 Fire protection: \$ 41,792
Cont bldn tnk: \$ 783 Intr bldn tnk: \$ 783
Compressor: \$ 24,453 Car puller: \$ 20,896
Rail: \$ 11,101 Site preparation: \$ 2,951
Site improvements: \$ 156,723 Mobile equipment: \$ 40,748
Elec substation: \$ 56,990 Electrical: \$ 121,787
Piping: \$ 690,129 Instrumentation: \$ 255,174 **********************

Table 46 (Cont'd)

Central Heating Plant File: FGDG Ty Desc: FORT GORDON Tech: Gas / Oil Fired	pe: New plant		Sensitivi	ity Analysi	s Page 2 05/13/92
Facility Capital C	costs, cont	******	********	******	*********
Plant installed cost:	\$ 5,8	99,197			
*******	******	******	******	******	*****
Facility Annual O	& M and Energy	Costs	******	******	*****
Operating staff: 11 Annual Labor Costs: \$ Annual Year Non-Labor 1995 Natural gas cost 1995 Auxiliary Energy	O & M Costs :	\$ 564 ,374 \$ 38	,338 ,781		
Periodic Major Mai	ntenance Cost	Summarv	******		*********
******	****	*****	*****	*****	*****
Time Interval					_
3 years \$ 10 years \$ 18 years \$	30,000	5 years		\$ 5,92	0
10 years \$	159,115	15 years		\$ 67,52	0
18 years \$	5,881	20 years		\$ 12,75	4
******	*****	******	*****	*****	*****
Facility Life Cycl		*****	****	*****	*****
Analysis using natura	l gas as prima	rv fuel			
+ PV 'Adjusted' Inves	tment Costs	-2		= \$ 5,16	
+ PV Energy + Transpo	rtation Costs			= \$ 23,95	0,742
+ PV Annually Recurri + PV Non-Annually Rec + PV Disposal Cost of	ng O&M Costs	C Bowless		= \$7,31	.9,586 .0.675
+ PV Non-Annually Rec	urring kepair Fristing Syst	ow or kebtacem	ent	= \$ 32	0,675
+ PV Disposal Cost of	New/Retrofit	Facility		= \$	Ŏ
Total Life Cycle Cost		-		= \$ 36,76	
Levelized Cost of Ser	orina /1005 ata		_ 0.5	5066 6/ M OP	••
Levelized Cost of Ser				.473 \$/1000	
******	******	*****	*****	*****	*****
Sensitivity Analys	is ******	*****	*****	*****	*****
=== Primary fuel init	ial cost varia	tion ===			
Change PV	Primary Fuel	Life	Cycle Cos	st LCS,\$/1	.0001b steam
50%	11,703,494		25,056,99	55	7.820
60%	14,044,193		27,397,65	54	8.551

Table 46 (Cont's)

Central Heating File: FGDG Desc: FORT GORI Tech: Gas / Oil		on Sensitivity	Analysis Page 3 05/13/92
**********	*********	******	******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	*******	******
80%	18,725,591	32,079,052	10.012
90%	21,066,290	34,419,751	10.743
100%	23,406,989	36,760,450	11.473
110%	25,747,688	39,101,149	12.204
120%	28,088,387	41,441,848	12.934
130%	30,429,086	43,782,547	13.665
140%	32,769,785	46,123,246	14.396
150%	35,110,484	48,463,945	15.126
=== Primary fue	el escalation rate variati	on ===	
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
-3%	16,316,909	29,670,370	9.260
-2*	18,333,295	31,686,756	9.890
-18	20,676,900	34,030,361	10.621
0%	23,406,989	36,760,450	11.473
18	26,593,946	39,947,408	12.468
28	30,321,368	43,674,829	13.631
3%	34,688,529	48,041,991	14.994
48	39,813,314	53,166,775	16.594
5%	45,835,664	59,189,125	18.474
6%	52,921,668	66,275,129	20.685
=== Auxiliary e	energy cost variation ===		
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000lb steam
80\$	435,002	36,651,700	11.439
90%	489,377	36,706,075	11.456
100%	543,752	36,760,450	11.473
110%	598, 127	36,814,825	11.490
120%	652,503	36,869,201	11.507
=== O&M labor o	cost variation ===		
Change	PV O&M Labor	Life Cvcle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
80%	4,820,558	35,555,310	11.097
90%	5,423,128	36,157,880	11.285
100%	6,025,698	36,760,450	11.473
110%	6,628,268	37,363,020	11.661
120%	7,230,838	37,965,590	11.849
	oor cost variation ===	, , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , , ,	
Change	PV O&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
80%	1,035,109	36,501,673	11.392
90%	1,164,498	36,631,061	11.433
100%	1,293,887	36,760,450	11.473
110%	1,423,276	36,889,839	11.514

Table 46 (Cent'd)

Central Heating File: FGDG Desc: FORT GORD Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity (NP)	Analysis Pag 05/13	je 4 3/92
******	******	******	******	***
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	******	*******	***
=== Repair/repl	ace cost variation =	E2		
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost		n
80%	256,540	36,696,315	11.453	
90 % 100 %	288,607 320,675	36,728,383 36,760, 4 50	11.463 11.473	
110%	352,742	36,792,518		
120%	384,810	36,824,585	11.493	
=== Initial cos	t variation ===			
Change	PV Initial Cost		LCS,\$/10001b steam	n
80\$	4,135,557	35,583,743	11.106	
90%	4,652,502	36, 172, 097		
100 % 110 %	5,169,447 5,686,301	36,760,450 37,348,804	11.473	
120%	5,686,391 6,203,336	37,348,804 37,937,157	11.657 11.840	
Existing Variation	PV Existing Salvage plant salvage value of value is unnece	ssary. Analysis skipp		n
Existing Variation === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.	
Existing Variation	plant salvage value n of value is unnece	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	LCS, \$/10001b steam	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipper Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431	LCS,\$/10001b steam 11.520 11.504	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipper Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipper Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 0 49,990	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458	
Existing Variation === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 0 49,990 99,980	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipper Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473	
Existing Variation === New salvage -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 0 49,990	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount raccchange	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 0 49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/10001b steam	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rac Change 0.0%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/10001b steam 21.990	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5% 0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408 55,793,510	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306 17.414	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408 55,793,510 48,203,139	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306 17.414 15.045	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage -15% -10% -5% -0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rad Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5% 2.5% 3.5%	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408 55,793,510 48,203,139 41,947,628	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306 17.414 15.045 13.092	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408 55,793,510 48,203,139 41,947,628 36,760,450	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306 17.414 15.045 13.092 11.473	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408 55,793,510 48,203,139 41,947,628 36,760,450 32,432,735	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306 17.414 15.045 13.092 11.473 10.122	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	
Existing Variation === New salvage Change	plant salvage value n of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -149,970 -99,980 -49,990 99,980 149,970 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 70,455,438 65,060,408 55,793,510 48,203,139 41,947,628 36,760,450	Life Cycle Cost 36,910,421 36,860,431 36,810,440 36,760,450 36,710,460 36,660,470 36,610,479 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 21.990 20.306 17.414 15.045 13.092 11.473	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.520 11.504 11.489 11.473 11.458 11.442	

3

Table 46 (Cost's)

Central Heating E File: FGDG Desc: FORT GORDON Tech: Gas / Oil E	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity A (NP)	nalysis Page 5 05/13/92
Sensitivity Ar	alysis, cont	************	*****
******	******	*********	*****
10.5%	18,985,100	5.925	
11.5%	17,330,735	5.409	
12.0%	16,587,122	5.177	
=== Plant life va	ariation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam	
10 yr	19,252,357	11.260	*
11 yr	20,573,828	11.164	
12 yr	21,905,503	11.118	
13 yr	23,222,908	11.100	
14 yr	24,525,950	11.103	•
15 yr	25,856,367	11.142	
16 yr	27,103,773	11.166	
17 yr	.28,310,518	11.191	
18 yr	29,494,525	11.225	
19 yr	30,628,265	11.256	
20 yr	31,791,512	11.311	
21 yr	32,862,038	11.346	
22 yr	33,884,866	11.377	
23 yr	34,873,673	11.408	
24 yr	35,836,717	11.442	
25 yr	36,760,450	11.473	

Table 47 Cost Sensitivity Analysis for #6 Oli-Fired Beller Plant

File: FGD6 T Desc: FORT GORDON Tech: Gas / Oil Fire	ype: New plant (NP	tion Sensitivity An	alysis Page 1 05/13/92
Base and Plant In		******	*******
State: GA - Georgia PMCR: 100,000 lb/hr	Bas steam Number	e DOE Region: 3 of boilers: 3	
Height of the plant: Building area: 6500 Plant area: 1.13 acr	sq ft		
*****	******	****	******
Facility Paramete	rs ************************************		
Non-Labor Operation Operation & Maintena	& Maintenance Esca nce Labor Escalati	1.045 (4771.57/1991) lation Factor: 1.106 on Factor: 1.061 (438 1.030 (272.70/1991)	
Annual electricity u	sage: 730,093 kW-h	r	
1991 cost for distil 1991 cost for residu 1991 cost for natura 1991 cost for electr	al: 0.400 \$/gallo l gas: 2.722 \$/mi	n llion Btu	
Annual Facility Outp Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation:	sage: 2,256 10^3 g ency: 87.8% #6 fue	al	
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991	sage: 2,256 10^3 g ency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019	al 1 oil	******
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation:	sage: 2,256 10^3 g ency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ************************************	al 1 oil	*******
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ***********************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 g ency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ************************************	al 1 oil	**************************************
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ***********************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ***********************************	al 1 oil ***** Equipment	Cost
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ***********************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ************ Costs **********************************	al 1 oil ************************************	Cost \$ 32,911
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ************ Costs **********************************	al 1 oil **** Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ***********************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489	al l oil **** Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil **** Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil ***** Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil ***** Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps: Fire protection:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil ***** Equipment Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps: Fire protection: Intr bldn tnk:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil ***** Equipment Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps: Fire protection: Intr bldn tnk: Car puller:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital ************************************	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil ********************* Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps: Fire protection: Intr bldn tnk: Car puller: Site preparation:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital **************** Equipment	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388	al l oil ***** Equipment Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps: Fire protection: Intr bldn tnk: Car puller: Site preparation: Mobile equipment:	\$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962
Annual #6 Fuel Oil U Heating plant effici Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: ****************** Facility Capital *************** Equipment	sage: 2,256 10^3 gency: 87.8% #6 fue 1995 - 2019 ********* Cost \$ 1,010,599 \$ 949,121 \$ 17,211 \$ 5,489 \$ 4,388 \$ 14,929 \$ 4,544 \$ 783 \$ 24,453 \$ 11,101	al l oil ********************* Equipment Stack: Water trtmnt: Cond xfr pmps: Oil (long) storage: Oil heaters: Oil unload pumps: Fire protection: Intr bldn tnk: Car puller: Site preparation:	Cost \$ 32,911 \$ 408,948 \$ 14,703 \$ 183,313 \$ 4,962 \$ 13,791 \$ 41,792 \$ 783 \$ 20,896 \$ 2,951

Table 47 (Cont'd)

Central Heating Pla File: FGD6	ant Economics Ev Type: New plant		Sensitivit	y Analysis	Page 2 05/13/92
Desc: FORT GORDON Tech: Gas / Oil Fix	red Boiler				
*******	*****	******	******	*****	*****
Facility Capital	l Costs, cont	*****	*****	******	*****
Plant installed cos	st: \$ 5,	899,197			
*******	******		******	******	******
Facility Annual	O & M and Energ	y Costs	******	*****	******
Operating staff: 1: Annual Labor Costs Annual Year Non-Lal 1995 #6 fuel oil co	: \$ 463,732 oor 0 & M Costs	: \$ 56 4	,338		
1995 Auxiliary Ener	rgy Costs	: \$ 38	,781		
-		*****	*****	****	*****
Periodic Major 1	Maintenance Cost	Summary			
******	******	******	*****	*****	*****
Time Interval					
3 years 10 years 18 years	\$ 30,000	5 years	\$	5 920	
10 years	159,115	15 years	Ş	6 ⁹ ,520	
18 years	5,881	20 years	\$	12,754	
*****	*****	*****	*****	******	*****
Facility Life Cy	ycle Cost Summar	y *****	******	*****	*****
Analysis using #6	fuel oil as prim	ary fuel			
+ PV 'Adjusted' In	vestment Costs		=	\$ 5,169,44	17
+ PV Energy + Trans				\$ 24,325,64	
+ PV Annually Recur		C Poplecom	- ant	\$ 7,319,58	56 75
+ PV Non-Annually 1 + PV Disposal Cost	recurring repair of Evisting Sve	e vebiacem	enc =	\$ 320,67 \$	0
+ PV Disposal Cost	of New/Retrofit	Facility		\$	Ö
Total Life Cycle Co	ost (1991)		-	\$ 37,135,35	58
Levelized Cost of	Service (1995 st	art)	= 9.69	44 \$/MMBtu	
Levelized Cost of				90 \$/1000 lb	steam
**********	******	******	******	******	*****
Sensitivity Ana		*****	*****	*****	*****
=== Primary fuel in	nitial cost vari	ation ===			
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life	Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000	lb steam
50%	11,890,948		25,244,409	7.	.879
60%	14,269,138		27,622,599	8.	. 621

Table 47 (Cent'd)

File: FGD6 Desc: FORT GO		on Sensitivity	Analysis Page 3 05/13/92
Tech: Gas / O	il Fired Boiler		
		******	********
Sensitivit	y Analysis, cont		*****
80%	19,025,517	32,378,978	10.106
90%	21,403,707	34,757,168	10.848
100%	23,781,897	37,135,358	11.590
110 % 120 %	26,160,086 28,538,276	39,513,547 41,891,737	12.333 13.075
130%	30,916,466	44,269,927	13.817
140%	33,294,655	46,648,117	14.559
150%	35,672,845	49,026,306	15.302
=== Primary f	uel escalation rate variation	on ===	
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000lb steam
-38	1€,835,067	30,188,528	9.422
-2*	18,818,531	32,171,992	10.041
-18	21,115,443	34,468,904	10.758
0%	23,781,897	37,135,358	11.590
18	26,884,461	40,237,922	12.559
2\$	30,502,138	43,855,599	13.688 15.007
3 % 4 %	34,728,690 39,675,381	48,082,151 53,028,842	15.007 16.551
5%	45,474,228	58,827,690	18.361
6%	52,281,834	65,635,295	20.486
=== Auxiliary	energy cost variation ===		
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
808	435,002	37,026,607	
90%	489,377	37,080,982	11.573
100%	543,752	37,135,358	11.590
110%	598,127	37,189,733	11.607
120%	652,503	37,244,108	11.624
=== 0&M labor	cost variation ===		
Change	PV 0&M Labor		LCS,\$/1000lb steam
80%	4,820,558		11.214
90%	5,423,428	36,532,788	11.402
100%	6,025,698	37,135,358	11.590
110%	6,628,268	37,737,928	11.778
120%	7,230,838	38,340,498	11.966
=== 0&M non-la	abor cost variation ===		
Change	PV 0&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
80%	1,035,109	36,876,580	11.509
90%	1,164,498	37,005,969	11.550
100%	1,293,887	37,135,358	11.590
110%	1,423,276	37,264,746	11.631

Table 47 (Cont'd)

File: FGD6 Desc: FORT GO	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity (NP)	Analysis	Page 4 05/13/92
*****	******	*****	*****	*****
Sensitivity	y Analysis, cont	*******	******	******
=== Repair/rep	place cost variation =	==		
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost		
80% 90%	256,540 288,607	37,071,223 37,103,290		.570 .580
100%	320,675	37,103,230 37,135,358		.590
110%	352,742	37,167,425		600
120%	384,810	37,199,493	11.	610
=== Initial co	ost variation ===			
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001	lb steam
80%	4,135,557	35,958,651		.223
90 % 100 %	4,652,502	36,547,004 37,135,350		.407
1104	5,169, 44 7 5,686,391	37,135,358 37,723,711		.590 .77 4
120%	6,203,336	38,312,065		.957
=== Existing	salvage value variatio	n ===		
Variat	PV Existing Salvage ng plant salvage value ion of value is unnece ge value variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp		lb steam
New Salva	value valuation			
Change	PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost		
-15%	,	37,285,329		.637
-10% -5%	-99,980 -4 9,990	37,235,338 37,185,348		. 621
-5%	-49,990	37,185,348 37,135,358		.606 .590
5%	49,990	37,085,368		.575
10%	99,980	37,035,377		.559
15%	149,970	36,985,387	11.	.543
=== Discount	rate variation ===			
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000lb steam		
C.0%	70,177,616	21.903		
0.5%	64,909,791	20.259		
1.5%	55,8 44 ,9 4 9	17.430		
2.5% 3.5%	48,401,080 42,249,979	15.106 13.187		
4.5%	37,135,358	11.590		
5.5%	32,856,137	10.255		
6.5%	29,253,815	9.130		
7.5%	26,202,864	8.178		
8.5%	23,603,405	7.367		

Table 47 (Cont'd)

Central Heating File: FGD6 Desc: FORT GORDO! Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP)	Page 5 05/13/92
Sensitivity A	************************	*********	****
***********	*******	*******	*****
10.5% 11.5% 12.0%	19,455,307 17,790,803 17,041,039	6.072 5.552 5.318	
=== Plant life v	ariation ===		
Change 10 yr 11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr 19 yr 20 yr 21 yr 22 yr 23 yr 24 yr 25 yr	Life Cycle Cost 20,245,614 21,605,160 22,948,136 24,241,311 25,497,253 26,764,610 27,950,655 29,097,989 30,224,349 31,302,163 32,411,164 33,429,317 34,401,581 35,341,472 36,257,296 37,135,358	LCS,\$/1000lb steam 11.841 11.723 11.647 11.586 11.543 11.534 11.515 11.503 11.503 11.503 11.503 11.531 11.542 11.550 11.561 11.576 11.590	

Table 46

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for Coal-Fired Stoker Plant

File: FGDC Desc: FORT GORDON	ant Economics Evaluat Type: New plant (NP) preader Stoker, w/fi		nalysis	Page 1 05/13/92
Base and Plant 1	Information	*******		
State: GA - Georgia PMCR: 100,000 lb/hr	Base : steam Number o	e DOE Region: 3 of boilers: 4		
Coal code: W205320 State: KY - Kentuck Coal type: bitumino hhv: 12870 Btu ash: 9.70%	y ous (pro n/lb fixed carbon sulfur: 0.50%	Distance from base: DOE Region: 3 operties on a dry bas : 52.20% volatile		S
Coal handling equip Coal silo storage of Approx. building with Approx. building le Height of the plant Building area: 8210 Plant area: 1.31 ac	dth: 58 feet ength: 141 feet :: 59 ft) sq ft	ons/hr		
Pacility Daramet	are	******		
Non-Labor Operation Operation & Mainten	n & Maintenance Escal Mance Labor Escalatio	1.045 (4771.57/1991) lation Factor: 1.106 on Factor: 1.061 (43 1.030 (272.70/1991)	86.55/1991)	
	illate fuel usage: 10 usage: 2,704,433 kW 261 tons			
	: 1.715 \$/MMBtu illate: 0.631 \$/gal cricity: 0.053 \$/kW			
Facility Install	led Capital Costs	******		*****
Equipment	Cost	Equipment	Co	st
Boiler: Ash Handling:	\$ 9,318,324 \$ 2,047,997	Coal Handling: Mechncl Collector:		95,812 13 4 ,619

Table 48 (Cont'd)

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                               Page 2
File: FGDC
                                                             05/13/92
                Type: New plant (NP)
Desc: FORT GORDON
Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
  Facility Installed Capital Costs, cont
     696,631 Pumps:
72,152 Waste Water Trtmnt: $
224 Electrical System: $
Water Treatment: $ 696,631 Pumps: $ 172,781
Air Compressor: $ 72,152 Waste Water Trtmnt: $ 97,065
Piping/Stack: $ 3,300,834 Electrical System: $ 1,630,032
Building Costs: $ 3,710,787 Direct costs: $ 10,521,182
Plant installed cost: $ 44,689,453
Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
Operating staff: 22
Annual Labor Costs: $ 963,353
First Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 1,338,611
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 1,663,506
1995 Coal Costs (incl transport) : $ 730,510
1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs : $ 156,265
*********
  Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
**************
                              Time Interval Cost
Time Interval Cost
______
                                ______
        $ 95,774
$ 79,583
$ 542,186
$ 9,352
                                        $ 92,079
$ 222,604
$ 44,074
$ 11,754
                              5 years
8 years
3 years
7 years
10 years
                               12 years
                               18 years
15 years
20 years
              $ 427,964
*******************
Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                               = $ 39,161,216
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs
                                               = $ 12,773,403
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
                                               = $ 21,343,004
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                              = $
                                                   1,728,076
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
                                               = $
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                               = $
                                                            0
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
                                               = $ 75,005,701
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                  = 19.580 $/MMBtu
```

Table 45 (Cont'd)

File: FGDC Desc: FORT GO	ng Plant Economics Evaluat Type: New plant (NP) RDON ate Spreader Stoker, w/ fl		•	Analysis	Page 3 05/13/92
Sensitivit	y Analysis		*****		
=== Primary f	uel initial cost variation				*****
Change 50 %	PV Primary Fuel 5,269,249	Lile	Cycle Cost 69,736,451	21.	
60%	6,323,099		70,790,301	22.	
70%	7,376,949		71,844,151	22.	
80%	8,430,799		72,898,001	22.	
90%	9,484,649		73,951,851	23.	
100%	10,538,499		75,005,701	23.	
110%	11,592,349		76,059,551	23.	
120%	12,646,199		77,113,401	24.	
130%	13,700,049		78,167,251	24.	
140%	14,753,899		79,221,101	24.	
150%	15,807,749		80,274,951	25.	
	uel escalation rate variat				
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life	Cycle Cost		
-3%	7,637,237		72,104,439	22.	
-2%	8,469,298		72,936,500	22.	
-18	9,428,862		73,896,064	23.	
0% 1%	10,538,499		75,005,701	23.	
28	11,824,979 13,320,050		76,292,181 77,787,252	23. 24.	
3%	15,061,375		79,528,577	24.	
48	17,093,624		81,560,826	25.	
58	19,469,776		83,936,978	26.	
6%	22,252,654		86,719,856	27.	
	energy cost variation ===		,		
Change	DV Augilians Engage			TOO 6/10001	h
Change 80%	PV Auxiliary Energy 1,787,923	PILE	Cycle Cost 74,558,721	23.	
90%	2,011,413		74,782,211	23.	
100%	2,234,903		75,005,701	23.	
110%	2,458,394		75,229,192	23.	
120%	2,681,884		75,452,682	23.	
	cost variation ===				
Change	PV 0&M Labor	Life	Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001	b steam
80%	10,014,185	-	72,502,155	22.	
90%	11,265,959		73,753,928	23.	
100%	12,517,732		75,005,701	23.	
110%	13,769,505		76,257,475	23.	
120%	15,021,278		77,509,248	24.	192
=== 0&M non-1	abor cost variation ===				

Table 48 (Cent'd)

File: FGDC Desc: FORT GOR	Type: New plant		Analysis	Page 4 05/13/92
****	*****	******	******	******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	******	******	******
Change	PV 0&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS.\$/10001	ib steam
80\$	7,060,217	73,240,647		859
90%	7,942,744	74,123,174		.135
100%	8,825,272	75,005,701		
110%	9,707,799	75,888,229		. 686
. 120%	10,590,326	76,770,756	23.	961
=== Repair/rep	lace cost variation =	==		
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001	b steam
80%	1,382,461	74,660,086		302
90%	1,555,269	74,832,894		.356
100% 110%	1,728,076	75,005,701 75,178,509	23 . 23 .	
120%	1,900,884 2,073,692	75,178,309	23.	.518
	est variation ===	,0,001,01		
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost		
80%	31,328,973	65,531,186		453
90% 100%	35,245,095 30,161,316	70,268,443 75,005,701		
110%	39,161,216 43,077,338	75,005,701 79,7 4 2,959		.889
120%	46,993,460	84,480,217		.368
	alvage value variatio	n ===		
Change Existin	PV Existing Salvage g plant salvage value	Life Cycle Cost s specified is 0.		lb steam
Variati	on of value is unnece	ssary. Analysis skipp	ea.	
=== New salvag	e value variation ===			
Change	PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost		
-15%	-1,076,295	76,081,997		.746
-10%	-717,530	75,723,232		
-5% 0%	-358,765	75,36 4,4 67 75,005,701		.522 .410
5%	0 358,765	74,646,936		.298
10%	717,530	74,288,171		186
15%	1,076,295	73,929,406		.074
=== Discount r	ate variation ===			
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam		
0.0%	114,883,502	35.857		
0.5%	108,752,158	33.943		
1.5%	98,046,923	30.602		

Table 46 (Couf's)

File: FGDC Desc: FORT GORDON	Type: New plant	luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP) / fly ash reinjection	Page 5 05/13/92
**********		*************	*****
Sensitivity And	*************	********	******
3.5%	81,476,003	25.430	
4.5%	75,005,701	23.410	
5.58	69,447,846	21.676	
6.5%	64,636,946	20.174	
7.5%	60,441,375	18.865	
8.5%	56,755,905	17.714	
9.5%	53,495,984	16.697	
10.5%	50,593,320	15.791	
11.5%	47,992,470	14.979	
12.0%	46,790,747	14.604	
=== Plant life var	riation ===	·	
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000lb steam	
10 yr	57,634,746	33.710	
11 yr	59,062,868	32.050	
12 yr	60,507,693	30.711	
13 yr	61,827,201	29.552	
14 yr	63,132,462	28.582	
15 yr	64,438,106	27.769	
16 yr	65,703,522	27.068	
17 yr	66,826,947	26.418	
18 yr	67,949,340	25.862	
19 yr	68,987,116	25.353	
20 yr	70,370,575	25.037	
21 yr	71,390,338	24.648	
22 yr	72,311,964	24.279	
23 yr	73,197,921	23.945	
24 yr	74,160,051	23.678	
25 yr	75,005,701	23.410	
,-	, ,		

Table 49

Picatinny Arsenal Heating Plant Information

Plant	Boiler	Fuel	Reserve	Year Installed	Capacity (lb/ar)	In use	Rating	Energy Use Heat/Cool/ Process/Losses/ Internal/Pwr Gen
506	1	#6 Oil	#2 Oil	1971	50000	Y	5	H/C
506	2	#6 Oil	#2 Oil	1958	160000	Y	5	H/C
506	3	#6 Oil	#2 Oil	1958	160000	Y	5	H/C
99	1	#6 Oil	#2 Oil	1987	10000	Y	10	Н
3013	1	#6 Oil	#2 Oil	1970	50000	Y	2	Н
				(Total)	430000	_		

Table 50

Picatiany Arsenal Energy Use Data

Fuel	Units	Btu/Unit	\$/Unit	1989 Use	1990 Use	S/MBta	MBta '90	MDts '95
Dist. oil	gal	138700	0.51	0675705	٥	3,48		11977
Res. oil	विष	149690	0.45	6299916	o c	3 5	-	777
Nat. gas	Total NAG use:			0	0) C	
Interr.	bact	0	0.00		ı)	•
Unintr.	kscf	0	000					
Building:		206						
Capacity (lb/hr):		410000						
SQ file:		PIC1						
Annual Costs		000068						
Labor		200000						
Utilities		100000						
Service		100000						
Supplies								
Average steam production, 1989 (lb/hr):	9 (lb/hr):							
October		71010						
November		80830						
December		108270						
Januar		120960						
February		124570						
March		116600						
April		95700						
May		62780						
June		Z 7610						
July*		22000						
August*		30000						
September*		20000						
Fuel energy, based on steam production, 1989 (MBtu)	oduction, 1989 (MBtu)							
October		63652.3						
November		70117.6						
December		97051.7						
January		108426.8						
February		100856.7						
March		104518.6						
* - petimated								

Pred	Unites	Btm/Unit	\$7Umb	1989 Use	1990 Use	S/MBtn	MBtu '90	Miller '89
Fuel energy, based on steam	Fuel cacrgy, besed on steam production, 1969 (MBtm) (cont'd):							
Aoril		83016.9						
May		56275.1						
June		23950.8						
July		22409.6						
August		26891.6						
September		43373.5						
Total (MBtu/yr)		800541.1					800541.1	
Percent of total		100.0						
Reserve fuel		#2						
Fuel use (MBtu/year):							Total	
Natural Gas		0.0					0	
Dist. Oil		36024.3					36024	
Res. Oil		764516.8					764517	
Total \$/yr:		4020762				ER		
S/MBm:								
Labor		1.11						
Utilities		0.62						
Service		0.12						
Supplies		0.12						
Fuel		3.03					Average	
Total S/MBtu		5.02					5.02	
Reported S/MBtu:		5.28						

Table 51a

Boller Evaluation Parts List-Picatinay Arsenal Bidg. 506

	Year					
Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification	1	Specification 2	Committee
A. Boßer (WT)	1971		S	MBtu/br		7000
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting			450	13612		3
2. Relief Valve(s)	1971	n	1.5	s		746
3. Feedwater Regulator(s)	1971	-	7	i . s		3 8
4. Boiler Burner(s)	1971	_	75	MBtn		
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1971	-	75	£		1 2
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1971	-	!	ŀ		
A. Boller (WT)	1958	2	180	MBm/hr		3
1. Boiler Pressure Parts and Setting	(1982-25 vr life)		430	ratio		3
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	6	en.			7
2. Relief Valve(s)	1988	-	2.5	i.s		3 2
2. Relief Valve(s)	1989	~	"	2 . i		
2. Relief Valve(s)	6861	. –	3,5	i .5		5 6
2 Bandwater Damilater(a)	1064	٠,	} `	i.		505
5. Fredward negulator(s)	4061	7	4	ij		P.
4. Boiler Burner(s)	1980	∞	8	MBtu		Cood
5. Boiler Fam(s) (FD)	1958	-	150	£		T. E.
_	1987	-	200	'윤		<u>}</u>
5. Boiler Fan(s) (FD)	1958		901	· L		
5. Boiler Pan(s) (ID)	1987	-	250	H.		į (Š
6. Boiler Air Heater	1975	7	200	MBta		E E
7. Boiler Drum Level Control	1986	·				

	Yer					
Equipment	<u>Installed</u>	Unite	Specification	_	Specification 2	Condition
B. Predwater System						
8. Descrating Heater	1983	-	330000	15∕fir		Good
8. Deserating Heater	1988	-	350000	Ib∕hr		Good
12. Condensate Pumps	1980	4	8	£		Cood
12. Condensate Pumps	1661	-	8	.		Cood
13. Condensate Receiver	1980	-	8600	G		Cood
13. Condemate Receiver	1980	_	007	T		F
13. Condensate Receiver	1980		<u>8</u> 2	75		F
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1990		150	£		Cood
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1986		131	윺		Good
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1861	7	श्च	£		Feir
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1986	-	150	全		Fair
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1965	-	9 2	£		First
14. Boiler Feed Pumps	1986	-	8	£		Good
15. Make-up Pumpe	1986	m	S	£		Fi
15. Make-up Pumps	1986		\$	웊		Pari
15. Make-up Pumps	1990	_	S	£		Good
19. Feedwater Piping System (valve)	1661	2	4	diam (in.)	150 peig	Good
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1661	-	8	샾		T.
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1991	7	R	솦		Pei
20. Cooling Water Pumps	1991	_	x	£		Te.
20. Cooling Water Pumps	Unknown	7	150	웊	(not in use)	T.
_	Unknown	7	220	슢	(not in use)	F
20. Cooling Water Pumps	Unknown	1	25	Нр	(not in use)	Feir
C. Fuel Handling System						
2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1970	7	40000	3		Cood
2. Fuel Oil Tank - Above ground	1980	7	800000	3		Good
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1985	-			15 Hp	Good
4. Fuel Oil Pump	1970	7		udi		Pair
5. Fuel Oil Heater	1970	€	ଛ			Fair
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	1970	S	4	_		Pari
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (BLW)	1970	8	•	diam (in.)		T.
6. Fuel Oil Piping System (ABV)	1970	8	9	diam (in.)		Ta.
7. Natural Gas Piping (ABV)	1980		80	diam (in.)		Good Cood
7. Natural Gas Piping (BLW)	1990		8	diam (in.)		Good
D. Heat Recovery System						
1. Blowdown Flash Tank	1986	-	3.5	diam (ft)	5 beight (ft)	Good
1. Blowdown Flash Tank	1986	-	9	diam (ft)	8 height (ft)	
	1977	-	18	web		Pari
2. Blowdown Heat Exchanger	1988		18	u.d.		Oood

	Year						
Equipment	Installed	Units	Specification		Specification	2	Condition
E. Air Pollution Control Systems and							
Emissions Monitoring							
4. Breeching	1974	-	16	# 5			Cood
4. Breeching	1955	7	%	# 5			Sood
5. Stack	1974		4	diam (ft)	33	height (ft)	Good
5. Stack	1980	7	9	diam (ft)	8	height (ft)	Good
6. Opacity Monitor	1970	8					Fæir
F. Combustion Controls							
-	1985						Good
2. Boiler Master	0761						Fair
2. Boiler Master	1985	7					Good
3. Flame Safeguard System	0261						Fair
3. Flame Safeguard System	1980						Good
4. Furnace Draft Control (DAMPACT)	1954	7					Fig.
5. Additional Boiler	1991	€		FLOWMETER, MPREC			Fei
Instrumentation/Indicators	1985	7		PSIG CONTROL/SENSOR			Fair
G. Chemical Feed System							
1. Chemical Storage Tanks and Pumps	1661	s.	200	lag	0.333	Нр	Good
H. Make-up Water System							
5. Pressure Filter	1973	en	300	u di			Peir
9. Sodium Zeolite Softener	1973	e	200	gpm			Good
I. Condensate Polishing							
J. Compressed Air System							
1. Air Compressor (RECIP)	1988	7	750	SCFM			F
1. Air Compressor (ROT SCRW)	1980		250				Feir
 Air Compressor (RECIP) 	1983	-	જ	SCFM			
2. Air Drya (REFR)	1986	-	S				5
3. Air Receiver	1661	-	99				S
3. Air Receiver	1981	-	9				Fair
3. Air Receiver	1971	1	400	lag			Pair
K. Electrical System		,					•
1. Transformer	1990	-	1500				8
1. Transformer	1970	-	750				F
1. Transformer	1970	m	150	KVA			Pari
2. Switchgear Main Circuit Breaker	1954	1	2000	amps			Poor
3. Motor Control Center/Starter	1954	6	9	sdure			Poor
3. Motor Control Center/Starter	1954	m	1000	aduse			Poor
				•			

Equipment . Ploutest Plant	Year	Units	Specification	1 Specification 2	Condition
Building Siding, Roofing, Windows, and Doors Building Concrete and Building Steel Building Lighting	1954 1954 1954				T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T. T

Table 51b

Status Quo Life Cycle Cost Analysis for Picatiany Arsenal Building 506

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

LCCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-19-92 13:13:31

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992

BUILDING 506

INSTALLATION & LOCATION: PICATINNY ARSENAL

NEW JERSEY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

CRITERIA REFERENCE: Tri-Service MOA for Econ Anal/LCC (Energy)

DISCOUNT RATE: 4.6%

KEY PROJECT-CALENDAR INFORMATION

DATE OF STUDY (DOS)	MAY 92
MIDPOINT OF CONSTRUCTION (MPC)	JUN 92
BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE (BOD)	JAN 93
ANALYSIS END DATE (AED)	JAN 18

*======================================	2=========		
1	1	EQUIVALENT	l l
COST / BENEFIT	COST	UNIFORM	TIME(S)
1	1	DIFFERENTIAL	
DESCRIPTION	IN DOS S	ESCALATION	COST INCURRED
	i	RATE	
į	i (S X 10**0)	(% PER YEAR)	i i
	========	=============	
INVESTMENT COSTS	.0	.00	JUN 92 I
DISTILLATE OIL	132568.3	1.50	JUL93-JUL17
RESIDUAL OIL	2301196.0	2.01	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT LABOR	1 890000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SERV	100000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT SUPPLY	1 100000.0	1 .00	JUL93-JUL17
MAINT UTIL	500000.0	.00	JUL93-JUL17
BREECH	1900.0	.00	JAN 14
BREECH	3800.0	.00	JAN 95
OPACMONITOR	75000.0	.00	JAN 00 I
STACK	1 18000.0	.00	JAN 14
AIRHEAT	1 200000.0	1 .00	JAN 95
DRUMCTL	5000.0	.00	JAN 96
DRUMCTL	1 10000.0	.00	JAN 06
FW_REG	900.0	.00	JAN 11
FW_REG	1 2200.0	١ .00	JAN 94
F_FAN	25000.0	.00	JAN 11
F_FAN	30000.0	ı .00	JAN 98
F_FAN	40000.0	.00	JAN 98
RELVALVE	1 5400.0	.00	Jan 96
RELVALVE	2250.0	.00	Jan 08
RELVALVE	2250.0	٠٥٥. ١	JAN 09
RELVALVE	7950.0	.00	JAN 08 I
RELVALVE	7950.0	ı .00	JAN 09
WTBOILER	975000.0	.00	JAN 11
WTBOILER	4379754.0	.00	JAN 07
WTBURNER	1 100000.0	.00	JAN 11
PUMPSIMPLEX	1 15000.0	1 .00	JAN 11
Tanksteel	2500.0	1 .00	JAN 11
BOILMASTER	5000.0	.00	JAN 00

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992

INSTALLATION & LOCATION: PICATINNY ARSENAL

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

1 -0711/10/00/00	10000.0 I	.00	JAN 15
BOILMASTER		.00 i	JAN 99
DARFACI	10000.0	.00 i	JAN 00 1
FLAMESAFE	TT::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::::	.00 i	JAN 10
FURNISHED		.00 i	JAN 15
L LIVITANO I PIL	5000.0 1	.00	JAN 15
PSIGCTRL	2000.0 1	.00 i	JAN 15
PSIGSENSOR	2000.0 1	.00 i	JAN 03
AIRCOMPRECIP	42000.0 I	.00 i	JAN 00 I
AIRCOMPRECIP	192000.0	.00	JAN 08
AIRCOMPRECIP		.00 i	JAN 01 1
AIRDRYERREFR		.00	JAN 01
AIRRECV		.00	JAN 11
AIRRECV	2500.0	.00	JAN 94 I
MOTORCTRL	8700.0	.00	JAN 94
MOTORCTRL	16200.0		JAN 94
SWITCH	25000.0	.00	JAN 10
TRANSFORMER	57000.0	.00	
TRANSFORMER	28500.0	.00	JAN 10
CONDPUMP	18000.0	.00 1	JAN 00
CONDPUMP	4500.0	.00	JAN 11
CONDREC	l 8000.0 l	.00	JAN 10
CONDREC	9000.0	.00	JAN 10
CONDREC	56000.0	.00	JAN 10
COOLPUMP	7000.0	.00	JAN 11
COOLPUMP	7600.0	.00	JAN 11
COOLPUMP	7600.0 i	.00	JAN 11
COOLPUMP	16400.0	.00	JAN 11
COOLPUMP	J 22800.0 I	.00	JAN 11
COOLPUMP	22800.0 I	.00	JAN 11
FEEDPUMP	30820.0 1	.00	JAN 16 1
FEEDPUMP	35000.0 1	.00	JAN 16
FEEDPUMP	74000.0 1	.00	JAN 11
FEEDPUMP	37000.0 1	.00	JAN 95
FEEDPUMP	37000.0 1	.00	JAN 16
FWPIPINGVAL	11000.0	.00	JAN 11
MUPUMP	9933.0 1	.00) JAN 06 1
MUPUMP	34200.0	.00	JAN 06
I MUPUMP	11400.0 I	.00	JAN 10
: TILE LTIL	15000.0	.00	JAN 00 I
HEATER NAGPIPEBELOW	54.0 1	.00	JAN 15
	2450.0	.00	JAN 95
OILPIPEBELOW	4300.0	.00	JAN 95
· · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · · ·	5000.0 i	.00	JAN 10
1 PUMP	10000.0	.00	JAN 95 I
PUMP	360000.0	.00	JAN 10
TANKABOVE	1550.0		JAN 11
FLASHTANK	2000.0	.00	JAN 11
FLASHTANK	1520.0	.00	JAN 07
HEATEXCH	1520.0	.00	JAN 18
HEATEXCH	1 1020.0 1	, • •	•

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

STUDY: TDPIC1

LCCID 1.065

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992

INSTALLATION & LOCATION: PICATINNY ARSENAL

NEW JERSEY

DATE/TIME: 05-19-92 13:13:31 FY 1992 BUILDING 506

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

BASIC INPUT DATA SUMMARY

ı	FILTERPRESS	1	69000.0 I	.00	ł	JAN 93	1
-1	SZSOFT	1	474999.0	.00	1	JAN 93	ı
=		====	==========		======		==

OTHER KEY INPUT DATA

LOCATION - NEW JERSEY CENSUS REGION: 1 RATES FOR INDUSTRIAL SECTOR. TABLES FROM OCT 91

ENERGY USAGE: 10**6 BTUS ELECTRIC DEMAND: 10**0 DOLLARS ENERGY TYPE \$/MBTU AMOUNT ELECT. DEMAND PROJECTED DATES 36024.0 DIST 3.68 JAN93-JAN18 RESID 3.01 764517.0 JAN93-JAN18

LIFE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

LOCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-19-92 13:13:31

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992

BUILDING 506

INSTALLATION & LOCATION: PICATINNY ARSENAL

NEW JERSEY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

LIFE CYCLE COST TOTALS*

INITIAL INVESTMENT COSTS 0.

ENERGY COSTS:

DISTILLATE OIL 2264606.
RESIDUAL OIL 41904900.

TOTAL ENERGY COSTS 44169500.

RECURRING M&R/CUSTODIAL COSTS 23161800.

MAJOR REPAIR/REPLACEMENT COSTS 4270156.

OTHER OWN COSTS & MONETARY BENEFITS 0.

DISPOSAL COSTS/RETENTION VALUE 0.

LCC OF ALL COSTS/BENEFITS (NET PW) 71601460.

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

LIPE CYCLE COST ANALYSIS

LOCID 1.065

DATE/TIME: 05-19-92 13:13:31

PROJECT NO., FY, & TITLE: FY 1992

BUILDING 506

INSTALLATION & LOCATION: PICATINNY ARSENAL

NEW JERSEY

DESIGN FEATURE:

ALT. ID. A; TITLE: STATUS QUO

NAME OF DESIGNER:

YEAR-BY-YEAR BREAKDOWN OF LIFE CYCLE COSTS*

DOLLARS IN 10**0

BENEFICIAL OCCUPANCY DATE: JAN93 ANNUAL PAYMENTS OCCUR: JUL93 THROUGH JUL17

=====			:=======	=======
PAY		RESID M & R		
=== :	======	======================================	=======	======
1 11	126772.	12257201.11508725.1	527931.	0.1
1 21	121289.	12200865.11442376.1	48338.	0.1
1 31	115696.	12136345.11378945.1	228443.	0.1
1 41	110589.	12047090.11318303.1	8819.	0.1
1 51	105823.	11952730.11260328.1	0.1	0.1
1 61	101769.	11874440.11204902.1	54252.	0.1
1 71	99260.	11830506. 1151914.	1482.	0.1
1 8	97411.	1800943. 1101256.	116880.	0.1
1 91	95858.	11776390.11052826.1	9413.	0.1
1 101	94709.	11759094.11006526.1	0.1	0.1
1 111	93560.	11741913.1 962262.1	12379.	0.1
1 121	92296.	11720989. 919945.	0.1	0.1
1 131	90979.	11699294.1 879488.1	0.	0.1
1 141	89244.	1668088. 840811.	29277.	0.1
1 151	87202.	11629172. 803834.	2265352.	0.1
1 161	84796.	11581665. 768484.	99950.	0.1
1 171	82182.	11529001.1 734688.1	4820.	0.1
18	79323.	11475372.1 702379.1	250700.	0.1
1 191	76826.	11429119. 671490.	560704.	0.1
1 201	74827.	1391932. 641960.	0.	0.1
1 211		1357166. 613729.		
1 221	70963.	11320071. 586739.	7510.	0.1
		11282734.1 560936.1		
241	66723.	11241193. 536267.	35467.	0.1
1 251	64594.	11201591. 512684.	0.1	0.1
=== :	======	======= ============		
1***1	2264606.	<pre> ******** *************************</pre>	4270156.	0.1

^{*}NET PW EQUIVALENTS ON MAY92; IN 10**0 DOLLARS; IN CONSTANT MAY92 DOLLARS *ENERGY ESCALATION RATES FROM NIST HANDBOOK 135 SUPPLEMENT DATED OCT 91

Table 52

CHPECON Run Results for Picatinny Arneual Bidg. 506

Technology	Boller	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	KSINV.	KSFUEL	KSLCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
GAS	124/124/124	9.340	11.167	11539	123089	145468	100
#2 OIL	124/124/124	10.513	12.570	11539	141366	163744	113
#6 OIL	124/124/124	8.052	9.627	11539	103024	125403	86
STOKER	84/144/144/144	11.206	13.397	81979	50484	174524	120
CWS	72/144/184/184	10.841	12.961	72567	71 <i>777</i>	176779	122
COM	88/151/151/151	10.581	12.650	51153	93558	172536	119
FBC	67/134/171/171	12.342	14.756	80809	69238	192226	132
				KSINV	K\$COAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVINGS
Retrofit				- 1			
STOKER	45/144/144			5044	48230	-118672	-65397
CWS	37/120/120			4378	67203	-152423	-80841
M-COAL	37/120/120			6660	47303	-116390	-62426

FILE PREFIX: PAR1

PMCR: 370 L

AVE MON. LOAD: 123 M

CHP #1 2@ 160 L FUEL = FS6 AGE = 1952/1954

1@ 50 L FUEL = FS6 AGE = 1971

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 53

CHPECON Run Results for Picatinay Arsenal Bidg. 3013

Technology	Boiler	\$/MBTU	\$/K#STM	K\$INV.	KSFUEL	K\$LCC	LCC/R
New Plant							
GAS	17/17/17	13.255	15.848	4406	17727	29347	100
#2 OIL	17/17/17	14.423	17.244	4406	20313	31932	109
#6 O[].	17/17/17	11.964	14.304	4406	14868	26488	90
STOKER	12/20/20/20	30.417	36.367	37350	8439	67342	229
CWS	10/20/25/25	23.729	28.371	25050	10969	54900	187
COM	12/21/21/21	23.550	28.156	22199	14234	54484	186
FBC	9/18/23/23	28.423	33.982	34038	7617	62927	214
				KSINV	KSCOAL	K\$ HVY OIL	SAVINGS

Retrofit

STOKER CWS M-COAL

FILE PREFIX: PAR2

PMCR: 50 L AVE MON. LOAD: 17 M

CHP #2 1@ 50 L FUEL = FS6 AGE = 1970

L=(K# STEAM/HR)
M=(MBTU/HR)

Table 54

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a Gas#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitiv ty Analysis Page 1 Type: New plant (NP) File: FPIC 05/13/92 Desc: PICATINNY ARSENAL Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler Base and Plant Information State: NJ - New Jersey Base DOE Region: 1 PMCR: 250,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 3 Height of the plant: 40 ft Building area: 9000 sq ft Plant area: 1.97 acres ******************* Facility Parameters ******* Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.045 (4771.57/1991) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.106 (947.10/1991) Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.061 (4386.55/1991) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.030 (272.70/1991) Annual electricity usage: 1,635,533 kW-hr 1991 cost for distillate: 0.662 \$/gallon 1991 cost for residual: 0.445 \$/gallon 1991 cost for natural gas: 4.150 \$/million Btu 1991 cost for electricity: 0.044 \$/kW-hr Annual Facility Output: 852,120 thousand 1b steam Annual Natural Gas Usage: 1,046 10^6 SCF Heating plant efficiency: 83.2% natural gas Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: 1995 - 2019 Facility Capital Costs

Equipment		Cost	Equipment		Cost
Boiler:	\$	1,673,069	Stack:	\$	32,911
Building/service:	\$	1,377,326	Water trtmnt:	Ś	909,326
Feedwtr pmps:	\$	31,154	Cond xfr pmps:	Ś	32,200
Cond strg tnk:	\$	8,362	Oil (long) storage:	Ś	340,749
Oil day strg pmp:	\$	5,015	Oil heaters:	Ś	8,880
Oil day strg tanks:	\$	22,120	Oil unload pumps:	\$	13,791
Oil xfr pmps:	\$	6,425	Fire protection:	Ė	52,241
Cont bldn tnk:	\$	1,175	Intr bldn tnk:	Ś	1,175
Compressor:	\$	24,453	Car puller:	Ś	20,896
Rail:	Ś	22,202	Site preparation:	Ś	5,145
Site improvements:	Ś	235,085	Mobile equipment:	Š	40,748
Elec substation:	Ś	71,237	Electrical:	Š	197,854
Piping:	Ś	1,121,176	Instrumentation:	Ś	414,552
Direct costs:	\$	2,458,250		•	555,555

Central Heating Plant File: FPIC Tyr Desc: PICATINNY ARSEN Tech: Gas / Oil Fired	pe: New plant AL		Sensitiv	ity A	nalysis	Page 2 05/13/92
Facility Capital Co		******	******	****	******	******
Plant installed cost:	\$ 10,62	22,206				
******	******	******	******	****	******	*****
Facility Annual 0 8	M and Energy	Costs ******	******	****	*****	*****
Operating staff: 11 Annual Labor Costs: \$ Annual Year Non-Labor 1995 Natural gas costs 1995 Auxiliary Energy	O & M Costs :	\$ 714 ,747 \$ 72	,017 ,323			
******	******	*****	******	****	******	*****
Periodic Major Mair	tenance Cost S	Summary	******	****	******	*****
Time Interval	Cost	Time Int	erval		Cost	
3 years \$ 10 years \$ 18 years \$	30,000	5 years		\$	6,545	
10 years \$	380,276	15 years		\$	112,846	
18 years \$	12,880	20 years		\$	14,981	
Facility Life Cycle	Cost Summary	*****	******	****	*****	*****
Analysis using natural		ry fuel				
+ PV 'Adjusted' Invest					9,308,20	
+ PV Energy + Transpor + PV Annually Recurring					100,259,21 9,261,15	
+ PV Non-Annually Recu	g own coses Fring Repair (Replacem	ent	= \$	551,42	3
+ PV Disposal Cost of	Existing Syste	ew		= \$		0
+ PV Disposal Cost of	New/Retrofit 1	Facility		= \$	·	0
Total Life Cycle Cost	(1991)				119,379,99	3
Levelized Cost of Serv Levelized Cost of Serv			= 9. = 11	4237 .266	\$/ MMB tu \$/1000 lb	steam
********			*****	****	*****	****
Sensitivity Analysi	is	*****	******	****	*****	*****
=== Primary fuel init	ial cost varia	tion ===				
Change PV 50% 60%	Primary Fuel 49,617,335 59,540,803	Life	Cycle Co 69,762,6 79,686,1	57		b steam 584 520

Central Heating File: FPIC Desc: PICATINNY Tech: Gas / Oil		on Sensitivity	Analysis	Page 3 05/13/92
*****	******	******	*******	*****
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	*******	******	*****
80%	79,387,737	99,533,059	9.3	93
90%	89,311,204	109,456,526	10.3	
100%	99,234,671	119,379,993	11.2	
110%	109, 158, 138	129,303,460	12.2	
120%	119,081,606	139,226,928	13.1	
130%	129,005,073	149,150,395	14.0	
140% 150%	138,928,540 148,852,007	159,073,862 168,997,329	15.0 15.9	
	l escalation rate variati		13.3	• >
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b	steam
-38	70,124,292	90,269,614	8.5	
-28	78,428,555	98,573,877	9.3	
-1 % 0 %	88,053,064 99,234,671	108,198,386 119,379,993	10.2 11.2	
18 .	112,254,463	132,399,785	12.4	
28	127,446,043	147,591,365	13.9	
3%	145,205,331	165,350,653	15.6	
48	166,002,156	186,147,478	17.5	
. 5%	190,393,953	210,539,275	19.8	70
6%	219,041,942	239,187,264	22.5	74
=== Auxiliary e	nergy cost variation ===			
Change 1	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b	steam
80\$	819,634	119,175,085	11.2	_
90%	922,088	119,277,539	11.2	
100%	1,024,542	119,379,993	11.2	
110%	1,126,997	119,482,448	11.2	
120%	1,229,451	119,584,902	11.2	86
=== 0&M labor co	ost variation ===			
Change	PV O&M Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b	steam
80%	4,820,558	118,174,853	11.1	
90%	5,423,128	118,777,423	11.2	
100%	6,025,698	119,379,993	11.2	
110%	6,628,268	119,982,563	11.3	
120%	7,230,838	120,585,133	11.3	80
=== 0&M non-labo	or cost variation ===			
Change	PV 0&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b	steam
80%	2,588,362	118,732,903	11.2	
90%	2,911,908	119,056,448	11.2	
100%	3,235,453	119,379,993	11.2	
110%	3,558,999	119,703,539	11.2	97

Central Heating File: FPIC Desc: PICATINN Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant Y ARSENAL	luation Sensitivity (NP)	Analysis Page 4 05/13/92
*****	*******	*****	******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	******	******
=== Repair/rep	lace cost variation =	=	
Change	PV Repair/Replace		LCS,\$/1000lb steam
80%	441,138	119,269,709	11.256
90%	496,281	119,324,851	11.261
100%	551,423	119,379,993	
110%	606,565	119,435,136	11.272
120%	661,708	119,490,278	11.277
=== Initial co	st variation ===		
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/1000lb steam
80\$	7,446,562	117,304,377	11.071
90%	8,377,382	118,342,185	11.169
100%	9,308,203	119,379,993	
110%	10,239,023	120,417,801	
120%	11,169,843	121,455,609	11.462
Existing Variation	PV Existing Salvage g plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	LCS,\$/1000lb steam
Existing Variation	g plant salvage value on of value is unnece	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	
Existing Variation === New salvage	y plant salvage value on of value is unnece walue variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.
Existing Variation === New salvage Change	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945	ed. LCS,\$/10001b steam
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15%	y plant salvage value on of value is unnece e value variation === PV New Salvage	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282
Existing Variation === New salvage Change -15% -10% -5%	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274
Existing Variation New salvage	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266
Existing Variation	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259
Existing Variation New salvage	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266
Existing Variation	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 168,634 252,951	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation	plant salvage value on of value is unnece value variation === PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation ===	s specified is 0. ssary. Analysis skipp Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 168,634 252,951	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/10001b steam 22.124 20.383	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/10001b steam 22.124 20.383 17.394	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation Variati	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621 158,389,335	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/10001b steam 22.124 20.383 17.394 14.948	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation Variati	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621 158,389,335 137,052,184	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/10001b steam 22.124 20.383 17.394 14.948 12.934	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation Variati	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621 158,389,335 137,052,184 119,379,993	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/10001b steam 22.124 20.383 17.394 14.948 12.934 11.266	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation Variati	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621 158,389,335 137,052,184 119,379,993 104,656,217	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 22.124 20.383 17.394 14.948 12.934 11.266 9.877	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation Variati	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621 158,389,335 137,052,184 119,379,993 104,656,217 92,316,614	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/10001b steam 22.124 20.383 17.394 14.948 12.934 11.266 9.877 8.712	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251
Existing Variation Variati	PV New Salvage -252,951 -168,634 -84,317 168,634 252,951 ate variation === Life Cycle Cost 234,418,532 215,972,753 184,305,621 158,389,335 137,052,184 119,379,993 104,656,217	Life Cycle Cost 119,632,945 119,548,628 119,464,310 119,379,993 119,295,676 119,211,359 119,127,042 LCS,\$/1000lb steam 22.124 20.383 17.394 14.948 12.934 11.266 9.877	LCS, \$/1000lb steam 11.290 11.282 11.274 11.266 11.259 11.251

Central Heating File: FPIC Desc: PICATINNY Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant ARSENAL	luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP)	Page 5 05/13/92
******	*****	*********	******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont		
*******	*******	**********	*******
10.5%	59,131,292	5.580	
11.5%	53,575,019	5.056	
12.0%	51,083,109	4.821	
	32,333,233		
=== Plant life	variation ===		
		100 A /10003b	
Change		LCS, \$/1000lb steam	
10 yr	59,198,507	10.470 10.474	
11 yr	63,835,860 68, 4 50,718	10.505	
12 yr 13 yr	73,032,368	10.555	
13 yr 14 yr	77,540,729	10.535	
15 yr	82,034,653	10.689	
16 yr	86,333,369	10.754	
17 yr	90,490,070	10.817	
18 yr	94,534,274	10.879	
19 yr	98,435,401	10.938	
20 yr	102,359,849	11.012	
21 yr	106,014,940	11.068	
22 yr	109,530,323	11.120	
23 yr	112,927,419	11.170	
24 yr	116,212,708	11.219	
25 yr	119,379,993	11.266	

Table 55

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis Page 1 File: FPIC6 Type: New plant (NP) 05/13/92 Desc: PICATINNY ARSENAL Tech: Gas / Oil Fired Boiler **************** Base and Plant Information ****** State: NJ - New Jersey Base DOE Region: 1 PMCR: 250,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 3 Height of the plant: 40 ft Building area: 9000 sq ft Plant area: 1.97 acres ************* Facility Parameters ******* Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.045 (4771.57/1991) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.106 (947.10/1991) Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.061 (4386.55/1991) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.030 (272.70/1991) Annual electricity usage: 1,635,533 kW-hr 1991 cost for distillate: 0.662 \$/gallon 1991 cost for residual: 0.445 \$/gallon 1991 cost for natural gas: 4.150 \$/million Btu 1991 cost for electricity: 0.044 \$/kW-hr Annual Facility Output: 852,120 thousand 1b steam Annual #6 Fuel Oil Usage: 7,463 10^3 gal Heating plant efficiency: 87.8% #6 fuel oil Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: 1995 - 2019 *********** Facility Capital Costs ***********

Equipment	Cost	Equipment	Cost
Boiler:	\$ 1,673,069	Stack:	\$ 32,911
Building/service:	\$ 1,377,326	Water trtmnt:	\$ 909,326
Feedwtr pmps:	\$ 31,154	Cond xfr pmps:	\$ 32,200
Cond strg tnk:	\$ 8,362	Oil (long) storage:	\$ 340,749
Oil day strg pmp:	\$ 5,015	Oil heaters:	\$ 8,880
Oil day strg tanks:	\$ 22,120	Oil unload pumps:	\$ 13,791
Oil xfr pmps:	\$ 6,425	Fire protection:	\$ 52,241
Cont bldn tnk:	\$ 1,175	Intr bldn tnk:	\$ 1,175
Compressor:	\$ 24,453	Car puller:	\$ 20,896
Rail:	\$ 22,202	Site preparation:	\$ 5,145
Site improvements:	\$ 235,085	Mobile equipment:	\$ 40,748
Elec substation:	\$ 71,237	Electrical:	\$ 197,854
Piping:	\$ 1,121,176	Instrumentation:	\$ 414,552
Direct costs:	\$ 2,458,250		

Central Heating Plan File: FPIC6 C Desc: PICATINNY ARSI Tech: Gas / Oil Fire	Type: New plant ENAL		Sensitivity	Analysis	Page 2 05/13/92
*****	*****	****	******	******	******
Facility Capital	Costs, cont	*****	******	******	*****
Plant installed cost	:: \$ 10,	622,206			
	*****		*****	*****	*****
Facility Annual () & M and Energ	y Costs	******	******	*****
Operating staff: 11 Annual Labor Costs: Annual Year Non-Labo 1995 #6 fuel oil cos 1995 Auxiliary Energ	or O & M Costs	: \$ 714, 3,856 : \$ 72.	017 323		
Tana were trans mier?	M coaca		323		
Daniadia Wajan M	·*********	********	******	******	******
Periodic Major Ma	lintenance Cost	********	******	*****	*****
Time Interval	Cost	Time Inte	erval	Cost	
3 years \$ 10 years \$ 18 years \$	30,000	5 vears	\$	6,545	
10 years \$	380,276	15 years	\$	112,846	
18 years \$	12,880	20 years	\$	14,981	
*******	******	****	*****	*****	*****
Facility Life Cyc		Y *****	*****	*****	*****
Analysis using #6 fu	uel oil as prim	arv fuel			
+ PV 'Adjusted' Inve		ar, ruor	=	\$ 9,308,203	3
+ PV Energy + Transp	portation Costs			\$ 83,903,370	
+ PV Annually Recurr				\$ 9,261,153	
+ PV Non-Annually Re	scurring Repair	& Replaceme	ent =	\$ 551,423	3)
+ PV Disposal Cost of + PV Disposal Cost of			=	?	,)
Total Life Cycle Cos				\$ 103,024,15	5
* 1 i 4			. 0 130	E & //0/77*	
Levelized Cost of Se Levelized Cost of Se	ervice (1995 st ervice (1995 st	art)	= 9.723	5 \$/MMBtu 3 \$/1000 lb :	steam
******	*****	*****	******	*****	*****
Sensitivity Analy	/sis ********	*****	******	*****	*****
=== Primary fuel in	itial cost vari	ation ===			
Change I	PV Primary Fuel	Life	Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/100011	steam
50%	41,439,417		61,584,739	5.8	312
60%	49,727,300		69,872,622	6.9	594

Central Heating File: FPIC6 Desc: PICATINN Tech: Gas / Oil		ion Sensitivity	Analysis Pag 05/13	
******	******	******	******	* *
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont		******	
*****		*****	*******	* *
80%	66,303,067	86,448,389	8.158	
90%	74,590,950	94,736,272	8.941	
100%	82,878,834	103,024,156	9.723	
110\$	91,166,717	111,312,039	10.505	
120% 130%	99,454,600 107,742,484	119,599,922	11.287	
140%	116,030,367	127,887,806 136,175,689	12.069 12.852	
150%	124,318,251	144,463,573	13.634	
=== Primary fue	el escalation rate variat	ion ===		
Change	PV Primary Fuel	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
-3%	58,798,827	78,944,149	7.450	
-28	65,677,509	85,822,831	8.099	
-1%	73,639,648	93,784,970	8.851	
0%	82,878,834	103,024,156	9.723	
18 28	93,62 4 ,768 106,150,028	113,770,090 126,295,350	10.737 11.919	
3%	120,778,068	140,923,390	13.300	
48	137,892,685	158,038,007	14.915	
5%	157,949,203	178,094,525	16.808	
6%	181,487,690	201,633,012	19.029	
=== Auxiliary	energy cost variation ===			
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
808	819,634	102,819,247	9.703	
90%	922,088	102,921,701	9.713	
100%	1,024,542	103,024,156	9.723	
110%	1,126,997	103,126,610	9.732	
120%	1,229,451	103,229,064	9.742	
=== O&M labor	cost variation ===			
Change	PV O&M Labor		LCS, \$/10001b steam	
80%	4,820,558	101,819,016		
90%	5,423,128	102,421,586	9.666	
100%	6,025,698	103,024,156	9.723	
110 % 120 %	6,628,268 7,230,838	103,626,726 104,229,295	9.780 9.837	
	oor cost variation ===	104,229,293	3.037	
Change	PV O&M Non-Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/1000lb steam	
80%	2,588,362	102,377,065	9.662	
90% 100%	2,911,908 3,235, 4 53	102,700,610 103,02 4, 156	9.692 9.723	
110%	3,558,999	103,347,701	9.753	
	-,,		2,,,,,	

Central Heating File: FPIC6 Desc: PICATINNY Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant ARSENAL	luation Sensitivity (NP)	Analysis	Page 4 05/13/92
******	*******	******	*****	******
Sensitivity i	Analysis, cont	*******		
*****	******	*****	*****	*****
=== Repair/repla	ace cost variation =	==		
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/100	01b steam
808	441,138	102,913,871		9.712
90%	496,281	102,969,013		9.718
100%	551,423	103,024,156		9.723
110%	606,565	103,079,298		9.728
120%	661,708	103,134,440		9.733
=== Initial cost	t variation ===			
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/100	01b steam
808	7,446,562	100,948,540		9.527
90%	8,377,382	101,986,348		9.625
100%	9,308,203	103,024,156		9.723
110%	10,239,023	104,061,964		9.821
120%	11,169,843	105,099,771		9.919
Existing Variation	plant salvage value	ssary. Analysis skipp		01b steam
Change	PV New Salvage	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/100	Olb steam
-15%				
-10%	-252,951	103,277,107		9.747
	-252,951 -168,63 4	103,277,107 103,192,790		
-5%	-252,951 -168,634 -84,317			9.747
0%	-168,634 -84,317 0	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156		9.747 9.739
0% 5%	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715
0% 5% 10%	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5%	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715
0% 5% 10% 15%	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ce variation ===	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 ce variation ===	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409 14.894		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232 135,970,824	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232 135,970,824 117,962,622	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409 14.894 12.832 11.133		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat Change 0.0% 0.5% 1.5% 2.5% 3.5% 4.5%	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232 135,970,824 117,962,622 103,024,156	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409 14.894 12.832 11.133 9.723		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232 135,970,824 117,962,622 103,024,156 90,557,498	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409 14.894 12.832 11.133 9.723 8.546		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232 135,970,824 117,962,622 103,024,156 90,557,498 80,091,571	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409 14.894 12.832 11.133 9.723 8.546 7.558		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707
0% 5% 10% 15% === Discount rat	-168,634 -84,317 0 84,317 168,634 252,951 te variation === Life Cycle Cost 199,968,565 184,460,696 157,811,232 135,970,824 117,962,622 103,024,156 90,557,498	103,192,790 103,108,473 103,024,156 102,939,838 102,855,521 102,771,204 LCS,\$/10001b steam 18.872 17.409 14.894 12.832 11.133 9.723 8.546		9.747 9.739 9.731 9.723 9.715 9.707

Central Heating File: FPIC6 Desc: PICATINNY Tech: Gas / Oil	Type: New plant ARSENAL	luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP)	Page 5 05/13/92
******	*******	*******	*******
Sensitivity 2	Analysis, cont		
****	*****	**********	*****
10.5%	51,826,583	4.891	
11.5%	47,069,696	4.442	
12.0%	44,933,127	4.240	
	22,000,22		
=== Plant life	variation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
10 yr	52,846,076	9.346	
11 yr	56,862,494	9.330	
12 yr	60,808,168	9.332	
13 yr	64,644,285	9.343	
14 yr	68,375,409	9.360	
15 yr	72,075,701	9.392	
16 yr	75,611,504	9.419	
17 yr	79,035,784	9.447	
18 yr	82,376,400	9.480	
19 yr	85,601,633	9.512	
20 yr	88,876,815	9.561	
21 yr	91,909,008	9.595	
22 yr	94,826,807	9.627	
23 yr	97,650,242	9.659	
24 yr	100,385,181	9.691	
25 yr	103,024,156	9.723	

Table 56

Cost Sensitivity Analysis for a Cosl-Fired Stoker Plant

Central Heating Plant File: FPICC Type Desc: PICATINNY ARSENAL	e: New plant (NP)		Analysis	Page 1 05/13/92
Tech: Dump Grate Spread		ly ash reinjection		
Base and Plant Info	rmation	******		
State: NJ - New Jersey PMCR: 250,000 lb/hr ste		DOE Region: 1 of boilers: 4		
Coal code: W190581 State: PA - Pennsylvani Coal type: bituminous hhv: 11970 Btu/lb ash: 9.40% su	.(pro fixed carbon:	Distance from base: DOE Region: 1 Deperties on a dry base: 54.50% volatile	sis)	es.
Coal handling equipment Coal silo storage capac Approx. building width: Approx. building length Height of the plant: 76 Building area: 15125 so Plant area: 2.02 acres	city: 1015 tons : 72 feet n: 211 feet 5 ft	cons/hr		
*******	******	******	*****	******
Facility Parameters	*******	******	*****	*****
Capital Equipment Escal Non-Labor Operation & M Operation & Maintenance Construction Labor Esca	Maintenance Escal Labor Escalation	ation Factor: 1.106 on Factor: 1.061 (43	86.55/1991)	
Annual diesel/distillat Annual electricity usag Annual lime usage: 3,35	je: 5,531,268 kW-			
1991 cost for coal: 1.1991 cost for distillat 1991 cost for electricity	e: 0.662 \$/gal]			
Annual Facility Output: Annual Coal Usage: 48,0 Heating plant efficient Year of Study: 1991 Years of Operation: 199	059 tons (dry) / cy: 84%	nd 1b steam ' 53,730 tons (wet)		
Facility Installed C	**************************************	******	*****	*****
Equipment	Cost	Equipment	Co	ost
Boiler: \$ Ash Handling: \$	15,459,897 4,931,886	Coal Handling: Mechncl Collector:		95,254 201,195

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation -- Sensitivity Analysis
                                                              Page 2
                                                            05/13/92
File: FPICC
                Type: New plant (NP)
Desc: PICATINNY ARSENAL
Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
*****************
  Facility Installed Capital Costs, cont
                     *****
Water Treatment: $
Air Compressor: $
Piping/Stack: $
Building Costs: $
                     1,711,718
                                  Pumps:
                                                           320,821
                     103,275 Waste Water Trtmnt: $ 174,671
6,440,614 Electrical System: $ 2,115,710
8,586,528 Direct costs: $ 16,053,338
          ******
Plant installed cost: $ 74,382,847
******************
  Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
*******************************
Operating staff: 30
Annual Labor Costs: $ 1,275,617
First Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 2,273,942
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 2,674,165
1995 Coal Costs (incl transport) : $ 2,640,889
1995 Auxiliary Energy Costs : $
                                  258,184
*************
Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
              Cost
                              Time Interval
Time Interval
                                                 Cost
------
                               -----
                              5 years $ 110,411
8 years $ 344,326
12 years $ 66,148
        $ 122,066
$ 120,998
$ 884,094
$ 17,057
$ 942,820
3 years
7 years
10 years
                               12 years
18 years
                                              $ 66,148
$ 25,758
   *************
  Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
***********
+ PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                               = $ 65,181,437
+ PV Energy + Transportation Costs
                                               = $
                                                  41,661,389
                                                  34,412,248
+ PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
                                               = $
+ PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                                    2,634,990
+ PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
                                               = $
                                                           0
+ PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                               = $
                                                           O
Total Life Cycle Cost (1991)
                                               = $ 143,890,065
Levelized Cost of Service (1995 start)
                                         = 11.358 $/MMBtu
```

Table 56 (Cont'd)

File: FPICC Desc: PICATIN	ng Plant Economics Evaluati Type: New plant (NP) NY ARSENAL ate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly	_	Analysis Page 3 05/13/92
******	****	******	****
Sensitivity	y Analysis		
*****	*****	*******	*******
=== Primary f	uel initial cost variation	===	
Change	PV Primary Fuel		LCS, \$/10001b steam
50%	18,980,482	124,909,582	11.788
60%	22,776,579	128,705,679	12.147
70% 80%	26,572,676 30,368,772	132,501,775	12.505
90%	34,164,869	136,297,872 140,093,969	12.863
100%	37,960,965	143,890,065	13.221 13.580
110%	41,757,062	147,686,162	13.938
120%	45,553,159	151,482,258	14.296
130%	49,349,255	155,278,355	14.655
140%	53,145,352	159,074,452	15.013
150%	56,941,448	162,870,548	15.371
=== Primary fo	uel escalation rate variati	ion ===	
Change	PV Primary Fuel		LCS,\$/10001b steam
-3%	27,518,797	133,447,897	12.594
-2\$	30,513,820	136,442,920	12.877
-18	33,967,490	139,896,589	13.203
0%	37,960,965	143,890,065	13.580
18	42,590,495	148,519,595	14.017
2 % 3 %	47,970,235 54,235,592	153,899,335	14.524
48	61,547,168	160,164,691 167,476,268	15.116 15.806
58	70,095,436	176,024,536	16.613
6%	80,106,247	186,035,347	17.557
	energy cost variation ===	200,000,02	2,,22,
Change	PV Auxiliary Energy	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
80%	2,960,338	143,149,981	13.510
90%	3,330,381	143,520,023	13.545
100%	3,700,423	143,890,065	13.580
110%	4,070,465	144,260,108	13.615
120%	4,440,508	144,630,150	13.650
=== 0&M labor	cost variation ===		
Change	PV O&M Labor	Life Cycle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
808	13,260,202	140,575,015	13.267
90%	14,917,728	142,232,540	13.423
100%	16,575,253	143,890,065	13.580
110%	18,232,778	145,547,591	13.736
120%	19,890,304	147,205,116	13.893
=== 0&M non-la	abor cost variation ===		

File: FPICC Desc: PICATINN	Type: New plant Y ARSENAL		Analysis Page 4 05/13/92
Tech: Dump Gra	te Spreader Stoker, w	/ fly ash reinjection	•
*****		*********	******
Sensitivity	Analysis, cont	*****	******
05	Mr. Oak Man Yahan	Tife Coult Cour	7.00 A /100015
Change 80%	PV O&M Non-Labor 14,269,596	140,322,666	LCS, \$/10001b steam 13.243
90%	16,053,295	142,106,366	
100%	17,836,995	143,890,065	
110%	19,620,694	145,673,765	
120%	21,404,394		
=== Repair/rep	lace cost variation =	==	
Change	PV Repair/Replace	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
808	2,107,992	143,363,067	13.530
90%	2,371,491	143,626,566	
100%	2,634,990	143,890,065	
110%	2,898,489		
120%	3,161,989	144,417,063	13.629
=== Initial co	st variation ===		
Change	PV Initial Cost	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam
808	52,145,149	128,695,841	12.146
90%	58,663,293	136,292,953	
100%	65, 181, 437	143,890,065	
110%	71,699,580		
120%	78,217,724	159,084,290	15.014
=== Existing s	alvage value variation	n ===	
Change Existin	PV Existing Salvage g plant salvage value:		LCS,\$/1000lb steam
		ssary. Analysis skipp	ed.
=== New salvag	e value variation ===		
Change	PV New Salvage	Life Cvcle Cost	LCS, \$/10001b steam
-15%	-1,640,928	145,530,994	13.735
-10%	-1,093,952	144,984,018	13.683
-5%	-546,976	144,437,041	13.631
0%	0	143,890,065	13.580
5%	546,976	143,343,089	13.528
10%	1,093,952	142,796,113	13.476
15%	1,640,928	142,249,137	13.425
=== Discount r	ate variation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
0.0%	228,790,331	21.593	
0.5%	215,623,821	20.350	
1.5%	192,714,944	18.188	

File: FPICC Desc: PICATINNY A	Type: New plant RSENAL	<pre>luation Sensitivity Analysis (NP) / fly ash reinjection</pre>	s Page 5 05/13/92
******	******	******	****
Sensitivity An	alysis, cont	*****	******
	.== =		
3.5%	157,516,619	14.866	
4.5%	143,890,065	13.580	
5.5%	132,254,362	12.482	
6.5%	122,244,376	11.537	
7.5%	113,569,996	10.718	
8.5%	105,999,566	10.004 9.376	
9.5%	99,347,178	8.820	
10.5% 11.5%	93,462,882 88,225,121	8.326	
12.0%	85,816,99 4	8.099	
=== Plant life va	riation ===		
Change	Life Cycle Cost	LCS,\$/10001b steam	
10			
10 yr	105,456,941	18.651	
	105,456,941 108,625,896	17.823	
11 yr		- · · · · -	
	108,625,896	17.823	
11 yr 12 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064	17.823 17.154	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534	17.823 17.154 16.579	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr 19 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953 125,714,265 128,202,981 130,544,299	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346 15.027 14.754	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953 125,714,265 128,202,981 130,544,299 133,504,147	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346 15.027 14.754 14.507	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr 19 yr 20 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953 125,714,265 128,202,981 130,544,299 133,504,147 135,762,379	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346 15.027 14.754 14.507 14.363	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr 19 yr 20 yr 21 yr 22 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953 125,714,265 128,202,981 130,544,299 133,504,147 135,762,379 137,857,000	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346 15.027 14.754 14.507 14.363 14.173 13.996	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr 19 yr 20 yr 21 yr 22 yr 23 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953 125,714,265 128,202,981 130,544,299 133,504,147 135,762,379 137,857,000 139,875,524	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346 15.027 14.754 14.507 14.363 14.173 13.996 13.836	
11 yr 12 yr 13 yr 14 yr 15 yr 16 yr 17 yr 18 yr 19 yr 20 yr 21 yr 22 yr	108,625,896 111,773,064 114,710,661 117,593,683 120,424,534 123,191,953 125,714,265 128,202,981 130,544,299 133,504,147 135,762,379 137,857,000	17.823 17.154 16.579 16.098 15.692 15.346 15.027 14.754 14.507 14.363 14.173 13.996	

Table 57
Summary of Coal Conversion Potential for the Four Bases Studied

	Values for:			
Parameters	Fort Gordon	Fort Campbell	Picatinny	Fort Bragg
New plant PMCR				
(1000 LBS/HR)	100	188	250	379
Base location				
DOE FY91 price	DOE REG.3	DOE REG.3	DOE REG.1	DOE REG.3
Elec.(\$/MBtu)	15.35	15.35	13.12	15.35
Gas (\$/MBtu)	2.69	2.69	4.11	2.69
#6 Oil(\$/MBtu)	2.62	2.62	2.93	2.62
Coal(\$/MBtu)	1.71	1.53	1.75	1.72
Coal Source	DOE REG.3	DOE REG.2	DOE REG.1	DOE REG.3
Breakeven price				
Gas (\$/MBtu)	7.2	5.2	5.15	3.7
#6 Oil (\$/MBtu)	8.1	5.8	5.18	4.1
Price paid by base				
Gas (\$/MBtu)	5.5	3	3.38	4.5
#6 Oil (\$/MBtu)	4.41	3.54	3.45	4.41
Price increase	31% (GAS)	73%(GAS)	52%(GAS)	0%(GAS)
needed to use coal as fuel	84% (OIL)	64%(OIL)	50%(OIL)	8%(OIL)

APPENDIX B:

Figures

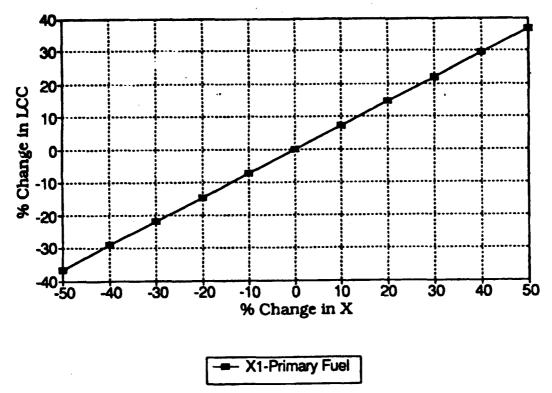


Figure 1. Effect of Primary Fuel Price on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

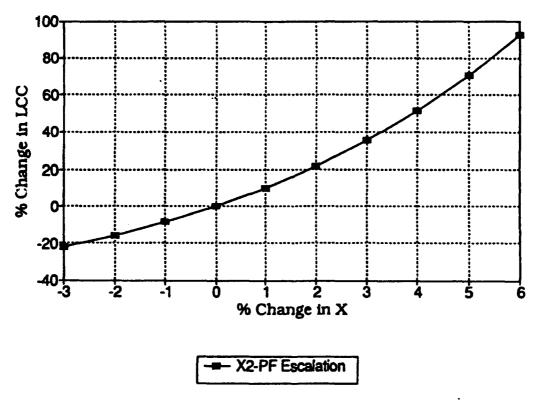


Figure 2. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost Escalation Rate on the LCC of a Gas-/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

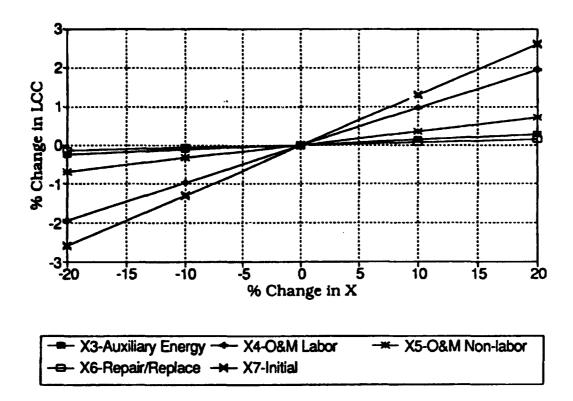


Figure 3. Effect of Auxiliary Energy Costs, O&M Labor, O&M Non-labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Cost on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

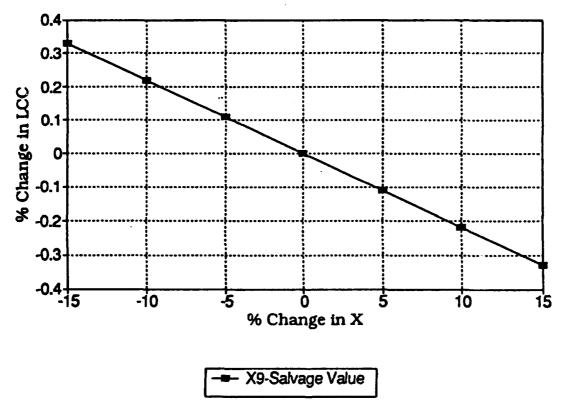


Figure 4. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

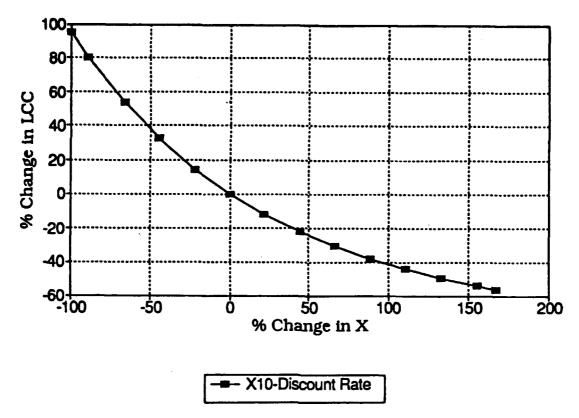


Figure 5. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Plant, Fort Campbell.

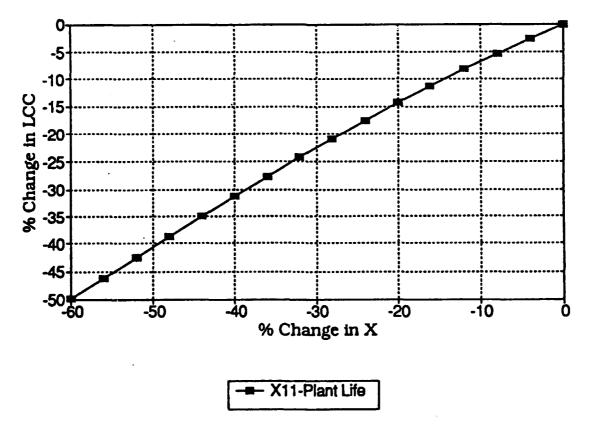


Figure 6. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

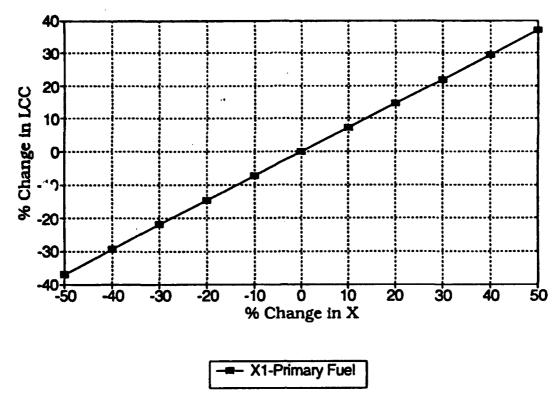


Figure 7. Effect of Primary Fuel Price on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

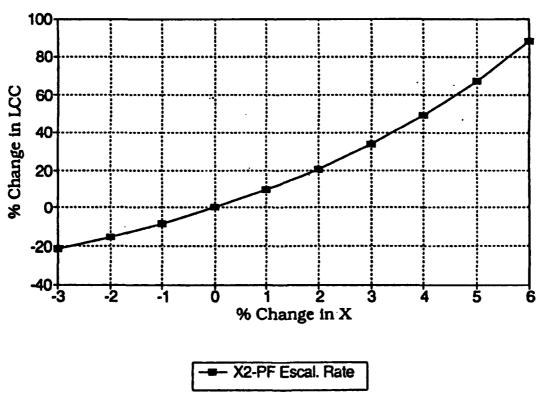


Figure 8. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation Rate on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

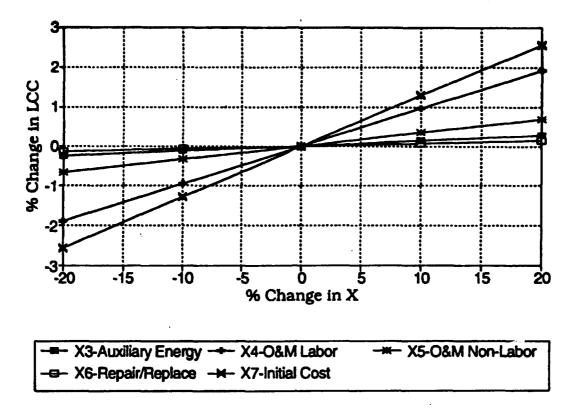


Figure 9. Effect of Auxiliary Energy Costs, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Cost on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

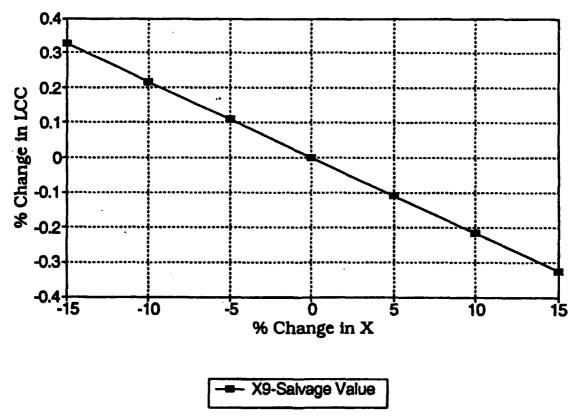


Figure 10. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

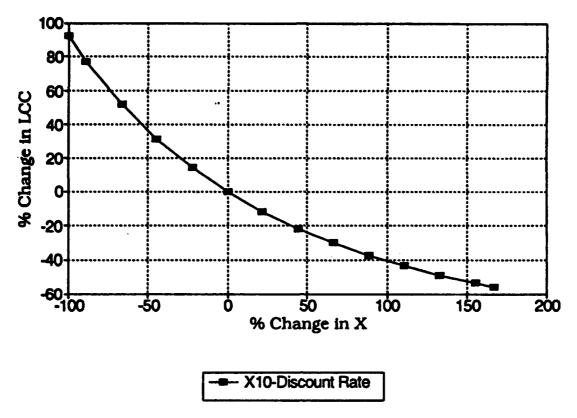


Figure 11. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

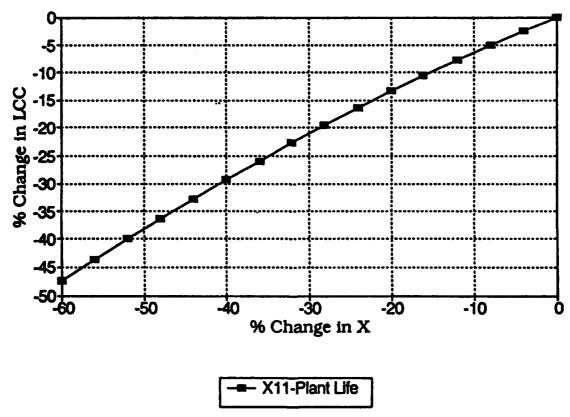


Figure 12. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Campbell.

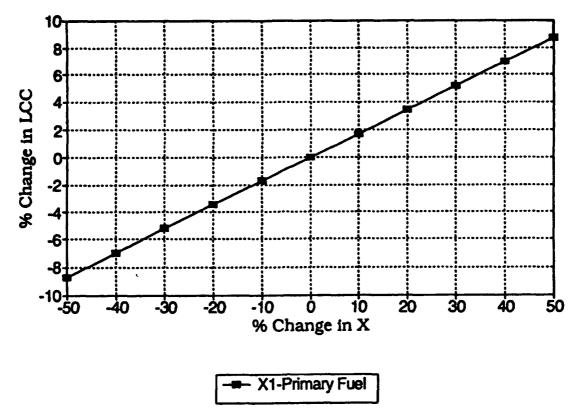


Figure 13. Effect of Primary Fuel Price on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Campbell.

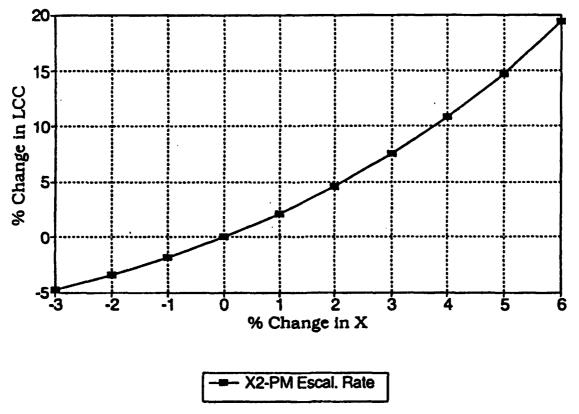


Figure 14. Effect of Escalation Rate on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Campbell.

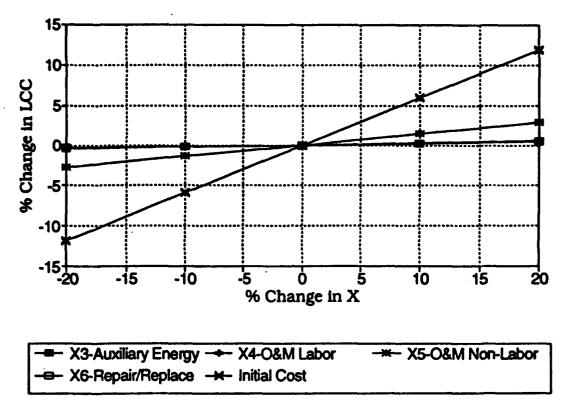


Figure 15. Effect of Auxiliary Energy Cost, O&M Labor, O&M Non-labor, Repair/Replace and Initial Cost on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Campbell.

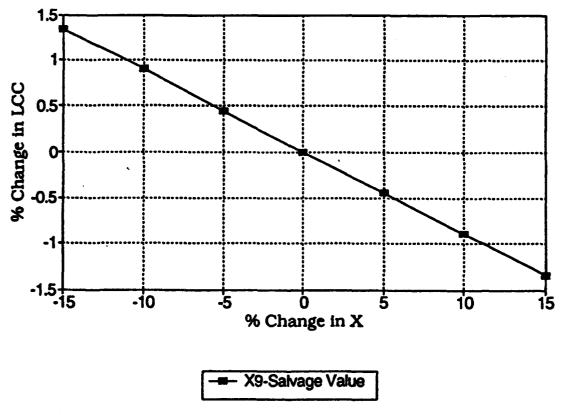


Figure 16. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Campbell.

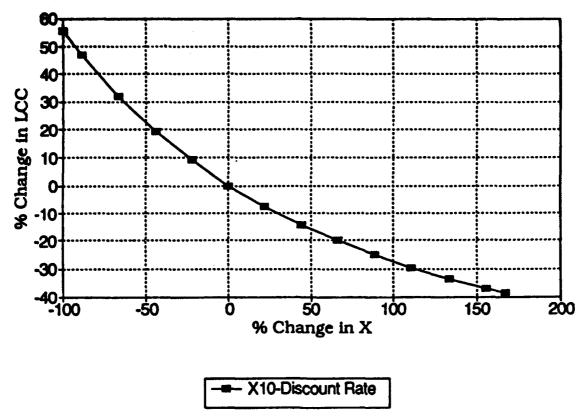


Figure 17. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Campbell.

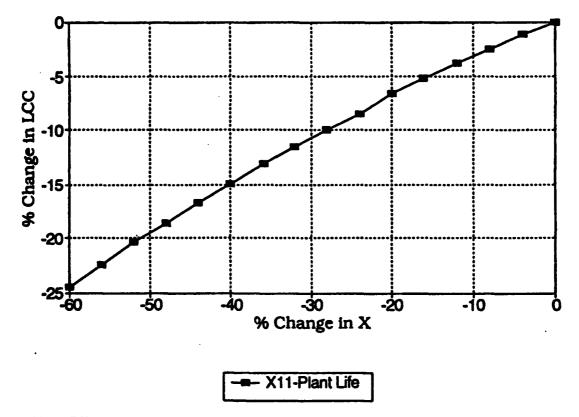


Figure 18. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Campbell.

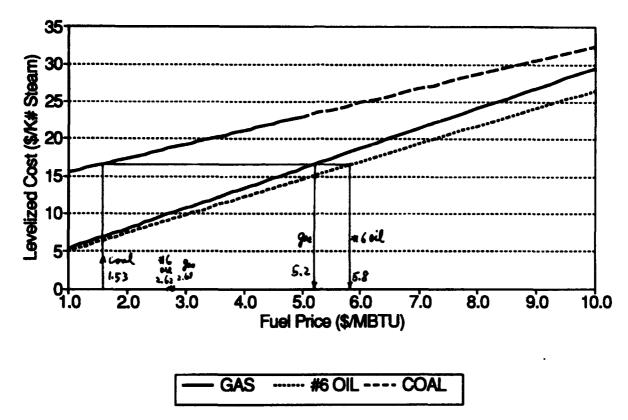


Figure 19. Leveled Cost of Service vs. Fuel Price; Fort Campbell.

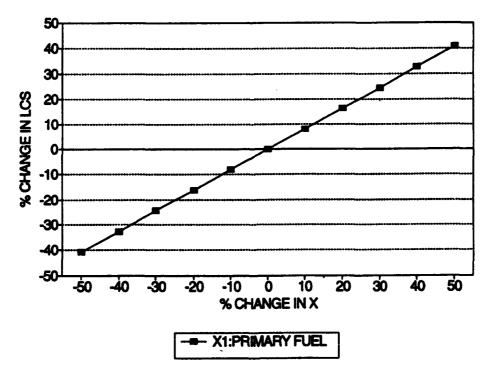


Figure 20. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

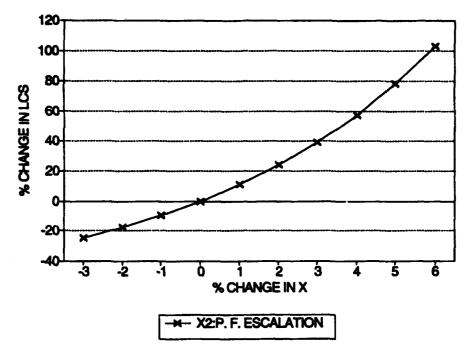


Figure 21. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

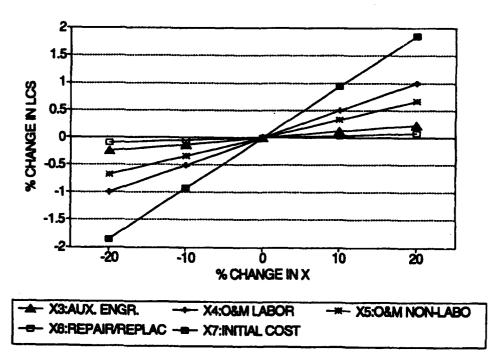


Figure 22. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

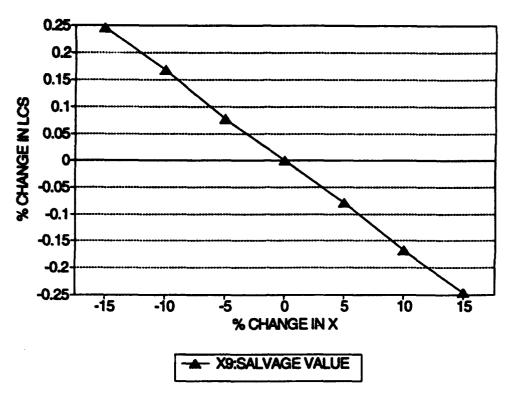


Figure 23. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

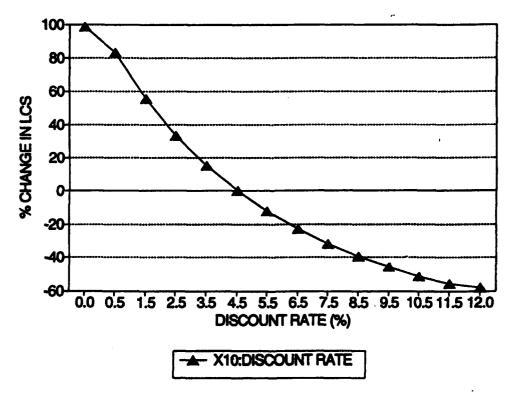


Figure 24. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

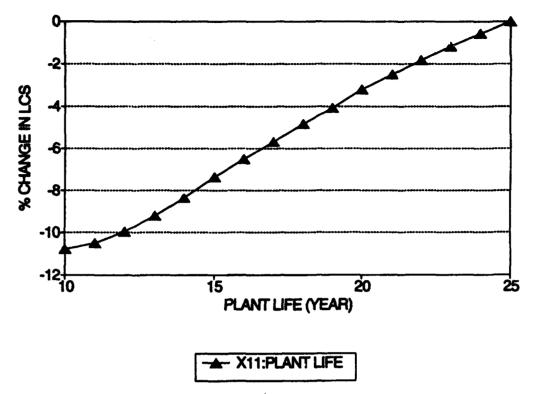


Figure 25. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

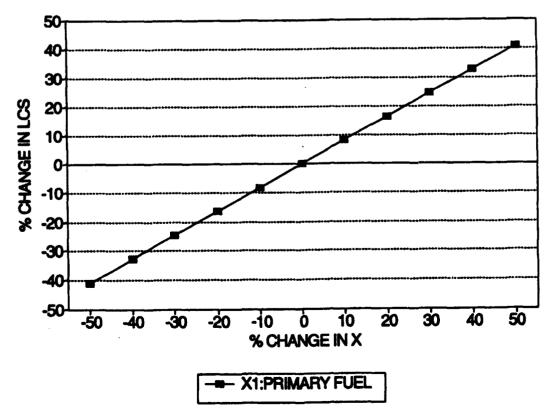


Figure 26. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

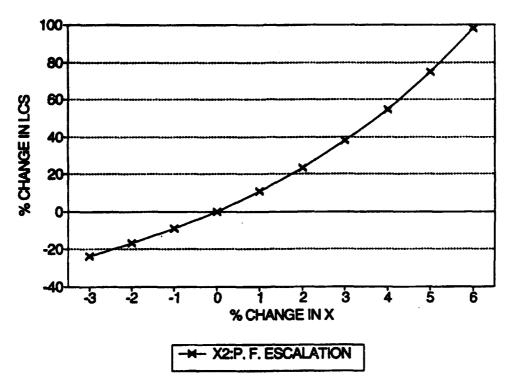


Figure 27. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost Escalation on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

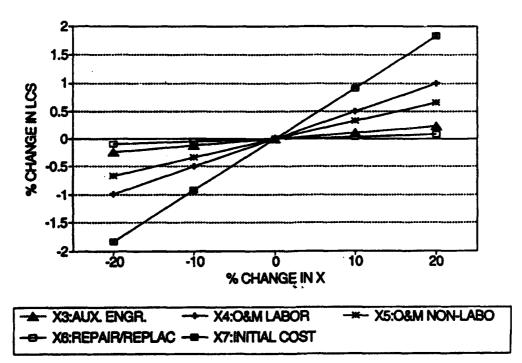


Figure 28. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs of the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

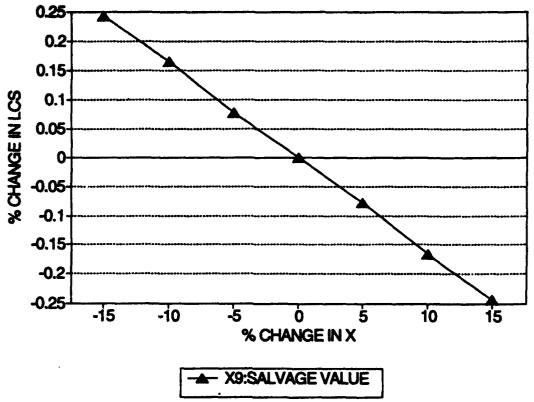


Figure 29. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

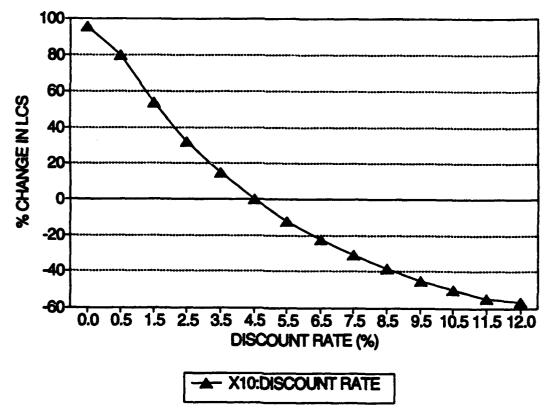


Figure 30. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

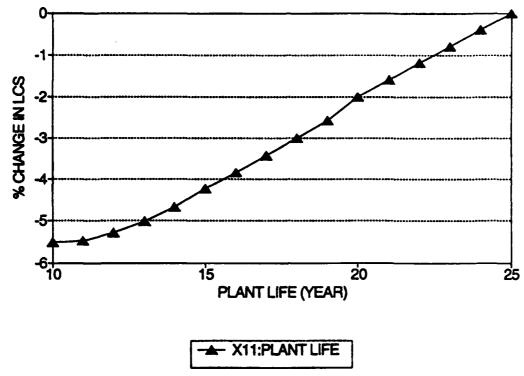


Figure 31. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Bragg.

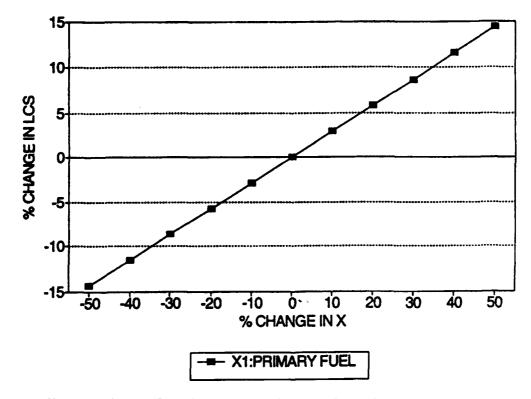


Figure 32. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Bragg.

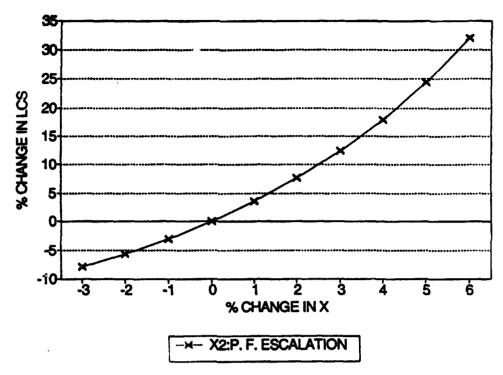


Figure 33. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Bragg.

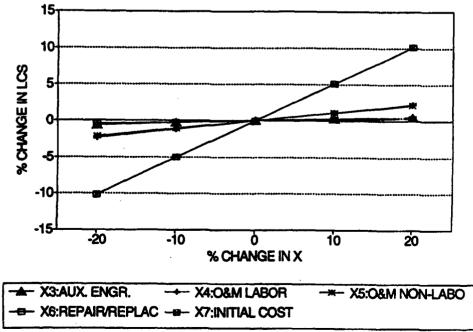


Figure 34. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs on a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Bragg.

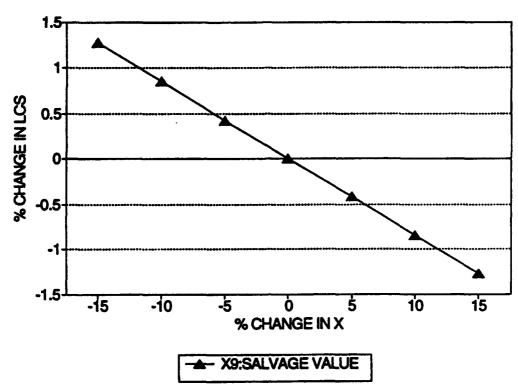


Figure 35. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Bragg.

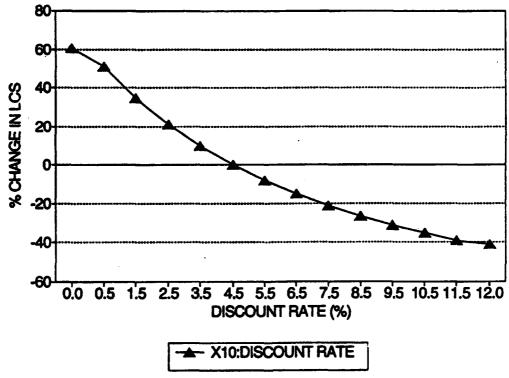


Figure 36. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Bragg.

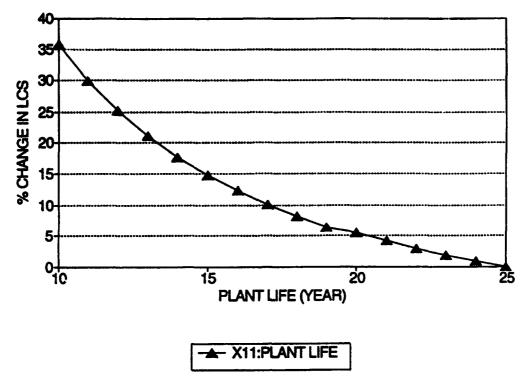


Figure 37. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Bragg.

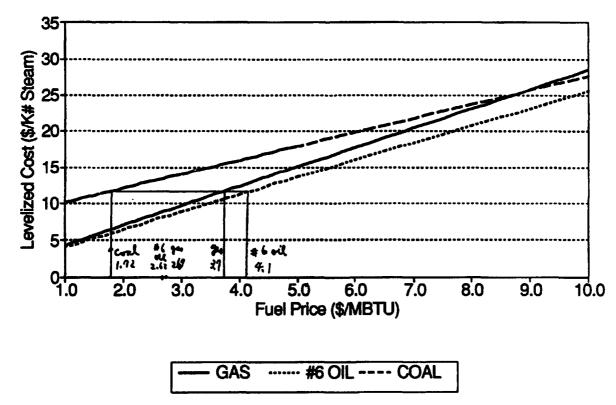


Figure 38. Leveled Cost of Service vs. Fuel Price; Fort Bragg.

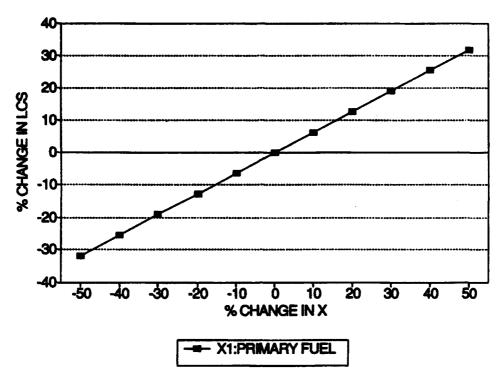


Figure 39. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

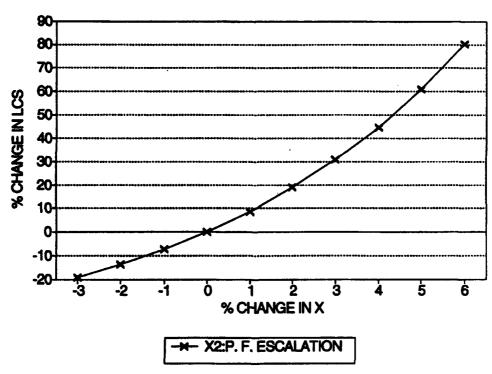


Figure 40. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

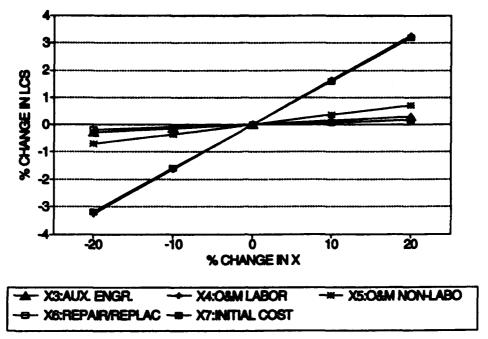


Figure 41. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

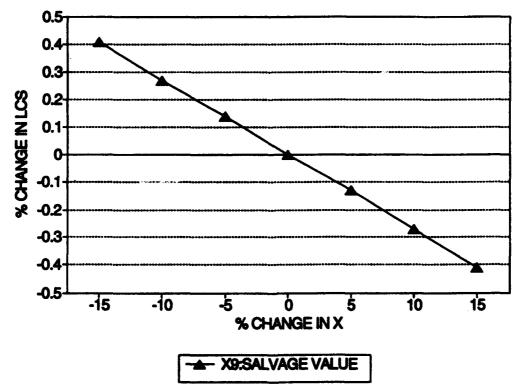


Figure 42. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

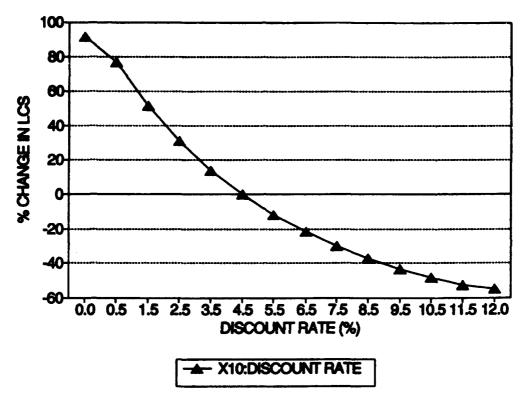


Figure 43. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

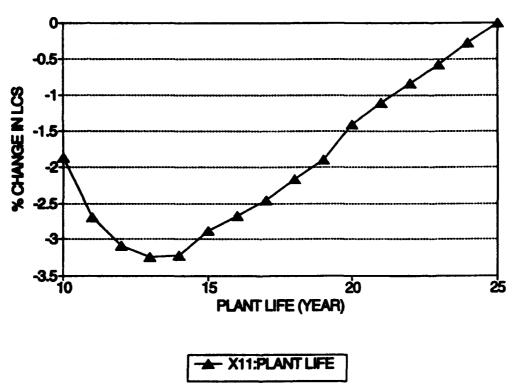


Figure 44. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

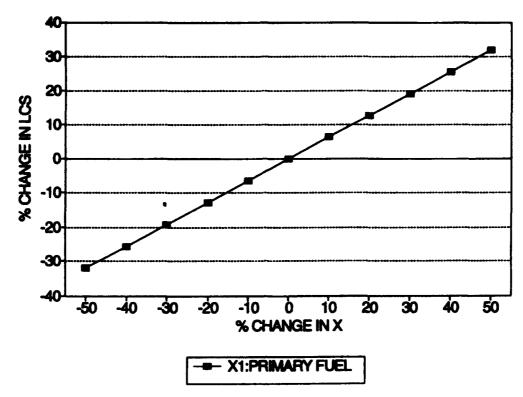


Figure 45. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

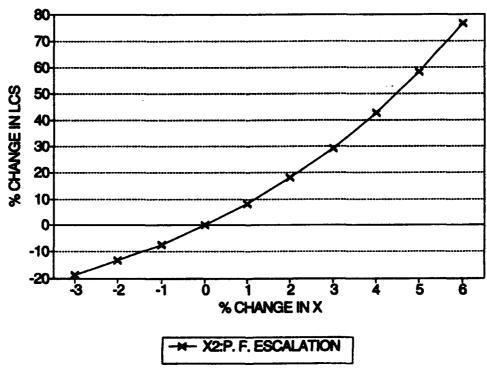


Figure 46. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

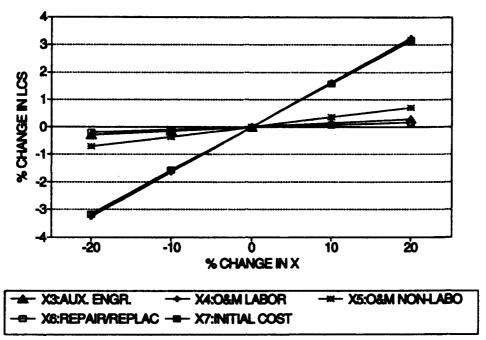


Figure 47. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement, Initial Costs on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

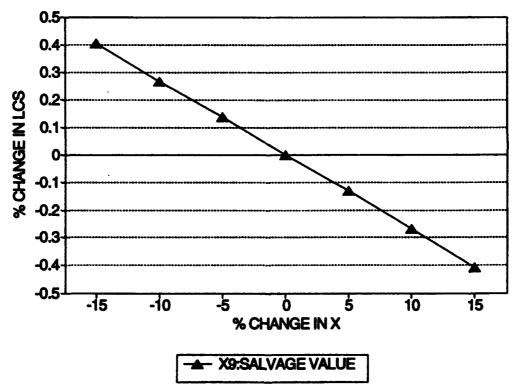


Figure 48. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC on a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

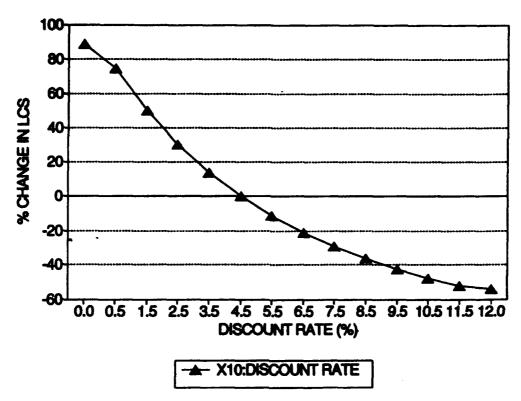


Figure 49. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

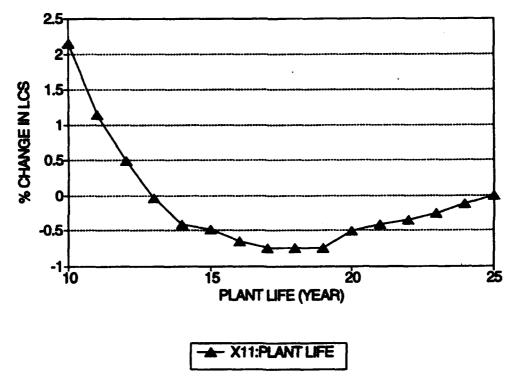


Figure 50. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Fort Gordon.

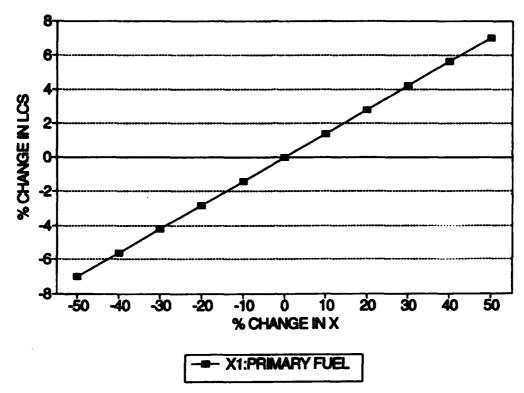


Figure 51. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Gordon.

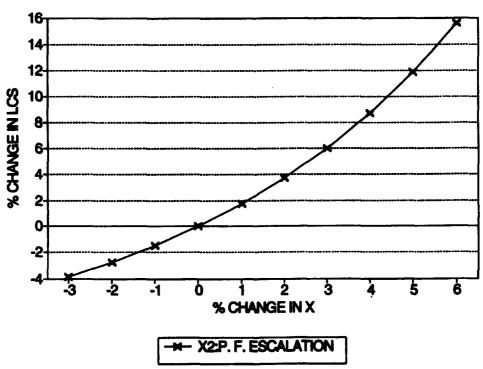


Figure 52. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Gordon.

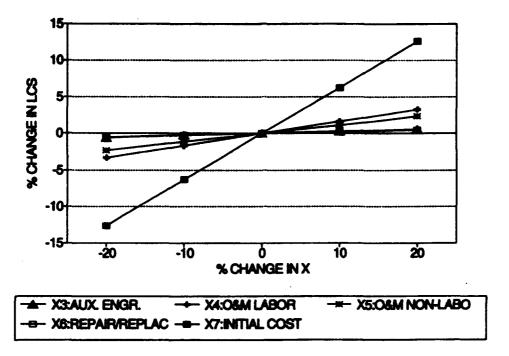


Figure 53. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Gordon.

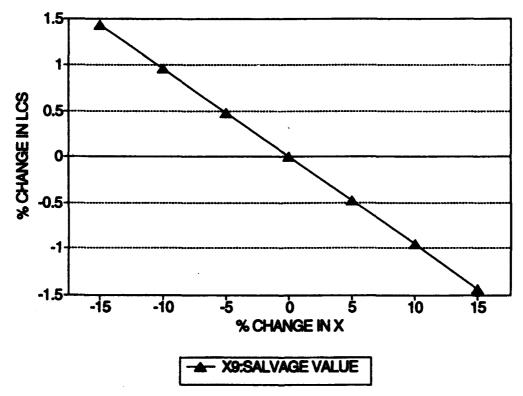


Figure 54. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Gordon.

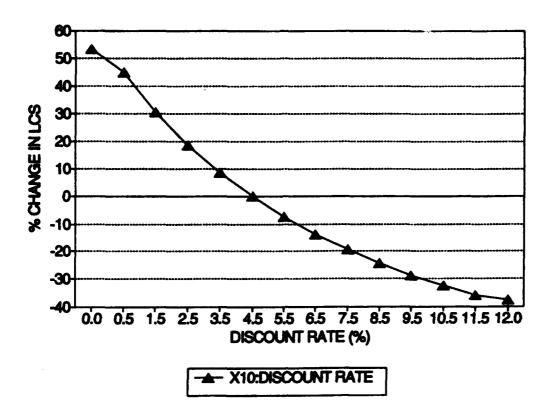


Figure 55. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Gordon.

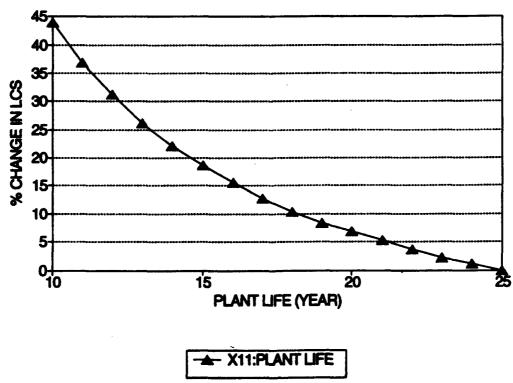


Figure 56. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Fort Gordon.

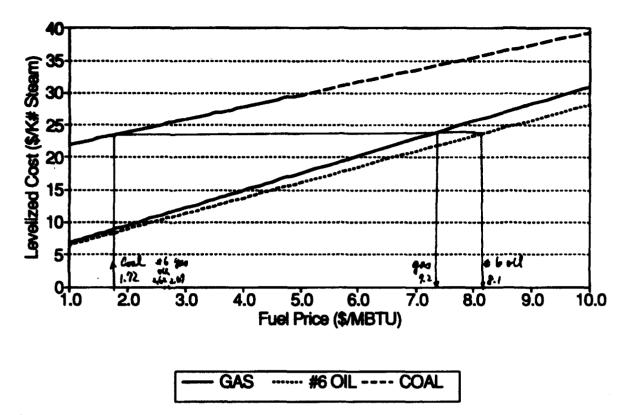


Figure 57. Leveled Cost of Service vs. Fuel Price; Fort Gordon.

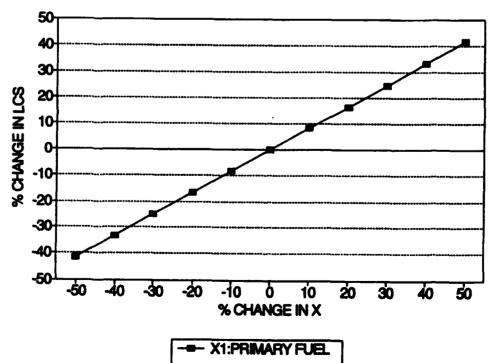


Figure 58. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

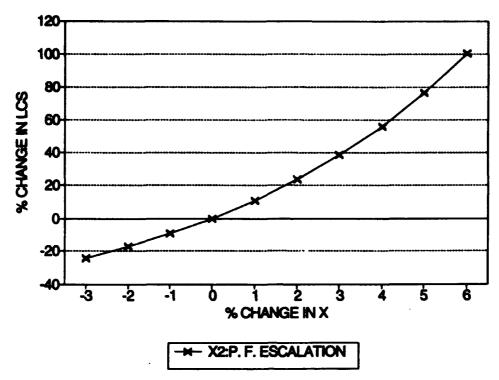


Figure 59. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

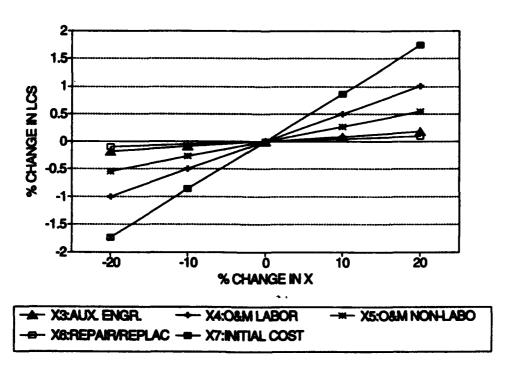


Figure 60. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

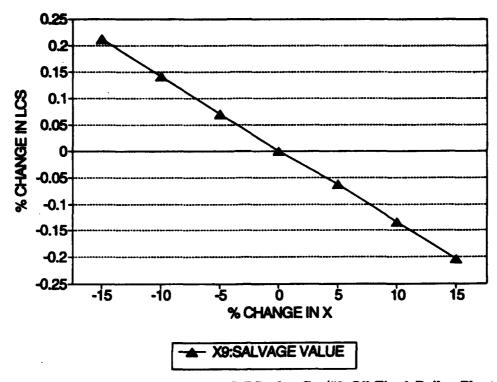


Figure 61. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

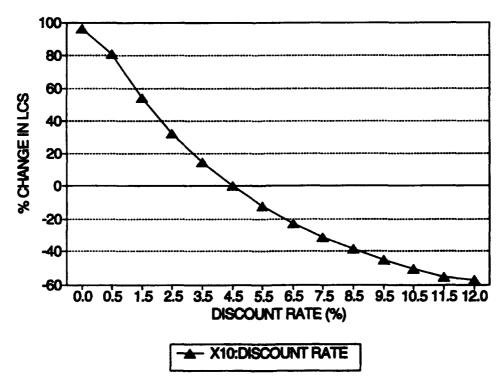


Figure 62. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

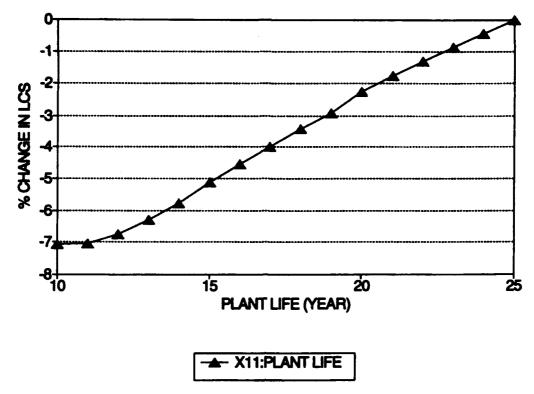


Figure 63. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Gas/#2 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

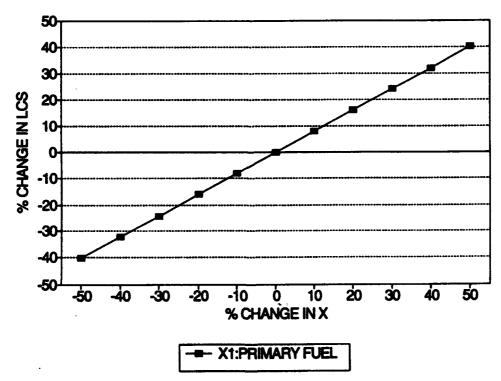


Figure 64. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

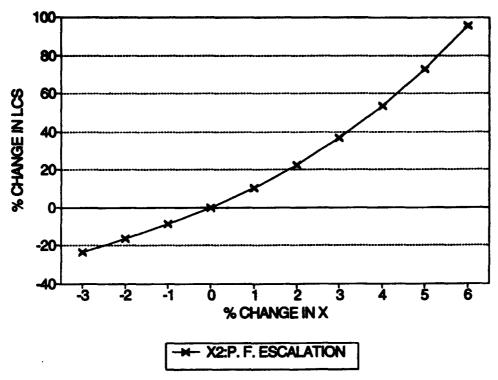


Figure 65. Effect of Primary Fuel Escalation Cost on the LCC of an #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

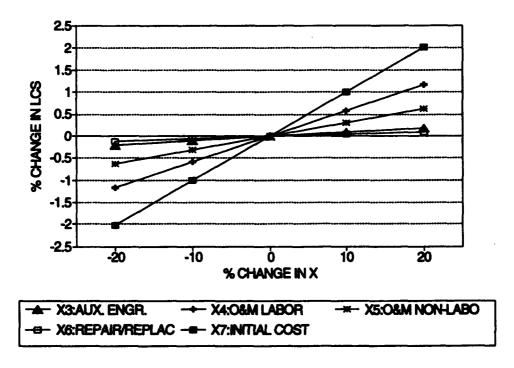


Figure 66. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Non-Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

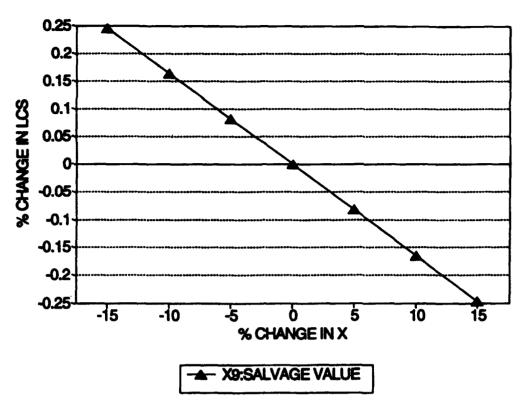


Figure 67. Effect of Salvage Value on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

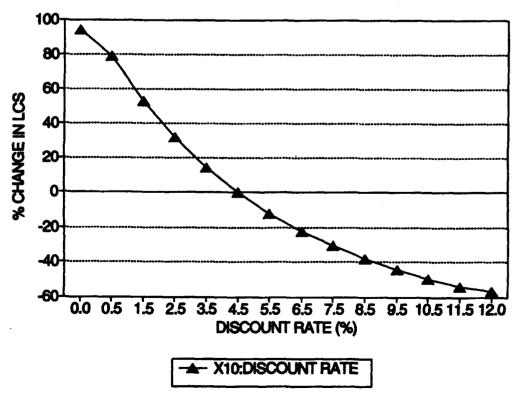


Figure 68. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

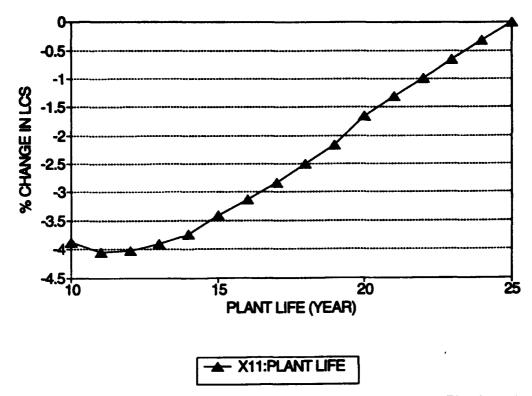


Figure 69. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a #6 Oil-Fired Boiler Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

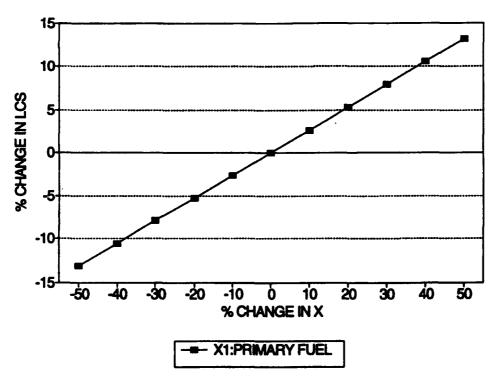


Figure 70. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

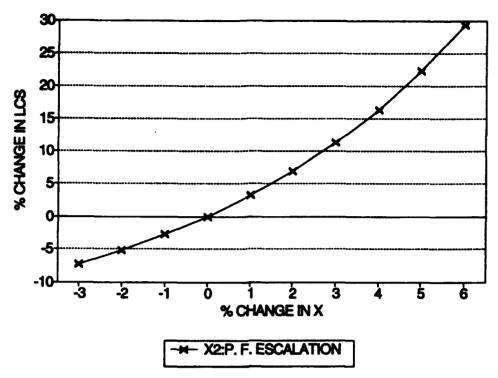


Figure 71. Effect of Primary Fuel Cost Escalation on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

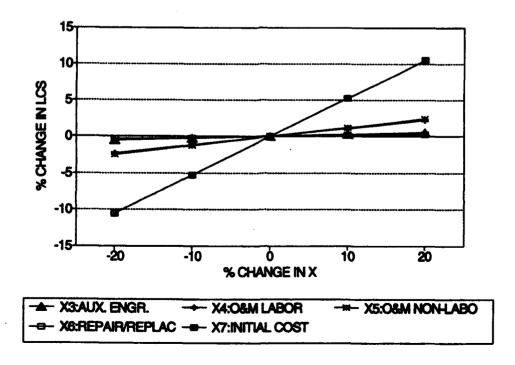


Figure 72. Effect of Auxiliary Energy, O&M Labor, O&M Labor, Repair/Replacement and Initial Costs of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

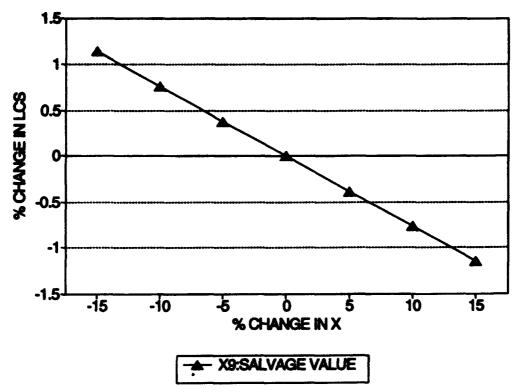


Figure 73. Effect of Salvage Vatue on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

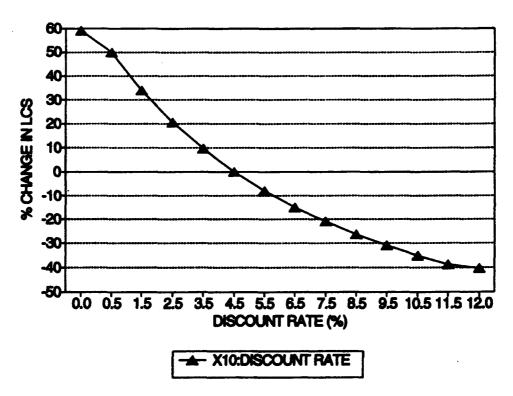


Figure 74. Effect of Discount Rate on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

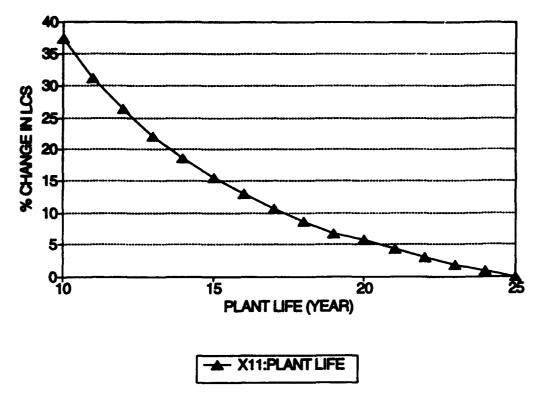


Figure 75. Effect of Plant Life on the LCC of a Coal-Fired Stoker Plant, Picatinny Arsenal.

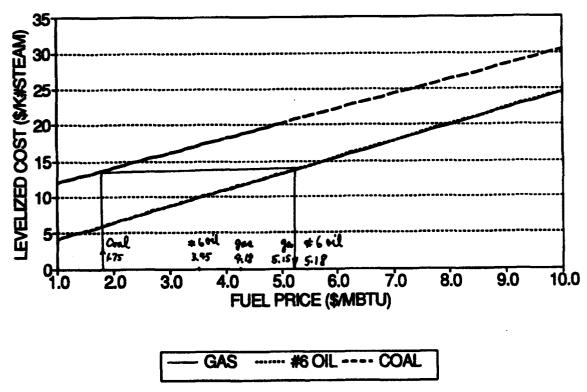


Figure 76. Leveled Cost of Service vs. Fuel Price; Picatinny Arsenal.

APPENDIX C: 1989 Installation Energy Consumption Report

ADDS REPORT: RANKING
COVERS: FROM JAN89 THRU DEC89
INCLUDES: ALL MACOMS

INSTALLATION RANKING BY CONSUMPTION - TOTAL FACILITY

RANK		MBTUS
1	VII CORPS STUTTGART	9,475,618
2	V CORPS, FRANKFURT	8,261,431
3	FORT RICHARDSON	5,220,795
4	RADFORD ARMY AMMO PLANT	3,960,608
5	HOLSTON ARMY AMMO PLANT	3,801,610
6	21ST SUPCOM	3,760,975
7 8	FORT BRAGG	3,117,543 2,873,759
9	FORT HOOD FORT KNOX	2,718,746
10		2,717,107
	Aberdeen PG	2,541,672
12	FORT LEWIS	2,515,574
13		2,425,919
14	REDSTONE ARSENAL	2,195,256
15	FORT RILEY	1,937,176
16		1,874,942
	FORT DIX	1,793,491
18	FORT GEORGE MEADE	1,719,846
19		1,706,884
20 21	FORT BLISS FORT SILL	1,655,909 1,649,784
22	FORT LEONARD WOOD	1,646,571
23	SUNFLOWER ARMY AMMO PLANT	1,613,163
24	FORT STEWART	1,601,289
25	FORT DRUM	1,536,908
26	FORT BELVOIR	1,351,474
27	FORT JACKSON	1,342,532
28	ROCK ISLAND ARSENAL	1,296,026
29		1,289,720
30	WALTER REED ARMY MEDICAL CENTE	1,254,489
31	FORT DEVENS	1,240,232
32 33	PICATINNY ARSENAL	1,229,515
34 34	FORT GORDON 7TH ATC, GRAFENWOHR	1,224,015
35	FORT POLK	1,211, 4 65 1,177,156
36	FORT SAM HOUSTON	1,090,090
37	PRESIDIO OF SAN FRANCISCO	966,007
38	FORT RUCKER	952,015
39	FORT MONMOUTH	934,401
40	PINE BLUFF ARSENAL	930,685
41	FORT MCCLELLAN	914,909
42	FORT EUSTIS	907,831
43	DETROIT ARSENAL	891,238
44	LAKE CITY ARMY AMMO PLANT	881,996
45 46	FORT LEAVENWORTH RED RIVER ARMY AMMO DEPOT	868,345 867 540
47	FORT BENJAMIN HARRISON	867,540 842,345
48	FORT HUACHUCA	821,486
49	STRATFORD ARMY ENGINE PLANT	774,041
50	CAMP CASEY, KOREA	756,734
51	LONE STAR ARMY AMMO PLANT	747,764
52	IOWA ARMY AMMO PLANT	745,734
53	FORT LEE	725,970
54	Anniston Army Depot	700,806
55		668,308
56	WHITE SANDS MISSLE RANGE	666,540

57	MISSISSIPPI ARMY AMMO PLANT	665,458
58	WATERVLIET ARSENAL	661,868
59		646,374
61	FORT MCCOY USAB (BERLIN)	646,369 645,700
62	FORT DIETRICK	630,684
63		609,520
64	TOOELE ARMY DEPOT	601,416
65	FORT CLAYTON	586,557
66	FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER	569,836
67	FORT SHAFTER	567,595
68	FITZSIMONS ARMY MEDICAL CENTER FORT SHAFTER CAMP ZAMA JAPAN LONGHORN ARMY AMMO PLANT LIMA ARMY TANK PLANT LETTERKENNY ARMY DEPOT FORT MCPHERSON LOUISIANA ARMY AMMO PLANT SETAF/5TH SUPCOM, VICENZA	556,025
69 70	LONGHORN ARMY AMMO PLANT	543,813 527,248
70	LIMA AKMI TANK PLANI	509,376
-	FORT MCDHERSON	484,372
73	FORT MCPHERSON LOUISIANA ARMY AMMO PLANT SETAF/5TH SUPCOM, VICENZA NEW CUMBERLAND ARMY DEPOT FORT HAMILTON FORT IRWIN SCRANTON ARMY AMMO PLANT FORT MYER Charleston	478,393
74	SETAF/5TH SUPCOM, VICENZA	450,879
75	NEW CUMBERLAND ARMY DEPOT	432,960
76	FORT HAMILTON	414,203
77	FORT IRWIN	409,088
78	SCRANTON ARMY AMMO PLANT	403,900
79	FORT MYER Charleston	400,128 345,633
81	Cliar lescon	341,924
82	MTMC MOT RAYONNE	336,471
	FORT RITCHIE	336,323
84	DUGWAY PROVING GROUND	315,211
85	MCALISTER ARMY AMMO PLANT	303,012
86		
87	JOLIET ARMY AMMO PLANT	279,146
88		264,526
89 90	LEXINGTON BLUEGRASS ARMY DEPOT RIVERBANK ARMY AMMO PLANT	261,240 260,607
91	RIVERBANK ARMY AMMO PLANT TWIN CITIES ARMY AMMO PLANT New Orleans KANSAS ARMY AMMO PLANT HARRY DIAMOND LAB Memphis SACRAMENTO ARMY DEPOT FORT CHAFFEE CARLISLE BARRACKS PUEBLO DEPOT ACTIVITY Baltimore HAWTHORNE AAP	259,886
92	New Orleans	253,040
93	KANSAS ARMY AMMO PLANT	252,916
94	HARRY DIAMOND LAB	250,856
95	Memphis	241,621
96	SACRAMENTO ARMY DEPOT	237,383
97	FORT CHAFFEE	231,468
98	CARLISLE BARRACKS	230,078 228,781
99 100	PUEBLO DEPOT ACTIVITY	227,760
101	HAWTHORNE AAP	218,533
102	FORT MONROE	202,581
103	MILAN ARMY AMMO PLANT	199,012
104	Vicksburg	190,291
105	INDIANA AAP	182,625
106	ROCKY MOUNTAIN ARSENAL	180,873
107	CAMERON STATION	180,853
108 109	MICHIGAN ARNG SENECA ARMY DEPOT	179,729 175,371
110	SENECA ARMI DEPOI ST LOUIS AREA SUPPORT CENTER	171,058
111	St. Louis	165,891
112	USA NATICK RD & E CENTER	156,968
113	VINT HILL FARMS STATION	150,481
114	WES	145,831
115	Mobile	139,117
116	MATERIALS TECHNOLOGY LAB	131,041
117	YUMA PROVING GROUND	128,895
118 119	SAVANNAH DEPOT ACTIVITY ARKANSAS ARNG	128,584 128,538
120	CALIFORNIA ARNG	125,851
121	SIERRA ARMY DEPOT	118,299
122		111,840

	COLUMN AND ADDRESS	109,986 103,051 101,658 99,093 93,468 85,073 80,319 79,686 77,991 76,629 73,709 71,281 71,167 69,205 63,078 62,884 62,884
123	SHARPE ARMY DEPOT MISSISSIPPI ARNG	109,986 103,051
125	Philadelphia	101,658
	FORT BUCHANAN	99,093
127	PORT BUCHANAN INDIANA ARNG	93,468
128	FORT MCNAIR	85,073
129	ARLINGTON HALL STATION	80,319
130	NEWPORT ARMY AMMO PLANT	79,686
	NEW YORK ARNG	77,991 76,629
133	Rock Island MINNESOTA ARNG	73,709
134	PENNSYLVANIA ARNG	71,281
	RAVENNA ARMY AMMO PLANT	71,167
136	HEC	69,205
	NEW JERSEY ARNG	63,078
138	ALABAMA ARNG	62,88 4 62,88 4
130	JEFFERSON PROVING GROUND IDAHO ARNG	62,454
	Wilmington	60,550
141	MASSACHUSETTS ARNG	59,886
	Detroit	58,148
143	Little Rock OKLAHOMA ARNG	57,759
144	OKLAHOMA ARNG ALASKA ARNG	57,185
	usago makiminato ryukyu i	57,014 53,117
147	UTAH ARNG	52,925
148	TENNESSEE ARNG	52,815
149	FIELD STATION KUNIA WHEEL IOWA ARNG	51,558
150	IOWA ARNG	51,369
	Omaha	50,544
152	Huntington GEORGIA ARNG	48,294 46,796
154		46,358
	CRREL	44,255
156	NORTH DAKOTA ARNG	43,787
	BADGER AAP	43,072
	OREGON ARNG	42,999
159	WISCONSIN ARNG ILLINIOS ARNG	42,548
		41,813 40,591
162	125TH ARCOM Pittsburgh	38,517
163	OHIO ARNG	37,413
	Kansas City	.37,304
165	UMATILLA DEPOT ACTIVITY	36,955
166		36,596
167 168	FLORIDA ARNG MISSOURI ARNG	34,938 33,548
169		32,363
170	KANSAS ARNG	31,854
171	Louisville	31,074
172		30,961
173		30,707
174 175	New York WASHINGTON ARNG	30,636 29,659
176	TEXAS ARNG	29,253
177	KENTUCKY ARNG	28,860
178	RHODE ISLAND ARNG	27,740
179	PUERTO RICO ARNG	27,525
180	USA CERL	26,930 26,169
181 182	ARIZONA ARNG MAINE ARNG	26,168 25,857
183	NEW MEXICO ARNG	25,855 25,855
184	COLORADO ARNG	25,332
185	VIRGINIA ARNG	25,031
	MARYLAND ARNG	24,876
187	Walla Walla	24,845

188	WYOMING ARNG	23,131
189		23,023
	WEST VIRGINIA ARNG	22,840
191	SOUTH CAROLINA ARNG	22,242
192	FORT WINGATE DEPOT ACTIVITY	21,617
193	NEBRASKA ARNG	21,509
194	ST. LOUIS AAP	21,281
195		21,061
196	NEVADA ARNG	20,401
197	Buffalo	19,326
198		18,689
199	Fort Worth	17,531
200		17,208
201		15,591
202	MOT SUNNY POINT	15,101
	89TH ARCOM	15,078
	CORNHUSKER AAP	14,355
205		13,949
	Seattle	12,352
207	VOLUNTEER ARMY AMMO PLANT	12,342
208		12,183
	NEW HAMPSHIRE ARNG	9,710
	San Francisco	9,248
211	St. Paul	8,416
212	USAMED	7,422
	ALBUQUERQUE	7,051
214		5,637
215		3,720
216		3,239
217	PONTIAC STORAGE FACILITY	3,238
218		2,672
219		2,644
220		2,367
221	VIRGIN ISLANDS ARNG	2,034
222	Alaska	1,011
	Chicago	78
224		0
444	FORT A.P. HILL	0
	FORT A.F. RILL	•
	•	130,082,527
		130,002,347

APPENDIX 3:

CHPECON Input

FROM SCREENING MODELS

```
NEW PLANT SCREENING OPTION
Select State, Base, Emission regulation region
Type of boiler system (steam/HTHW)
Process load (MBtu/hr)
Average monthly steam flow (MBtu/hr)
Internal boiler house leak percentage (0-5)
Blowdown percentage (0-10)
Condensate return percentage (0-100)
Condensate return temperature (degrees F)
Makeup water temperature (degrees F)
Boiler technology (Choose one)
Number of boilers (3, 4, 5)
Coalfield-distance search, choose field
Days of long term coal storage (60-100)
Days of short term coal storage (1-3)
Coal pile arrangement (single/multiple)
Rail car thawing shed needed (yes/no/maybe)
Rail transport available for coal/limestone (y/n/m)
Highway transport available for coal/lime (y/n/m)
Are there available sites for ash disposal (A) No landfill is
on or near base; B) Landfill is near base; C) Landfill is on
base, not adjacent to site; D) Landfill is on base, adjacent
 to site)
Local sewage disposal of boiler water discharge (Y/n/m)
Transport of coal/ash through community/base feasible (y/n/m)
Local resistance to new boiler plant (y/n/m)
Sufficient city water for makeup (y/n/m)
New electrical substation required (y/n/m)
Lime available (y/n/m)
How accessible is steam distribution system (A) Routing is very
long and/or difficult to access; B) Routing is fairly
accessible and medium length; C) Routing is short and
accessible)
Condition of steam distribution system (Poor, Fair, Good)
Does base have its own supply of natural gas (y/n/m)
Does a local utility supply natural gas (y/n/m)
Is natural gas supply interruptible (y/n/m)
Can a firm delivery contract be established (y/n/m)
Natural gas pipeline have sufficient capacity (y/n/m)
Price of natural gas less than price of #2 fuel oil on an equivalent energy basis
(y/n/m)
Is low sulfur fuel oil (#2 or #6) available (y/n/m)
Price of #2/#6 fuel oil less than price of natural gas on an equivalent energy
basis (y/n/m)
NEW PLANT WITH COGENERATION SCREENING OPTION
Average and peak electricity loads for each month (kW)
Cogenerated electricity generation efficiency (%)
How many hours per year will plant be operated (A) <4000 hours, B)
                                                                      4000-6000
hours, C) >6000 hours)
Can/does existing electrical system use a single point supply and metering
station near the proposed cogeneration site so cogenerated power can displace
                       (y/n/m)
purchased power
Will base see reduction of thermal or electric load in near future (y/n/m)
Will utility supply service to maintain and repair interconnection facilities
(y/n/m)
Local utility cooperative in setting interconnections and standby power
(y/n/m)
Local utility use coal (y/n/m)
Present electric rate ($/kWh)
Anticipated cost of fuel ($/MBtu)
Facilities electric load: a.<25 MW, b.25-50 MW, c.>50 MW
```

Facilities load factor: a.<304 b.30-404 c.>404 Base annual electric power to steam power ratio: a.<35 kWh/MBtu, b. 35 - 75 kWh/MBtu, c.>75 kWh/MBtu Base average ratio of hourly electric to steam power ratio: a.<35 kWh/MBtu, b.35-75 kWh/MBtu, c.>75 kWh/MBtu THIRD PARTY COGENERATION OPTION Process load (MBtu/hr) Cogeneration electricity-generation efficiency (%) What is the cost of thermal energy provided by the base (\$/MBtu) What is the expected cost of thermal energy provided to base by a third party cogenerator (\$/MBtu) What is the current thermal demand of the base (A) \geq 500,000 lb/hr; B) 500,000 \geq $x \ge 200,000 \text{ lb/hr}; C) \le 200,000 \text{ lb/hr}$ How many hours per year is third party cogeneration facility expected operated (A) ≤4000; B) 4000 to 5999; C) 6000 to 8760) Will significant electric generation capacity be consistently available between 8 AM and 6 PM (y/n/m)Will significant electric generation capacity be consistently available from July 1 to September 15 (y/n/m) What is the expected cost of electricity that will be produced by the third party cogeneration facility, given today's fuel prices (cents/kWh) What is the current rate of electricity experienced by the base (cents/kWh) If the cogeneration facility will supply the base with electricity as well as thermal energy, what is the most likely rate that the cogenerator will offer the base (cents/kWh) Is the local utility capacity-constrained (y/n/m)Is wheeling of cogenerated electricity to other demand centers a realistic alternative to local buy-backs (y/n/m) Does the existing CHP require retrofit/repair/expansion (y/n/m)Will the thermal output of the facility be at least 5% of the total energy output (y/n/m)Will electric power output + 0.5 of the useful thermal energy output be at least 42.5% of the fuel heat input if the useful thermal energy is at least 15% of the total, and at least 45% otherwise (y/n/m) CONSOLIDATION OPTION Does the base have a relatively flat thermal load profile during the typical day (y/n/m)Enter the area to be served by the proposed distribution system (acres) Can you convince the base commander and existing building operators advantages of a CHP (y/n/m)Do the existing buildings utilize steam or HTW for heating (y/n/m)Does the base have a process steam load which requires steam greater than 200 psi (y/n/m)RETROFIT SCREENING OPTION Boiler sizes (lb. steam/hour) Are feedwater pumps, deaerator, condensate system, and raw water adequate and in a good state of repair (y/n/m)Does the facility have adequate electric substation to support the modification technology (y/n/m) Is there room to install ash handling system (y/n/m)Is there room to install air pollution control equipment (y/n/m)Is there room to install new combustion control system (y/n/m)Is there room to install fuel burning equipment (y/n/m)Can the boiler be retrofitted without major boiler/equipment modifications (y/n/m)Does the boiler house allow boiler(s) retrofit without major structural change Is the stack suitable for use (y/n/m) Is the auxiliary fuel system adequate to support retrofit technology (y/n/m)Does the facility/boiler require major repairs or replacement not related to retrofit (y/n/m)

Does the boiler house have a basement (y/n/m)

Is the soot blowing system in proper working order (y/n/m)

Is existing ash handling equipment available (a/b/c) Is existing coal handling equipment available (a/b/c)

FROM COSTING MODELS

NEW PLANT COSTING Years plant is to be operated (maximum of 25) Current discount rate (%) Net salvage value of current system (5) What & of Adjusted Investment Cost is the net salvage value of the retrofit system What is the year of the study What year will the facility start operation Escalation factors (choices given) Coal transport cost (cents/ton-mile) Coal transport cost escalation rate (%) Apply 10% investment cost exclusion (y/n)Water cost (\$/1000 gallons) Non-potable water cost (\$/1000 gallons) Sewer cost (\$/1000 gallons) Ash waste disposal (\$/ton) Lime cost (\$/ton) Cost of coal; distillate oil; residual oil; electricity; natural gas; (defaults Is a desuperheater required (y/n/m) Coal transport by truck, rail, both (t/r/b) Should a stock/reclaim system be included (y/n/m) Include a coal silo (y/n/m)Storage time for silo (1-7 days) Dry scrubber and lime: days of storage required (3-28 days) Include a mixed-bed for condensate polishing (y/n/m)Include a dealkalizer unit (y/n/m) Required storage for condensate storage tank (1-4 hours) Amount of water in ash waste (1-50%)

NEW PLANT WITH COGENERATION COSTING

Steam load: (1) to meet electricity load; 2) to follow heat/process load) Should non-potable water be used for cooling tower and ash conditioning (y/n/m)

THIRD PARTY COGENERATION COSTING See New Plant Costing

CONSOLIDATION COSTING

Select the type of steam system design (A) Tunnel construction; B) Direct Burial; C) Shallow trench/walkway construction; D) Above ground single stanchion construction)
Enter dimensions of steam distribution system (ft x ft; # of connections)

APPENDIX E:

CHPECON Screening Model Report

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program Page 1 File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92 ** Desc: FORT CAMPBELL * * Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection : KY - Kentucky State Location: 36d 7m - 86d 41m County Emission regulation region # 0 - State and federal only Annual heating degree days: 4166 Type of heating system : Steam Average Monthly Steam Flows (million Btu/hr) Jan Feb Mar Apr May Jun 79 98 72 . 60 39 40 Jul Aug Sep Oct Nov Dec 40 36 33 50 65 82 Calculated PMCR: 188 thousand 1b/hr steam *** manual entry Boiler technology: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection Boiler sizes (thousand lb steam/hr) : 1: 43 2: 73 4: 73 3: 73 Coalfield state : IN - Indiana Coal code: W193122 desc: MS NO 2 PIT Distance from base: 140 miles Located at 38d 05m 34s - 87d 15m 44s Cmmt: Proximate Analysis Ultimate Analysis Rank : Bituminous Carbon : 71.40 % Hydrogen: 5.00 % 8.60 % Moisture : Sulfur 2.80 % Volatiles : 37.60 % dry Fixed Carbon : 52.10 % dry : 9.10 % Oxygen Nitrogen : 1.40 % 10.30 % dry Ash Ash : 10.30 % 0.0 Hrdgrv Grind : Free Swell : 4.0 Hemisph Temp: 2327 deg F Heating Value (dry): 12830 Btu/lb

```
Coal Fired Boiler Evaluation Program
                                                                 Page 2
**
                      Type: New plant (NP)
    File: F1
                                                               09/21/92
    Desc: FORT CAMPBELL
    Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
       ************ Boiler Performance @ PMCR **********
Heat input: 253 million Btu/hr
Coal input :
             9.9 tons/hr (dry)
             10.8 tons/hr (incl moisture)
              5 %
Blowdown
Temperature out of stack: 220 deg F
Gas flow from stack : 88017
Steam pressure : 150 psig
Steam temperature : 367 deg F
Condensate return temp : 150 deg F
                             88017 cubic feet/min
                                           enthalpy : 1195.6 Btu/1b
                                           enthalpy : 118.8 Btu/lb
Makeup water temperature: 50 deg F
                                           enthalpy : 18.1 Btu/lb
Inlet water temperature : 97 deg F
                                           enthalpy : 65.2 Btu/lb
147.97 lb/hr, NOx emissions (out stack)
    110.36 lb/hr, SOx emissions (out stack)
   2032.10 lb/hr, particulate emissions (from boiler)
   1625.68 lb/hr, particulate emissions (after settling chamber)
    243.85 lb/hr, particulate emissions (after mechanical collector)
     36.58 lb/hr, particulate emissions (after dry scrubber)
      0.18 lb/hr, particulate emissions (after baghouse - out stack)
Ash collected by emis equip @ pmcr: 24.4 tons/day
Total ash output @ pmcr: 24.4 tons/day
   ********* PMCR ******* Area and Water Requirements @ PMCR ********
                                                               50 %
                                    Condensate Return : 50 %
Boiler house leakage : 2 %
Water requirements : 250 gpm (est)
Building size: 12267 sq ft
Plant area : 1.73 acres
Plant height : 69 ft
                                    Railway track length: 672 ft
                 173 ft
Stack height :
Sewer dischrg: 50 gpm (est)
                                     Lime needed : 2145 lb/hr
Multiple coal piles for storage
         Long term : 90 days long term storage, on 3.06 acres
                         3 days short term storage, on 0.21 acres
          Short term :
Total storage area (long + short + others): 4.27 acres
Pond size: 0.37 acres
Car thawing shed required: No
```

** File: 1	* File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92 ** * Desc: FORT CAMPBELL **					
********* Emission Regulation Evaluation @ PMCR *************						
This plant property NOx:	passed all emission 147.97	151.87	ons Regulation of: US [lb/hr] = 0.6 * input [10^6 Btu/hr]			
Part:	0.18		Regulation of: US [lb/hr] = 0.05 * input [10^6 Btu/hr]			
SOx:	110.36		Regulation of: US [lb/hr] = 1.2 * input [10^6 Btu/hr]			
SOx:	90.01	90.00 reduction	Regulation of: US = 90 %			
NOx:	147.97		Regulation of: KY [lb/hr] = 0.7 * input [10^6 Btu/hr]			
Part:	0.18		Regulation of: KY [lb/hr] = 0.1 * input [10^6 Btu/hr]			

** Coal Fired Boiler Evaluation Program Page 4

** File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92

** Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Rail transport available: Yes Highway transport available: Yes No problems with transportation. Score: 10

Location of ash disposal site: landfill near base
Ash disposal can be a problem. Further investigation should verify
ash disposal possibilities.
Score: 5

Local sewer system available: Maybe
Local sewage facilities may not be available. Therefore, it
may be difficult to dispose of boiler water.
Score: 5

Coal/ash transport feasible: Maybe
Transportation of coal and/or ash might impose problems.
Score: 5

Local community resistant to plant: Maybe
The impact of community resistance might impose problems.
Score: 5

City water available: Maybe
Additional efforts and costs may be required to establish a water
supply which are not considered in the detailed evaluation
section of this program.
Score: 5

New electrical substation required: Maybe
Additional effort and expense may be required to construct
a new substation.
Score: 2

Lime available: Maybe
Lime is required in the dry scrubbers for the stokers. Therefore, a more
thorough investigation on the availability of a lime supply should be
performed before considering a detailed plant evaluation or another
combustion technology or fuel type should be considered.

Score: 5

Steam distribution system routing is medium

It may be difficult to incorporate the existing distribution system into the new plant. Additional costs may be required heavily modify the existing distribution system. These costs are not considered in the new plant detailed evaluation section of this program.

Score: 2

** Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program Page 5 **

** File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92 **

** Desc: FORT CAMPBELL **

** Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Condition of system is fair
Additional costs may be required to install a new distribution system.
These costs are not considered in the detailed evaluation program.
Score: 3

Boiler technology rating: 10

Feasibility score: 57/95 = 60%

APPENDIX F:

CHPECON Costing Model Report (Long Form)

09/21/92 File: F1 Type: New plant (NP)

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Base Information -

State: KY - Kentucky Base DOE Region: 3 State: KY - Kentucky Base DOE Region: PMCR: 188,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 4

Steam Properties: 150 psi (1195.6 Btu/lb)
Inlet water temp: 97 deg F enthalpy: enthalpy: 65.2 Btu/lb

Coalfield:

desc: MS NO 2 PIT Coal code: W193122

Distance from base: 140 miles State: IN - Indiana

(properties on a dry basis) Coal type: bituminous

type: bituminous (properties on a dry basis) hhv: 12830 Btu/lb fixed carbon: 52.10% volatiles: 37.60%

ash: 10.30% sulfur: 2.80%

Coalfield DOE Region: 2

Boiler Design Parameters

A desuperheater IS required A stock/reclaim system SHOULD BE included

A coal silo IS needed

Storage required for coal silo: 3 days

Selected method for coal transport is by BOTH RAIL AND TRUCK

Ash silo diameter: 20 feet

Number of ash silos: 1

Required lime storage: 14 days

A mixed bed for condensate polishing IS REQUIRED

A dealkalizer unit IS INCLUDED

Storage required for the condensate storage tank: 1 hours

Fraction of water in the ash waste generated: 10 %

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis Page 2 09/21/92 File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) Desc: FORT CAMPBELL Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection Plant Design Parameters --- Space Requirements Approx. building width: 66 feet Approx. building length: 185 feet Air compressor flow rate: 219 cfm Diesel generator capacity: 500 kW Fuel storage area: 4.27 acres Coal pile runoff pond area: 0.37 acres Height of the plant: 69 ft Building area: 12267 sq ft Plant area: 1.73 acres Plant Design Parameters --- Material Handling Specifications Coal handling equipment capacity: 100 tons/hr Coal silo storage capacity: 713 tons Fly ash pipe size: 4 inches Bottom ash pipe size: 6 inches Total ash collected: 58 tons/day Total gas flow: 294263 lbs/hr Fly ash intake: 2 tons/day Bottom ash intake: 2 lbs/hr Ash silo capacity: 231 tons Lime silo storage capacity: 397 tons Number of facility fuel oil tanks: 1 Acid and caustic storage tank volume: 13537 gallons Plant Design Parameters --- Water & Water Treatment Specifications Number of deaerators: 2 Number of resin vessels / train: 1 Number of mixed beds / train: 1 Condensate storage tank size: 11285 gallons Water storage tank size: 189580 gallons Number of water treatment trains: 2 Boiler 1: 1 motor-driven feedwater pump -- 83 gpm Boiler 1: 1 turbine-driven feedwater pump -- 83 gpm Boiler 2: 1 motor-driven feedwater pump -- 141 gpm Boiler 2: 1 turbine-driven feedwater pump -- 141 gpm Boiler 3: 1 motor-driven feedwater pump -- 141 gpm Boiler 3: 1 turbine-driven feedwater pump -- 141 gpm Boiler 4: 1 motor-driven feedwater pump -- 141 gpm Boiler 4: 1 turbine-driven feedwater pump -- 141 gpm Annual dry scrubber water use: 1,771,215 gallons Annual personnel water use: 236,250 gallons

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis
                                                                        Page 3
File: F1
                                                                       09/21/92
                   Type: New plant (NP)
Desc: FORT CAMPBELL
 Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
   Facility Capital Costs
 Boiler capital costs: $ 10,335,163
   Boiler #1 ( 43 k-lb stm/hr) cost: $ 2,118,713
   Boiler #2 ( 73 k-lb stm/hr) cost: $ 2,735,878
   Boiler #3 ( 73 k-lb stm/hr) cost: $ 2,735,878
   Boiler #4 ( 73 k-1b stm/hr) cost: $ 2,735,878
   Desuperheater cost: $ 8,815
 Coal Handling Capital Costs: $ 4,746,004
   Rail/truck receiving cost: $ 2,192,748
   Car dumper installed cost: $ 2,487,083
   Coal pond cost: $ 21,311
   Coal silo cost: $ 44,860
 Ash handling system capital costs: $ 527,457
   Ash piping system cost: $87,583
   Air operated branch line gate cost: $ 12,125
   Air operated fly ash intake cost: $ 74,046
   Mechanical exhauster cost: $ 111,506
   Manual bottom ash intake cost: $ 4,407
   Receiver cost: $ 44,073
   Mixer and unloader cost: $ 155,151
   Control cost: $ 38,563
 Mechanical Collector Capital Costs: $ 142,214
   cost of collector #1: $30,910
   cost of collector #2 : $ 37,101
   cost of collector #3 : $ 37,101
   cost of collector #4: $ 37,101
 Dry scrubber and lime system capital costs: $ 1,960,918
   cost of dry scrb/lime sys #1 : $ 339,770
           dry scrb/lime sys #2 : $ 339,770
   cost of
           dry scrb/lime sys #3 : $ 339,770
   cost of
   cost of dry scrb/lime sys #4 : $ 339,770
   Lime silo equipment cost: $ 262,068
 Baghouse and ID fan capital costs: $ 1,804,867
   Cost of baghouse #1 : $ 366,276
   Cost of ID fan #1: $ 22,936
   Cost of baghouse #2 : $ 445,003
   Cost of ID fan #2: $ 26,880
   Cost of baghouse #3 : $ 445,003
   Cost of ID fan #3: $ 26,880
   Cost of baghouse #4 : $ 445,003
   Cost of ID fan #4: $ 26,880
 Boiler Water Treatment System Capital Costs: $ 707,707
   Cost of zeolite softeners: $ 48,963
   Cost of dealkalizers: $ 319,551
```

Page 4

File: F1 Type: New plant (NP)

09/21/92

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Facility Capital Costs, cont

Cost of mixed bed for condensate polishing: \$ 226,253

Cost of chemical injection skid: \$ 22,037

Cost of water lab: \$ 22,037 Cost of 2 deaerators: \$ 68,863

Tank Capital Costs: \$ 445,201

Pump Capital Costs: \$ 171,721

Air compressor capital costs: \$ 60,277

Waste Water Treatment System Capital Costs: \$ 70,911

Sanitary system cost: \$ 37,243 Pond neutralization cost: \$ 9,923 Storm sewer system cost: \$ 23,743

Piping and Stack System Capital Costs: \$ 2,512,048

Water/steam piping cost: \$ 1,035,770 Facility stack cost: \$ 1,476,277

Instrumentation Capital Costs: \$ 881,507

Cost of heating/cogen control system: \$ 220,376

Cost of emission monitors: \$ 661,130

Electrical System Capital Cost: \$ 1,045,298

Cost of backup diesel generation system: \$ 56,802

Cost of substations: \$ 929,328

Spare Parts, Tools and Mobile Equipment Capital Costs: \$ 1,357,713
spare parts basis = equipment cost (unescalated): \$ 23,061,686

Building and service capital costs: \$ 5,273,923

Building costs: \$ 4,430,133 Elevator costs: \$ 165,282

Miscellaneous building costs: \$ 343,683

Site development / improvement costs: \$ 231,312 Cost of fuel storage area development: \$ 103,510

Page 5

File: F1

Type: New plant (NP)

09/21/92

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash rein_ection

Facility Installation Costs

Boiler Installation costs: \$ 2,721,259

Direct labor cost: \$ 727,889 Indirect cost: \$ 545,917 Freight cost: \$ 206,703

Bulk material cost: \$ 1,240,748

Coal Handling Installation Costs: \$ 1,373,625

Direct labor cost \$ 323,888 Indirect cost \$ 242,916 Freight cost \$ 94,920 Bulk material cost \$ 711,900

Ash Handling Installation Costs: \$ 2,602,879

Direct labor cost: \$ 1,345,699 Indirect cost: \$ 1,009,274 Freight cost: \$ 10,549 Bulk material cost: \$ 237,356

Mechanical Collector Installation Costs: \$ 30,858

Direct labor cost: \$ 11,945 Indirect cost: \$ 8,958 Freight cost: \$ 2844

Bulk material cost: \$ 7,110

Dry Scrubber and Lime System Installation Costs: \$1,514,550

Direct labor cost: \$ 427,783 Indirect cost: \$ 320,837 Freight cost: \$ 39,218

Bulk material cost: \$ 726,712

Baghouse and ID Fan Installation Costs: \$ 985,474

Direct labor cost: \$ 259,641 Indirect cost: \$ 194,730 Freight cost: \$ 36,097

Bulk material cost: \$ 495,004

Boiler Water Treatment System Installation Costs: \$ 434,554

Direct labor cost: \$ 116,378 Indirect cost: \$ 87,283 Freight cost: \$ 14,154

Bulk material cost: \$ 216,738

Tank Installation Costs: \$ 287,801

Direct labor cost: \$ 113,164

Indirect cost: \$ 84,873 Freight cost: \$ 8,904

Bulk material cost: \$ 80,858

Pump installation costs: \$82,902

Page 6

09/21/92

File: F1 Type: New plant (NP)

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL
Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Facility Installation Costs, cont

Direct labor cost: \$ 24,471 Indirect cost: \$ 18,353 Freight cost: \$ 3,434

Bulk material cost: \$ 36,643

Air Compressor Installation Costs: \$ 31,273

Direct labor cost: \$ 5,126 Indirect cost: \$ 3,844 Freight cost: \$ 1,205

Bulk material cost: \$ 21,097

Waste Water Treatment System Installation Costs: \$ 60,089

Direct labor cost: \$ 25,655 Indirect cost: \$ 19,241 Freight cost: \$ 1,418

Bulk material cost: \$ 13,773

Piping and Stack System Installation Costs: \$ 2,225,710

Direct labor cost: \$ 879,704 Indirect cost: \$ 659,778 Freight cost: \$ 50,240

Bulk material cost: \$ 635,987

Instrumentation Installation Costs: \$ 613,291

Direct labor cost: \$ 101,111 Indirect cost: \$ 75,833 Freight cost: \$ 17,630

Bulk material cost: \$ 418,715

Electrical System Installation Costs: \$ 800,435

Direct labor cost: \$ 254,377 Indirect cost: \$ 190,782 Freight cost: \$ 20,905

Bulk material cost: \$ 334,369

Spare Parts, Tools, Mobile Equipment Installation Costs: \$ 27,154

Freight cost: \$ 27,154

Building Costs: \$ 1,287,398 Direct labor cost: \$ 106,810 Indirect cost: \$ 80,107

Freight cost: \$ 103,408

Bulk material cost: \$ 997,072

File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Direct Costs

Direct costs: \$ 14,328,324

Permit development cost: \$ 807,736

Engineering cost: \$ 3,845,152

Construction management cost: \$ 2,243,005 Construction contigency cost: \$ 4,806,440

Owners management cost: \$ 2,336,329

Startup cost: \$ 289,660

Installed Capital Equipment Cost Summary

Total Capital Costs: \$ 32,042,935 Total Direct labor cost: \$ 4,723,647

Total Indirect cost: \$ 3,542,735

Total Freight cost: \$ 638,788

Total Bulk material cost: \$ 6,174,089 Total Direct costs: \$ 14,328,324

Plant installed cost: \$ 61,450,519

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis Page 8 File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92 Desc: FORT CAMPBELL Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection Facility Operating Labor Requirements Operation personnel requirements plant manager: 1 plant engineer: 1 plant technician: 1

plant clerk: 1 plant secretary: 1 plant janitor: 1

operations operator: 6

operations assistant operator: 3

operations laborer: 2

fuel storage operator equipment: 1 fuel storage assistant operator: 1 fuel storage laborer: 2

maintenance a mechanic: 3 maintenance a electrician: 2 maintenance laborer: 1

Operating staff: 27

Annual Labor Costs: \$ 1,185,309

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis Page 9 File: F1 09/21/92 Type: New plant (NP) Desc: FORT CAMPBELL Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection Yearly O & M Costs Summary Annual boiler maintenance costs: \$ 87,848 Annual spare parts costs (first year): \$ 84,101 Annual spare parts costs (after first year): \$ 476,573 Annual mobile equipment maintenance costs: \$ 31,469 Annual facility consumables costs: \$ 39,247 Annual O & M (materials/supplies) costs: \$ 526,167 Annual diesel/distillate fuel usage: 16,752 gallons Annual electricity usage: 3,722,308 kW-hr Annual lime cost: \$ 230,257 Annual condensate make-up water cost: \$ 90,663 Annual blowdown make-up water cost: \$ 9,066 Annual dry scrubber water cost: \$ 5,313 Annual ash conditioning water cost: \$ 217 Annual facility washdown water cost: \$ 2,340 Annual condensate polisher water cost: \$ 3,812 Annual zeolite softener water cost: \$ 2,897 Annual personnel water cost: \$ 708 Annual chemicals cost: \$ 2,997 Annual sanitary sewer cost: \$ 3,790 Annual ash disposal cost: \$ 151,577 Annual miscellaneous maintenance costs: \$ 22,523 Annual lime usage: 2,878 tons

Study year lime cost: \$80.00/ton Study year water cost: \$3.00/100

Study year water cost: \$3.00/1000 gallon Study year ash disposal cost: \$50.00/ton

Study year coal transportation cost: 2.18 cents/ton-mile Study year cost transportation cost escalation rate: \$0.00 %

(escalation above general inflation)
1993 cost for coal: 1.530 \$/MMBtu
1993 cost for distillate: 0.633 \$/gallon
1993 cost for electricity: 0.047 \$/kW-hr

File: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Periodic Maintenance Costs Summary

Major boiler maintenance costs (every 8 years): \$ 310,054 Coal handling system maintenance costs (every 10 years): \$ 474,600 Major ash handling system maintenance costs (every 7 years): \$ 116,040 Major scrubber-lime system maintenance costs (every 5 years): \$ 101,931 Lime conveyor system maintenance costs (every 5 years): \$ 6,115 Major baghouse maintenance costs (every 3 years): \$85,064 Major baghouse maintenance costs (every 12 years): \$ 119,090 Major I.D. fan maintenance costs (every 20 years): \$ 39,360 Major water treatment system maintenance costs (every 10 years): \$ 267,645 Major deaerator maintenance costs (every 20 years): \$ 17,215 Motor-driven feedwater pumps maint costs (every 15 years): \$ 14,652 Turbine-driven feedwater pumps maint costs (every 12 years): \$ 25,919 Centrifugal pump maint costs (every 18 years): \$ 21,153 Sump pump maintenance costs (every 20 years): \$ 13,652 Major stack maintenance costs (every 20 years): \$ 14,762 Major building maintenance costs (every 20 years): \$ 664,520 Periodic EPA permit testing/renewal costs (every 3 years): \$ 30,000

Page 11 09/21/92

File: F1 Type: New plant (NP)

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Economic Data Summary

Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.102
based on Engineering News Record, Construction Cost Index: 5032.16

Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.092 based on Chemical Engineering, M & S Index, Steam Power Comp: 935.60

Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.119
based on Engineering News Record, Skilled Labor Index: 4626.82

Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.024
based on Chemical Engineering, Construction Labor Index: 271.10

Annual Facility Output: 504,528 thousand 1b steam

Steam enthalpy: 1195.6 Btu/lb Inlet enthalpy: 65.1 Btu/lb Annual Coal Usage: 26,568 tons (dry)

28,853 tons (wet)

Heating plant efficiency: 84%

Discount Rate: 4.0 %

Coal Transportation Cost: 2.18 cents/ton-mile Coal Transportation Cost Escalation: 0.00 %

Year of Study: 1993

Years of Operation: 1997 - 2021

10% Investment Cost Exclusion IS NOT applied

Page 12

Pile: F1 Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Cash Flow Summary

1996 adjusted investment: 61,450,519 existing plant salvage:

Auxiliary Non-Energy Boiler Repair and Year Fuel & Tran Energy O&M Replacement 1997 1,257,844 191,084 1,954,143 1998 1,272,650 192,961 2,346,616 1999 1,280,058 195,140 2,346,616 115,064 2000 1,302,271 199,739 2,346,616 2001 1,317,076 202,592 2,346,616 108,047 1,331,881 205,272 2,346,616 115,064 2002 2003 1,339,289 207,779 2,346,616 116,041 2004 1,361,491 210,113 2,346,616 310,055 1,383,704 213,212 2,346,616 2005 115,064 1,413,315 214,226 2,346,616 2006 850,293 216,004 1,442,936 2,346,616 2007 217,274 1,479,955 175,010 2,346,616 2008 1,502,168 218,692 2,346,616 2009 220,531 2,346,616 116,041 2010 1,524,370 2011 1,545,916 222,073 2,346,616 237,764 2012 1,567,790 223,629 2,346,616 310,055 2013 1,589,981 225,200 2,346,616 2014 226,784 136,217 1,612,511 2,346,616 2015 1,635,383 228,385 2,346,616 2,346,616 1,599,804 2016 1,658,593 229,999 231,628 231,105 2017 1,682,143 2,346,616 233,130 2018 1,706,056 2,346,616 234,647 2019 1,730,330 2,346,616 236,180 2020 1,754,968 2,346,616 485,065 2021 1,779,968 237,731 2,346,616 108,047 _ - - - - - -

2022 new plant salvage:

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis Page 13 File: Fl Type: New plant (NP) 09/21/92 Desc: FORT CAMPBELL Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection ********* Life Cycle Cost Summary + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs = \$ 54,629,288 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs = \$ 23,154,192 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs = \$ 32,254,253 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement = \$ 2,537,619 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility 0 Total Life Cycle Cost (1993) **=** \$ 112,575,353

Levelized Cost of Service (1997 start) = 13.975 \$/MMBtu Levelized Cost of Service (1997 start) = 16.709 \$/1000 lb steam

APPENDIX G:

CHPECON Costing Model Report (Short Form)

Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis Page 1 09/21/92 File: F1 Type: New plant (NP)

Desc: FORT CAMPBELL

Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection

Base and Plant Information

State: KY - Kentucky Base DOE Region: 3 PMCR: 188,000 lb/hr steam Number of boilers: 4

Distance from base: 140 miles Coal code: W193122

State: IN - Indiana DOE Region: 2

Coal type: bituminous (properties on a dry basis)

hhv: 12830 Btu/lb fixed carbon: 52.10% volatiles: 37.60%

ash: 10.30% sulfur: 2.80%

Coal handling equipment capacity: 100 tons/hr

Coal silo storage capacity: 713 tons Approx. building width: 66 feet Approx. building length: 185 feet

Height of the plant: 69 ft Building area: 12267 sq ft Plant area: 1.73 acres

Facility Parameters

Capital Equipment Escalation Factor: 1.102 (5032.16/1993) Non-Labor Operation & Maintenance Escalation Factor: 1.092 (935.60/1993)

Operation & Maintenance Labor Escalation Factor: 1.119 (4626.82/1993) Construction Labor Escalation Factor: 1.024 (271.10/1993)

Annual diesel/distillate fuel usage: 16,752 gallons

Annual electricity usage: 3,722,308 kW-hr Annual lime usage: 2,878 tons

1993 cost for coal: 1.530 \$/MMBtu

1993 cost for distillate: 0.633 \$/gallon 1993 cost for electricity: 0.047 \$/kW-hr

Annual Facility Output: 504,528 thousand 1b steam

Annual Coal Usage: 26,568 tons (dry) / 28,853 tons (wet)

Heating plant efficiency: 84%

Year of Study: 1993

Years of Operation: 1997 - 2021

Facility Installed Capital Costs **********

Equipment		Cost	Equipment	Cost	
Boiler:	\$	13,056,422	Coal Handling:	\$	6,119,630
Ash Handling:	\$	3,130,337	Mechncl Collector:	\$	173,073
Dry Scrubber/Lime:	Ś	3.475.468	Baghouse/ID Fan:	Ś	2.790.341

```
Central Heating Plant Economics Evaluation Program -- Cost Analysis
File: F1
                   Type: New plant (NP)
                                                                             09/21/92
 Desc: FORT CAMPBELL
 Tech: Dump Grate Spreader Stoker, w/ fly ash reinjection
   Facility Installed Capital Costs, cont
Water Treatment: $ 1,142,261 Pumps: $ 254,623
Air Compressor: $ 91,551 Waste Water Trtmnt: $ 131,000
Piping/Stack: $ 4,737,758 Electrical System: $ 1,845,734
Building Costs: $ 6,561,322 Direct costs: $ 14,328,324
 ****************
 Plant installed cost: $
                                 61,450,519
  **********************
    Facility Annual O & M and Energy Costs
 Operating staff: 27
 Annual Labor Costs: $ 1,185,309
 First Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 1,954,143
Annual Year Non-Labor O & M Costs : $ 2,346,616
1997 Coal Costs (incl transport) : $ 1,257,844
 1997 Auxiliary Energy Costs : $ 191,084
 **************
    Periodic Major Maintenance Cost Summary
 Time Interval Cost
                                        Time Interval Cost
 ------
                                         -----
                                      5 years $ 108,047
8 years $ 310,055
12 years $ 59,946
18 years $ 21,153
 3 years $ 115,064
7 years $ 116,041
10 years $ 742,246
15 years $ 14,653
20 years $ 749,511
    Facility Life Cycle Cost Summary
 + PV 'Adjusted' Investment Costs
                                                            = $ 54,629,288
 + PV Energy + Transportation Costs
                                                            = $ 23,154,192
 + PV Annually Recurring O&M Costs
                                                            = $ 32,254,253
                                                          = $
 + PV Non-Annually Recurring Repair & Replacement
                                                                  2,537,619
 + PV Disposal Cost of Existing System
                                                                           0
 + PV Disposal Cost of New/Retrofit Facility
                                                                            0
 Total Life Cycle Cost (1993)
                                                             = $ 112,575,353
 Levelized Cost of Service (1997 start)
Levelized Cost of Service (1997 start)
                                                       = 13.975 \$/MMBtu
                                                   = 16.709 $/1000 lb steam
```

Page 2

USACERL DISTRIBUTION

Chief of Engineers

ATTN: CEHEC-IM-LH (2) ATTN: CEHEC-IM-LP (2)

ATTN: CERD-L

CECPW 22060

ATTN: CECPW-FU-M

ATTN: Library

US Army Engr District

ATTN: Library (40)

US Army Engr Division

ATTN: Library (13)

US Army Europe

ATTN: AEAEN-ODCS 09014

US Army Materiel Command (AMC)

Alexandria, VA 22333-0001

ATTN: AMCEN-F

FORSCOM

Forts Gillem & McPherson 30330

ATTN: FCEN

Fort Belvoir 22060

ATTN: CECC-R

TRADOC

Fort Monroe 23651

ATTN: ATBO-G

USARPAC 96858

ATTN: DPW

ATTN: APEN-A

CEWES 39180

ATTN: Library

CECRL 03755

ATTN: Library

USA AMCOM 61299

ATTN: AMSMC-IR

ATTN: AMSMC-IS

Naval Facilities Engr Command

ATTN: Code 1652B 22332-2300

Naval Facilities Engr Service Center 93043

ATTN: Code 241

US Army HSC

Fort Sam Houston 78234

ATIN: HSLO-F

Fitzsimons Army Medical Ctr

ATTN: HSHG-DPW 80045

Walter Reed Army Medical Ctr 20307

National Guard Bureau 20310

ATTN: Installations Div

Tyndall AFB 32403

ATTN: HOAFCESA Program Ofc

Defense Tech Info Center 22304

ATTN: DTIC-FAB (2)

Defense Fuel Supply Center

ATTN: DFSC-PR 22314

80

11/93